

TYPE II APPLICATION - LAND USE

File #:MISC223-0001	
TYPES – PLEASE CHECK ONE: Design review Tentative Plan for Partition Tentative Plan for Subdivision	☐ Type II Major Modification ☐ Variance ☐ Other: (Explain)
APPLICANT INFORMATION:	
APPLICANT: Fatin Abdullah ADDRESS: 414 E 1st Street Newberg, OR 97132 EMAIL ADDRESS: fatin.abdullah@newbergoregon.go PHONE: 503-554-7786 MOBILE: OWNER (if different from above): Clare Sunderland ADDRESS: YOUNG WYNOOSKI St. Newledge St. Newledge St. Newledge St. St. Street, Newberg, OR 97132	FAX: N/A PHONE: 503-538-5590
PROJECT NAME: Wynooski Stormwater Outfall PROJECT DESCRIPTION/USE: Wynooski Stormwater Out MAP/TAX LOT NO. (i.e.3200AB-400): R3220CA 00700 COMP PLAN DESIGNATION: MDR/Stream Corridor CURRENT USE: Residential	PROJECT LOCATION: 730/740 Wynooski Street Ifall Replacement PROJECT VALUATION: \$335,000 ZONE: R-2 SITE SIZE: 0.3 ac SQ. FT. TOPOGRAPHY: Varies - Drainage to Stream Corridor
SURROUNDING USES: NORTH: Residential EAST: Public-Quasi Public	south: Residential west: Residential
SPECIFIC PROJECT CRITERIA AND REQUIREMENTS ARE	
General Checklist: Fees Public Notice Information Curre	
Design Review Partition Tentative Plat Subdivision Tentative Plat	ia response, and number of copies per application type, turn to:p. 12p. 14p. 17p. 20
Applicant Signature Date Fatin Abdullah	Clare Sunderland 2-16-23 Owner Signature Date Clare Sunderland
Print Name	Print Name



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ADDRESS: 414 E 1st Street Newberg, OR 97132	
EMAIL ADDRESS: fatin.abdullah@newbergoregon.g	OV N/A
PHONE: 503-554-7786 MOBILE:	FAX: N/A
OWNER (if different from above): JIM WHEATON ADDRESS: 740 Wynooski St. New	PHONE: 503-860-4762
ADDRESS: 740 Wynooski St. New ENGINEER/SURVEYOR: Andrey Chernishove, HBH E ADDRESS: 501 E 1st Street, Newberg, OR 97132	Engineering PHONE: 503-554-9553
GENERAL INFORMATION:	
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SPECIFIC PROJECT CRITERIA AND REQUIREMENTS ARE	
General Checklist: Fees Public Notice Information Curr	rent Title Report Written Criteria Response Vowner Signature
For detailed checklists, applicable criteria for the written crite	eria response, and number of copies per application type, turn to:
Partition Tentative PlatSubdivision Tentative Plat	p. 12 p. 14 p. 17 p. 20
The above statements and information herein contained are in all plans must substantially conform to all standards, regulations, and application or submit letters of consent. Incomplete or missing info	respects true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Tentative of procedures officially adopted by the City of Newberg. All owners must sign the sign the approval process.
02/02/2023	3/12/23
Applicant Signature Date	Owner Signature Date
Fatin Abdullah	SIM WHEATON
Print Name	Print Name

Wynooski Stormwater Outfall Project

Stream Corridor Overlay Land-Use Application 03/15/2023

Project Description

The City of Newberg Engineering Division is seeking development approval to reconstruct an existing stormwater outfall located near 730 and 740 S Wynooski Street. This project was identified in the City's Capital Improvement Project (CIP) list in 2018 due to erosion from an existing stormwater outfall that was identified during routine maintenance activities. The existing outfall and associated erosion was beginning to show impacts to an existing residential home foundation just north of the outfall.

The City's goal with this project was to reduce erosion into Hess Creek, stabilize the slope to avoid private property impacts, enhance the natural qualities of the impacted area, and improve the existing stormwater outfall in a way that reduces the overall facility maintenance.

This project will move the existing outfall further down the drainage channel near the bottom of the sloped hillside and install a correctly sized riprap flow dissipater to eliminate erosion and sedimentation from entering Hess Creek. Work within the Stream Corridor Overlay will include removal of the existing failed stormwater dissipater, installation of new stormwater pipe via an open trench, installation of a riprap flow dissipater, and native plant restoration work following construction.

Due to the scope of this project work, a Joint Permit Application (JPA) was applied for due to design impacts to both the existing wetland and stream channel in the drainage. The City applied for JPA Permit on February 3, 2023.

Wynooski Street is classified as a Major Collector and is under the jurisdictional authority of Yamhill County within the project area boundary. Temporary traffic control will be needed along S Wynooski Street to make the necessary stormwater connections via a catch basin and manhole within the S Wynooski Street right-of-way, and the project team plans to obtain a right-of-way access permit from Yamhill County to complete the work.

The final design of the project was completed in December 2022 and the project is scheduled to go out to bid in February/March 2023. Construction will be required to take place according to the JPA permit during the in-water work period between July, 2023 and September, 2023.

Conformance with City of Newberg Development Code

Stream Corridor (SC) Overlay Subdistrict

15.342.070 Activities requiring a Type II process.

The installation, construction or relocation of the following improvements shall be processed as a Type II decision. The proposal shall be accompanied by a plan as identified in NMC <u>15.342.080</u> and conform to the mitigation standards contained in NMC <u>15.342.090</u>.

A. Public or <u>private street</u> crossings, <u>sidewalks</u>, pathways, and other transportation improvements that generally cross the <u>stream corridor</u> in a perpendicular manner.

Response: This criteria does not apply.

B. Bridges and other transportation improvements that bridge the wetland area.

Response: This criteria does not apply.

C. Railroad trackage crossings over the SC overlay subdistrict that bridge the wetland area.

Response: This criteria does not apply.

D. Water, wastewater, and stormwater systems already listed within approved <u>City</u> of Newberg master infrastructure plans.

Response: In the Pre-Application Summary Meeting Notes dated 4/10/2020, the City indicated that this land-use application would be processed under 15.342.070(D). This project would fall under the City's 2014 Stormwater Master Plan Project A-1 Stream Bank Protection Projects, and in 2018 the project was included in the City's Capital Improvement Project list.

- E. New single-family residences which meet all of the following requirements:
- 1. The <u>lot</u> was created prior to December 4, 1996, is currently vacant, has at least 75 percent of the land area located within the SC overlay subdistrict and has less than 5,000 square feet of buildable land located outside the SC overlay subdistrict.
- 2. No more than one single-family house and its expansion is permitted on the property, which shall occupy a coverage area not to exceed 1,500 square feet in area.
- 3. The single-family <u>structure</u> shall be sited in a location which minimizes the impacts to the <u>stream</u> corridor.
- 4. The improvements and other work are not located within the 100-year flood boundary.

Response: This criteria does not apply.

- F. Reduced <u>front yard</u> setback. Properties within the SC subdistrict may reduce the <u>front yard</u> setback for single-family residences or additions where the following requirements are met:
- 1. The reduction in the <u>front yard</u> setback will allow no less than five feet between the property line and the proposed <u>structure</u>.

- 2. The reduction in the setback will allow the footprint of the proposed <u>structure</u> or addition to be located entirely out of the SC overlay subdistrict.
- 3. Two 20-foot-deep off-street <u>parking spaces</u> can be provided which do not project into the <u>street</u> right-of-way.
- 4. Maximum coverage within the stream corridor subdistrict shall not exceed 1,500 square feet.

Response: This criteria does not apply.

G. Temporary construction <u>access</u> associated with authorized Type II <u>uses</u>. The disturbed area associated with temporary construction <u>access</u> shall be restored pursuant to NMC <u>15.342.090</u>.

Response: This criteria does not apply.

H. Grading and fill for recreational <u>uses</u> and activities, which shall include revegetation, and which do not involve the construction of <u>structures</u> or impervious surfaces.

Response: This criteria does not apply.

I. Public parks.

Response: This criteria does not apply.

J. <u>Stream corridor</u> enhancement activities which are reasonably expected to enhance <u>stream corridor</u> resource values and generally follow the restoration standards in NMC <u>15.342.060</u>. [Ord. <u>2451</u>, 12-2-96. Code 2001 § 151.471.]

Response: This criteria does not apply.

15.342.080 Plan submittal requirements for Type II activities.

In addition to the design review plan submittal requirements, all <u>applicants</u> for Type II activities within the SC overlay subdistrict shall submit the following information:

- A. A site plan indicating all the following existing conditions:
- 1. Location of the boundaries of the SC overlay subdistrict.

Response: The Stream Corridor Overlay Subdistrict Boundary can be found on Plan Sheets No. 1 through 8.

2. Outline of any existing features including, but not limited to, <u>structures</u>, decks, areas previously disturbed, and existing utility locations.

Response: Existing site conditions including structures, areas previously disturbed, and existing utility locations can be found on Plan Sheets No. 2.through 4

3. Location of any wetlands or water bodies on the site and the location of the <u>stream</u> centerline and top of bank.

Response: Existing can be found on Plan Sheets No. 1 through 8.

4. Within the area to be disturbed, the approximate location of all trees that are more than six inches in diameter at breast height must be shown, with size and species. Trees outside the disturbed area may be individually shown or shown as crown cover with an indication of species type or types.

Response: The Stream Corridor Mitigation Plan on Plan Sheet No. 2 and 3 shows the requested information.

5. Topography shown by contour lines at five-foot vertical intervals or less.

Response: Topography lines are shown on Plan Sheet No. 1 through 8.

6. Photographs of the site may be used to supplement the above information but are not required.

Response: Some project photos are included on Plan Sheet No. 2.

- B. Proposed <u>development plan</u> including all of the following:
- 1. Outline of disturbed area including all areas of proposed utility work.

Response: The project boundary showing disturbed areas including proposed utility work are shown throughout the plan set.

2. Location and description of all proposed erosion control devices.

Response: An Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan and associated narrative via sheet notes are shown on Plan Sheet No. 7.

3. A <u>landscape</u> plan prepared by a <u>landscape</u> architect, or other qualified design professional, shall be prepared which indicates the size, species, and location of all new vegetation to be planted. [Ord. <u>2451</u>, 12-2-96. Code 2001 § 151.472.]

Response: A Stream Corridor Mitigation Plan is located on Plan Sheet No. L1 and L2 and were prepared by a landscape architect (Otten & Associates, LLC).

15.342.090 Mitigation requirements for Type II activities.

The following mitigation requirements apply to Type II activities. The plans required pursuant to NMC <u>15.342.080</u> shall be submitted indicating the following mitigation requirements will be met.

A. Disturbed areas, other than authorized improvements, shall be regarded and contoured to appear natural. All fill material shall be native soil. Native soil may include soil associations commonly found within the vicinity, as identified from USDA Soil Conservation Service, Soil Survey of Yamhill Area, Oregon.

Response: As shown in the plans, the site is being regarded and contoured to appear natural. Engineered fill material will be placed based on the recommendations from the Geotechnical Report dated November 20, 2019 (see Appendix) to stabilize existing slopes.

- B. Replanting shall be required using a combination of trees, shrubs and grass. Species shall be selected from the Newberg native plant list. Planting shall be as follows:
- 1. At least eight species of plants shall be used.

Response: The Stream Corridor Mitigation Plan uses at least eight species of plants including grasses. See Plan Sheet No. 8.

2. At least two species must be trees and two species must be shrubs.

Response: The Stream Corridor Mitigation Plan includes three types of trees and four types of shrubs. See Plan Sheet No. 8.

3. No more than 50 percent of any seed mix used can be grass.

Response: The seed mixture can be found on Plan Sheet 8 and meets the requirement as stated.

4. A minimum of one tree and three shrubs shall be used for every 500 square feet of planting area.

Response: The total disturbed area is 12,917 square feet. Required shrubs 3 for every 500 square feet; 67 shrubs have been provided.

5. Areas to be replanted must be completed at the time of final inspection or completion of the work, except as otherwise allowed by this <u>code</u>.

Response: The applicant acknowledges this criteria and will complete replanting before calling in a final inspection or determining the work is complete.

6. Existing vegetation that can be saved and replanted is encouraged, although not required.

Response: Plan Sheet No. L1 shows the protection of some existing plant material, but no plant material is being proposed for saving and replanting purposes.

- C. Removed trees over six inches in diameter, as measured at breast height, shall be replaced as follows:
- 1. Trees from six to 18 inches in diameter shall be replaced with a minimum of three new trees for every tree removed.

Response: Plan Sheets No. 2 and 3 can be used to see existing tree diameters and trees to be removed as part of the demolition plan. Four 6-inch trees and one 8-inch tree are being removed as part of the project grading and will be replaced with fifteen new trees. Per discussion with Doug Rux, Community Development Director, on March 10, 2020 it was determined that the cluster of hawthorn trees as noted in the existing conditions would be treated as one tree per each cluster.

2. Trees over 18 inches but less than 30 inches shall be replaced with a minimum of five trees for every tree removed.

Response: Plan Sheets No. 2 and 3 can be used to see existing tree diameters and trees to be removed as part of the demolition plan. There are no existing trees to be removed which are over 18-inches but less than 30-inches. This criteria does not apply.

3. Trees over 30 inches shall be replaced with a minimum of eight trees for every tree removed.

Response: Plan Sheets No. 2 and 3 can be used to see existing tree diameters and trees to be removed as part of the demolition plan. One 36-inch Douglas Fir tree was identified in the survey as dead. This tree will be removed as part of this project and per discussion with Doug Rux, Community Development Director, on March 10, 2020 it was determined that mitigation for this tree was not required since the tree was dead.

4. All trees replaced pursuant to this section shall have an average caliper measurement of a minimum of one inch. Additional trees of any size caliper may be used to further enhance the mitigation site.

Response: Plan Sheet No. 8 shows new trees having a 1-inch caliper or equivalent tree height specification.

D. All disturbed areas, other than authorized improvements, shall be replanted to achieve 90 percent cover in one year. The <u>director</u> may require a bond or other form of security instrument to insure completion of the restoration plan. The <u>director</u> shall authorize the release of the bond or other security instrument when, after one year, the restoration site has achieved the purposes and standards of this section.

Response: Plan Sheet No. 88 provides for the Stream Corridor Mitigation Plan. The project area as shown will be replaced to achieve 90 percent coverage in one year. The applicant is prepared to bond for plant material if required by the City of Newberg.

E. All disturbed areas shall be protected with erosion control devices prior to construction activity. The erosion control devices shall remain in place until 90 percent cover is achieved.

Response: Plan Sheet No. 7 provides for an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan. Erosion control devices will remain in place until 90 percent cover is achieved.

F. Except as provided below, all restoration work must occur within the SC overlay subdistrict and be on the same property. The <u>director</u> may authorize work to be performed on properties within the general vicinity or adjacent to the overlay subdistrict; provided, that the <u>applicant</u> demonstrates that this will provide greater overall benefit to the <u>stream corridor</u> areas. [Ord. <u>2451</u>, 12-2-96. Code 2001 § 151.473.]

Response: All restoration work is proposed within the Stream Corridor Overlay Subdistrict on the respective impacted properties.

Appendix

JPA Permit Draft

Plan Set(including planting plan)updated plan sheets from HBH.

Geotechnical ReportHydraulics Report (HBH)

Wetland Delineation Report (Pacific Habitat)

Draft Mailed Notice – Completed Draft 02/06/2023.

Draft Posting – Completed Draft 02/06/2023.

Copy of IDP from Pacific Habitat (not in appendix, but needed to have a copy on hand for construction)

Title Report

Joint Permit Application

This is a joint application, and must be sent to both agencies, who administer separate permit programs. Alternative forms of permit applications may be acceptable; contact the Corps and DSL for more information.



DATE STAMP



Army Corns of



Oregon **Department of State Lands**



Oregon **Department of Environmental** Quality

'wY	U.S. Army Corps of
i à ti.	Engineers
	Portland District

NWP-2020-097 Action ID Number

DSL Number 62490-RF

(1) TYPE OF PERMIT(S) IF KNOWN (check all that apply)									
Corps: ☐ Individual ☐ Nationwide No.: 3 ☐ Regional General ☐ Other (Specify)									
DSL: ☐ Individual ☐ GP Trans ☐ GP Min Wet ☐ GP Maint Dredge ☐ GP Ocean Energy ☐ No Permit ☐ Waiver									
(2) APPLICANT	AND LANDOW	NER CONTAC	T INFC	RMATION					
	Applicant		Prop	perty Owner (if different)	Authorized Agent (if applicable) Consultant Contractor				
Name (Required) Business Name Mailing Address 1 Mailing Address 2 City, State, Zip Fatin Abdullah, Engineering Project C City of Newberg 414 E. First St Newberg, OR 97132		oject Coordinator g	Newberg, OR 97132 James Wheaton		Carlee Michelson Pacific Habitat Services 9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070				
Business Phone Cell Phone Fax Email	newbergoregon.go		8,	(503) 570-0800 cm@pacifichabitat.com					
(3) PROJECT IN	FORMATION		<u>-</u>						
A. Provide the pro	ject location								
Wynooski Str	eet Storm Projec	ct / Outfall Desi	ign		Latitude & Longitude* 45.2939, -122.9619				
Project Address / Lo	ocation	City (nea	arest)		County				
740 Wynooski Stree	et	Newberg	3		Yamhill				
Township	Range	Sectio	n	Quarter/Quarter	Tax Lot				
3 South	2 West	20AC	2	NE 1/4 SW1/4	802 (portion)				
3 South	2 West	20AC	;	NE 1/4 SW1/4	700 (portion)				
3 South	2 West	20AC	,	NE 1/4 SW1/4	Wynooski Street ROW				
3 South	2 West	20AC		NE 1/4 SW1/4	803 (portion)				
Brief Directions to the	ne Site:								
From HWY 219 S within Newberg, turn W onto NE Wynooski Rd. Drive 1 mile and arrive at 740 Wynooski Street.									
			-	ur project area? (Chec	<u> </u>				
⊠ River / Stream	⊠ No	n-Tidal	Wetland	Lake / Reservoir / Pond					
☐ Estuary or Tida	al Wetland	☐ Otl	her:		☐ Pacific Ocean				
Waterbody or We Channel 1, Wetlan		River Mile		HUC Name reek-Willamette River	6 th Field HUC (12 digits) 170900070307				

1

^{*} In decimal format (e.g., 44.9399, -123.0283)

^{**} If there is no official name for the wetland or waterbody, create a unique name (such as "Wetland 1" or "Tributary A").

C. Indicate the project category. (check all that apply.)						
☐ Commercial Development	☐ Industrial Development	Residential Development				
☐ Institutional Development	☐ Agricultural	Recreational				
☐ Transportation	Restoration	☐ Bridge				
☐ Dredging	□ Utility lines	☐ Survey or Sampling				
☐ In- or Over-Water Structure ☐ Maintenance ☐ Other: Outfall repair						
(4) PROJECT DESCRIPTION						

A. Summarize the overall project, including work in areas both in and outside of waters or wetlands.

This project was previously permitted in 2020 under NWP2020-097. The applicant was unable to initiate the project and has now updated the site plan for resubmittal. No changes are proposed to the original wetland/waters impacts on site, but the upland area near Wynooski Street has a slightly different grading plan due to an adjacent landowner request. No changes to previous mitigation methods are proposed. The applicant has an active permit with the Department of State Lands (#62490-RF) that was renewed in July 2022.

The project area is approximately 0.36 acres and located east of Wynooski Street, approximately 0.5 miles south of Highway 99 in Newberg (Figures F1-F4; all figures are in Attachment 1). The proposed project includes making necessary repairs and updates to an existing stormwater culvert outfall within the project area. The existing outfall pipe has separated joints and has begun to deteriorate, which has contributed to erosion along adjacent slopes between residential properties on the northeastern side of Channel 1. As existing wetlands and Channel 1 extend to Hess Creek (off-site) from the existing outfall location, impacts will be necessary to provide ground surface stability and stormwater improvements. Hess Creek is located approximately 20 feet east of the study area and flows into the Willamette River approximately 2 river miles southeast of the site.

The improvements include a new 15-inch storm pipe connecting to existing City stormwater conveyances along Wynooski Street, which will bypass the old outfall location and convey flow underground to a new outfall location downslope within Wetland A. The proposed outfall location will require a rip rap dissipater to distribute flow evenly into Wetland A and reduce the potential for erosion and sedimentation (Figures F5, F5A, F6, F6A and F7A, F7B). The project will require total impact to Channel 1 due to the new storm pipe, and partial permanent impact to Wetland A from the rip rap dissipater. A new path will cross an upland area and connect to an existing path on site.

Stormwater: No changes in stormwater quantity or quality are proposed and according to the City of Newberg's Stormwater Management Guidelines, will comply with the Standard Local Operating Procedures for Endangered Species (SLOPES V) by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps), 2015*. The Stormwater Plan (Figure F5) has been designed to adhere to the City of Newberg's Stormwater Management Guidelines†, which requires control standards based on 24-hour storm events ranging from 50 percent of the 2-year return storm to the 25-year return storm events‡. No increases in impervious surface area are proposed and no change to conveyance quantity is proposed.

Mitigation: The proposed project will permanently impact 0.01 acres of waters of the state/US and 0.004 acres of wetlands on site, which will require mitigation. The applicant previously purchased wetland mitigation credits from a local wetland mitigation bank to compensate for impacts to Wetland A; as waters impacts are below 0.10 acre, no mitigation is required from the Corps; however, state required payment-in-lieu was provided to compensate for impacts to Channel 1.

^{*} SLOPES V requires full treatment of water equal to 50% of the cumulative rainfall from the 2-yr, 24-hr storm event.

[†] Newberg Municipal Code 13.25.270 Stormwater Treatment Standards

[‡] City of Newberg (2014). City of Newberg Design Standards Manual. Newberg, Oregon: City of Newberg.

B. Describe work within waters and wetlands

The following tables describe the work to take place in waters and wetland:

Permanent Impacts						
Wetland A	175 square feet (0.004 acres) impact. Consists of removing 6 cubic yards of native substrate and fill of 5 cubic yards with clean fill, riprap and storm pipe					
Ditch 1 (non-jurisdictional at the state level)	Fill of 6 cubic yards (clean fill) over 40 square feet (0.001 acres)					
Channel 1	Fill 97 cubic yards (storm pipe and aggregate backfill) over 449 square feet (0.01 acres)					
Temporary impacts (as erosion control best management practices (BMPs)*						
Wetland A placement of straw wattles and sediment fencing - 36 square fee Channel 1 placement of straw wattles and sediment fencing - 14 square fee						

^{*} These areas are not anticipated to cause any adverse effects to Wetland A and will be removed and revegetated at the end of the project.

Element	Acres	Permanent			
Liement	Acres	Fill	Removal		
Corps Jurisdiction					
Wetland A	0.004	5	6		
Ditch 1	0.001	6	0		
Channel 1	0.01	97	0		
Total	0.02	108	6		
DSL Jurisdiction					
Wetland A	0.004	5	6		
Channel 1	0.01	97	0		
Total	0.02	102	6		

C. Construction Methods. Describe how the removal and/or fill activities will be accomplished to minimize impacts to waters and wetlands.

Access to the site for construction will be located on the east side of Wynooski Street along the southern project area boundary near an existing driveway (Figures F8). The construction entrance will be installed at the beginning of construction and maintained for the duration of the project. The staging and stockpiling will be located within the upland along the northern project area boundary near an existing residence. Typical equipment used for construction will include an excavator backhoe, loader, dump truck, bulldozer grader or compactor. Conventional fill and excavation methods will be used for the project.

Site construction will commence with the implementation of the erosion control plan, followed by any necessary site clearing and grubbing. Below ground utilities proposed that require trenching and grading include stormwater features (stormwater outfall and storm pipe, and manholes), as well as above ground rip rap dissipater. The final construction step will be to revegetate bare soil.

Erosion and Sediment Control: The Erosion Control Plan (Figures F8-F8B) illustrates some of the measures that will be used to ensure that impacts to wetlands are minimized to the maximum extent practicable. The following components of the erosion control plan and project design will protect against erosion and prevent the transport of sediments to any downstream receiving waters offsite. Along with the ESCP notes listed in Figure F8A, the following measures will also comply with the project:

- All erosion and sediment control measures shall be approved, in place, and functional prior to any ground disturbance of the site. Contractor shall maintain all erosion and sediment control measures throughout construction.
- Construction activities will avoid or minimize any excavation or other soil destabilization from November 1 to May 31 of the following year.
- Temporary site stabilization measures will be installed at the end of the shift before a holiday or weekend or at the end of each workday if rain is forecast in the next 24 hours.
- Sediment controls must be installed and maintained along the site perimeter on all down-gradient sides of the construction site and at all active and operational internal storm drains at all times during construction.
- Dry methods must be used to remove sediment and concrete sweepings from areas where discharge is likely to the storm drains, streets, watercourses, or sensitive areas.
- All dirt and debris tracked onto streets must be removed immediately if it can be spread by traffic or otherwise reach storm drains, watercourses, or sensitive areas.
- Sediment discharged offsite must be placed back onsite within 24 hours and stabilized. In-stream work shall be performed in accordance with the procedures and timeframes of the Oregon Department of State Lands.
- No sediment-laden water may be pumped, diverted, or otherwise discharged offsite unless approved by the erosion and sediment control plan.
- Sediment must be removed when it has reached the level specified in the standard detail.
- Sediment must be removed from sumped structures when the sediment retention capacity has been reduced by 1/3rd and within 30 days of project completion.
- When removing saturated soils from the site, either watertight trucks must be used or loads must be drained onsite until dripping has been reduced to minimize spillage.
- Erosion control measures will be inspected on active sites at least weekly or after precipitation in excess of 0.5 inches in 24 hours. If a site will be inactive more than fourteen (14) days (per City of Newberg's erosion control manual 2014 page 30), erosion control measures will be inspected prior to the inactive period and every two (2) weeks during the inactive period.
- All construction sites must follow proper storage, application, and disposal procedures of construction materials. No dumping or disposal of construction debris, waste, or spoil material will occur in any stream, stormwater system, wetlands, surface waters, or other watercourses or sensitive areas.
- Written spill prevention and response procedures are required for all sites.
- Toxic and hazardous materials must have cover and secondary containment.
- Paving activities shall be minimized between November 1 and May 31 of the following year to avoid potential discharge of paving chemicals into the storm drains, streets, watercourses, or sensitive areas.
- All erosion and sediment control measures shall be removed from the site 30 days after construction is completed and approved by the city.

- Contractor to hydroseed affected area with shade-tolerant, mowable hydroseed mix following construction.
- Area of ground disturbance is approximately 5,600 sq. ft. An erosion & sedimentation control permit is required prior to commencement of construction.

D. Describe source of fill material and disposal locations if known.

Types of materials to be used for onsite fill include a rip rap dissipater (CL50) placed along a 1.5:1 slope as approved by the geotechnical engineer; clean imported backfill of crushed rock and granular fill; and a 15-inch and 24-inch storm pipe and manhole. Stockpile locations will be placed on site with an impervious layer placed underneath the stockpile area. Temporary plastic sheeting will be placed around the stockpile area to prevent stormwater and material runoff. Any disposal required will occur legally in an off-site upland location.

E. Construction timeline.

Work proposed within waters of the state/US will occur during the appropriate in-water work period (IWWP), which is June 1-October 31[§].

What is the estimated project start date?:	June, 2023		
What is the estimate project completion date?	October, 2023		
Is any of the work underway or already complete? If yes, describe.	Yes	⊠ No	

F. Removal Volumes and Dimensions (if more than 7 impact sites, include a summary table as an attachment)									
		Removal Dimensions						,	
Wetland / Waterbody Name *	Length (ft.)	_		Area (sf./acre)	Volume (c.y.)	Removal is to Remain**	Material***		
CORPS AND DSL JURISDICTION									
Wetland A	Varies	Varies	Varies	175 / 0.004	6	Permanent	Nativo	e substrate	
G. Total Removal Vo	olumes an	d Dimens	sions				'		
Total Removal to Wet	land and O	ther Water	s		Length (ft)	Area (sq. ft. /	acre)	Volume (c.y.)	
Total Removal to Wet	lands				~varies	175 / 0.0	04	6	
Total Removal Below	Ordinary H	igh Water			N/A	N/A		N/A	
Total Removal Below	Highest Me	easured Ti	<u>de</u>		N/A	N/A		N/A	
Total Removal Below	High Tide I	<u>_ine</u>			N/A	N/A		N/A	
Total Removal Below	Mean High	Water Tid	al Elevatio	<u>on</u>	N/A	N/A		N/A	
H. Fill Volumes and	Dimension	s (if more	than 7 imp	oact sites, includ	de a summar	y table as an a	ttachm	ent)	
Wetland / Waterbody		1	Fill Dime	nsions	1	Time Fill is	Material***		
Name *	Length (ft.)	Width (ft.)	Depth (ft)	Area (sf./ acre)	Volume (c.y.)	to Remain**			
CORPS JURISDIC	ΓΙΟΝ								
Wetland A	5-12	6-23	.18	175 / 0.004	5	Permanent	CL50 pipe	riprap; 15" storm	
Channel 1	~110	~5	1-1.5	449 /0.01	97	Permanent		ed rock and lar backfill; 15" pipe	
Ditch 1	~10	varies	.5	40 / 0.001	6	Permanent	Clean	granular backfill	

[§] Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW). Oregon Guidelines for Timing of In-Water Work to Protect Fish and Wildlife Resources, June 2008.

DSL JURISDICTIO	DSL JURISDICTION							
Wetland A	5-12	6-23	.18	175 / 0.004	5	Permanent	CL50 r pipe	iprap; 15" storm
Channel 1	~110	~5	1-1.5	449 / 0.01	97	Permanent		l rock and r backfill; 15" ipe
Corps and DSL Juri	isdiction							
Wetland A	Wetland A 1 6-23 .5 18		18	1	Temporary		vattles and nt fencing	
Channel 1	1	~5	.5	14	1	Temporary		vattles and nt fencing
I. Total Fill Volumes	and Dime	ensions						
Total Fill to Wetland a	nd Other W	/aters			Length (ft)	Area (sq. ft	. / acre)	Volume (c.y.)
Total Fill to Wetlands			(Co	orps and DSL)	Varies	193 / 0.004 6		6
Total Fill Below Ordin	ary High W	ater		(Corps)	~120	503 / 0.01 104		104
Total Fill Below Ordin	(DSL)	~110	463 /0	463 /0.01 98				
Total Fill Below Highe	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A					
Total Fill Below High	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A					
Total Fill Below <u>Mean</u>		N/A	N/A		N/A			
* If there is no official name for the wetland or waterbody, create a unique name (such as "Wetland 1" or "Tributary A"). ** Indicate whether the proposed area of removal or fill is permanent or, if you are proposing temporary impacts, specify the days, months, or years the fill or removal is to								

Ī	Figure	Description	Figure	
L	*** Example: soil	, gravel, wood, concrete, pilings, rock etc.)		
ı	remain.			
ı	^^ Indicate wheth	ier the proposed area of removal or fill is permanent or, if yo	u are proposing tempor	ary impacts, specify the days, months, or years the fill or removal is to

Figure	Description	Figure	
F1	Location Map (USGS)	F6, F6A	Grading Plan, Cross Sections
F2	Tax Lot Map	F7A - F7B	Dissipater and Standard Details
F3	Recent Aerial Photo	F8	Erosion Control Plan
F4	Existing Conditions	F8A - FB	Erosion Control Notes and Standard Details
F5	Site Plan –Storm Drain Improvements	F9	Alternative Site Plan
F5A	Storm Drain Improvements Profile	F10	Revegetation Plan
Attachments	Description	Attachments	Description
1	Figures	3	Stream Functional Assessment
2	Department of State Lands Concurrence Letter		

(5) PROJECT PURPOSE AND NEED

Provide a statement of the purpose and need for the overall project.

Purpose: The purpose of the project is to provide repairs and updates to existing stormwater structures within the project area. The repairs will include stabilizing existing slopes surrounding Channel 1, which will serve to prevent damage to adjacent private residential lots and structures. The improvements include a new 15-inch storm pipe that will connect to existing City stormwater conveyances along Wynooski Street and will bypass the old outfall location to convey flow underground to a new outfall located downslope within Wetland A. The proposed outfall location will require a rip rap dissipater to distribute flow evenly into Wetland A and reduce the potential for erosion and sedimentation. The project will require total impact to Channel 1, which is incised by seasonal flow from the outfall pipe and has resulted in slope instability within the project area. The improved path extension will provide a public benefit to the City of Newberg.

Need: The project requires necessary repairs and updates to the existing outfall pipe that has separated joints and has begun to deteriorate. The outfall location currently contributes to eroding slopes between residential properties on the northeastern side of Channel 1. As existing wetlands and Channel 1 extend to Hess Creek (offsite) from the existing outfall location, impacts will be necessary to provide ground surface stability and stormwater improvements. This need can be accommodated through storm pipe and outfall relocation, which is proposed to dissipate into Wetland A and avoids outfall-induced erosion along upslope properties.

(6) DESCRIPTION OF RESOURCES IN PROJECT AREA

A. Describe the existing physical, chemical, and biological characteristics of each wetland or waterbody. Reference the wetland and waters delineation report if one is available. Include the list of items provided in the instructions.

The project area is located due east of Wynooski Street, approximately 0.5 miles southeast of Oregon Highway 99 in Newberg, Oregon. Hess Creek is located approximately 20 feet east beyond the study area and flows into the Willamette River approximately 2 river miles southeast of the site. Landscape topography is gently rolling with elevations ranging between approximately 120 feet and 160 feet. The area of lowest elevation is located in the eastern portion of the site, where a deeply incised drainage channel (Channel 1) flows east towards Hess Creek and adjacent wetlands

Dominant vegetation in the project area includes English hawthorn (*Crataegus monogyna*, FAC), Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*, FAC), reed canarygrass (*Phalaris arundinacea*, FACW), and field horsetail (*Equisetum arvense*, FAC), Douglas' fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*, FACU), Oregon ash (*Fraxinus latifolia*, FACW), big leaf maple (*Acer macrophyllum*, FACU), beaked hazelnut (*Corylus cornuta*, FACU), English ivy (*Hedera helix*, FACU), and holly (*Ilex* sp., (FAC).

A delineation was conducted in 2019 with three potentially jurisdictional features (discussed below). The delineation received concurrence in April 2019 from the Department of State Lands (DSL) (WD #2019-0031, Attachment 2). The delineation report was submitted to the Corps as a separate report.

Channel 1

Channel 1 (0.01 acres/ 449 square feet) is a drainage channel that is fed by a culvert connected to Ditch 1. The channel has become deeply incised and conveys seasonal flow northeast toward Wetland A (described below). Average channel width is 2-3 feet and the banks are approximately 1-2 feet above the channel bottom and bordered by Himalayan blackberry. Flowing water was not present at the time of the delineation, but saturation, drainage patterns and scour were evident within the channel, which is actively eroding adjacent slopes. The Cowardin classification is riverine, intermittent streambed, seasonally flooded/saturated (R4SB5E) wetland, and Riverine Flow-Through is the primary Hydrogeomorphic (HGM) classification. The drainage channel has been scoured of vegetation by seasonal flow from the culvert and run-off from adjacent upland slopes; displays a change in sediment characteristics, contains exposed roots, has no organic debris accumulation, and displays a distinct change in plant community.

Wetland A

Wetland A (0.03 acres / 1,521 square feet) is a palustrine emergent seasonally flooded/saturated (PEM1E) wetland with a HGM classification of Slope. The wetland begins at the base of a slope where the forested boundary ends, and the topography flattens out into a gently sloping terrace. A thick growth of Himalayan blackberry borders the base of slope, but Wetland A mainly consists of reed canarygrass. Wetland A receives hydrology from the Channel 1, precipitation and groundwater, and continues offsite to the north, northeast, east, and southeast.

Ditch 1 (DSL Non-Jurisdictional)

A ditch (0.001 acres / 40 square feet) connected to a storm drain downslope of Wynooski Street directs seasonal runoff east toward a buried culvert that outfalls into Channel 1 flowing northeast within the study area. The ditch is man-made within upland soils and has been lined with cobble and gravel. The ditch is approximately three-feet wide, one foot deep, and does not convey regular flows aside from storm events. This feature is non-jurisdictional for the state of Oregon, per concurrence letter of April 15, 2019, from DSL.

Stream Functional Assessment: On January 7, 2020, Pacific Habitat Services (PHS) performed a Stream Function Assessment Method (SFAM**) on Channel 1 within the study area (Attachment 3). SFAM identifies eleven stream functions within four broad functional groups (hydrologic, geomorphic, biological, and water quality), as outlined in OAR 141-085-0685(4). Below are the specific functions and grouped functions scores.

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Function Score	Function Rating	Value Score	Value Rating
Surface Water Storage (SWS)	2.58	Lower	7.25	Higher
Sub/Surface Water Transfer (SST)	3.75	Moderate	10.00	Higher
Flow Variation (FV)	7.82	Higher	5.50	Moderate
Sediment Continuity (SC)	5.68	Moderate	4.60	Moderate
Sediment Mobility (SM)	8.04	Higher	5.75	Moderate
Maintain Biodiversity (MB)	0.91	Lower	2.75	Lower
Create and Maintain Habitat (CMH)	0.38	Lower	5.20	Moderate
Sustain Trophic Structure (STS)	3.17	Moderate	4.27	Moderate
Nutrient Cycling (NC)	6.08	Moderate	5.46	Moderate
Chemical Regulation (CR)	5.48	Moderate	5.46	Moderate
Thermal Regulation (TR)	8.50	Higher	6.60	Moderate
GROUPED FUNCTIONS	REPRESENTATIVE FUNCTION		Function Group Rating	Value Group Rating
Hydrologic Function (SWS, SST, FV)	Flow Variation (FV)		Higher	Moderate
Geomorphic Function (SC, SM)	Sediment Mobility (SM)		Higher	Moderate
Biologic Function (MB, CMH, STS)	Sustain Trophic	Structure (STS)	Moderate	Moderate
Water Quality Function (NC, CR, TR)	Thermal Regulat	tion (TR)	Higher	Moderate

After assessing the site, PHS staff disagrees that Channel 1 provides a "Higher" function group rating for hydrologic function, particularly related to surface water storage and flow variation. The channel is the result of erosion, only diversifies in width where culvert entrance widens the channel and is too steep of a slope to truly store water at the surface level for any prolonged period. Downslope wetlands are likely to provide more surface water storage than Channel 1. Similarly, the channel likely does not provide a "Higher" function group rating for geomorphic functions related to sediment mobility, due to the conveyance of stormwater through culverts and rip rap foundations further upslope.

<u>Wetland Functional Assessment</u>: A functional assessment was conducted for Wetland A at the project site during the delineation. As wetland impacts are below 0.20 acres, under OAR 141-085-0685(4)(c), best professional judgment was used to assess the functions and values of Wetland A:

Water quality and quantity: Any chemicals or nutrients in the water (no standing water) are from surface runoff from adjacent uplands, groundwater, and stormwater from the outfall feeding Channel 1. The wetland's dense herbaceous vegetation filters inorganic nutrients such as nitrogen, phosphorus and ammonium nitrate. The wetland's gradual sloped topography does not allow for significant or long-term storage of surface waters and no standing water was present during the delineation. It is likely the wetland is essentially a nutrient sink, allowing plants to take up and hold nutrients during the summer months. For these reasons, the overall water quality and quantity function and value is "Moderate".

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^{**} Nadeau, T-L., C. Trowbridge, D. Hicks, and R. Coulombe. 2018. A Scientific Rationale in Support of the Stream Function Assessment Method for Oregon (SFAM, Version 1.0). Oregon Department of State Lands, Salem, OR, EPA 910-S-18-001, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10, Seattle, WA

Fish and wildlife habitat: The wetland lacks areas of long-term standing water, which reduces the likelihood of it providing breeding habitat for amphibians. The wetland does not include an enclosed canopy with trees and shrubs, which reduces the likelihood of providing nesting opportunities for birds but has limited suitability for songbird habitat due to a dominance of emergent plants. There is no down woody debris in the assessed portion of the project area seasonal zone, which does not provide suitable shelter from predators. More common species such as rodents, coyote and deer may be regularly found in the wetland due to its position along undeveloped riparian corridor; however, residential development encloses the corridor on both sides of Hess Creek. For these reasons, the overall fish and wildlife habitat function is low, and value is "Moderate".

<u>Native plant communities and species diversity</u>: The wetland's herbaceous vegetation is dominated by non-native species mostly reed canarygrass. Species diversity is low and does not include many natives. There is limited microtopography due to a gradual slope. The overall native plant community and species diversity function is "Low" and value is "Moderate" due to the lacking benefit of having a more diverse shrub and tree layer.

Recreation and education: As the property is undeveloped and privately owned, there is no known recreation or educational opportunities provided by the wetland. For this reason, the overall function and value for recreation and education is "Low".

Endangered Species Act: There are no listed species within the project site. Channel 1 and Wetland A do not provide habitat for listed or candidate species under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). No critical habitat or Essential Salmonid Habitat (ESH) is mapped within the site. No changes in storm conveyance quantity or treatment methods are proposed; existing stormwater infrastructure complies with the 2-year, 24-hour storm event according to the City of Newberg's Stormwater Manual. The nearest mapped ESH is located 2 river miles southeast of the site, in the Willamette River. It is anticipated that the potential effects of the proposed project on ESA-listed salmonids and their habitats will be covered under the existing NMFS 2014 Formal Programmatic Conference and Biological Opinion and Essential Fish Habitat Consultation for *Revisions to Standard Local Operating Procedures for Endangered Species to Administer Maintenance or Improvement of Stormwater, Transportation or Utility Actions Authorized or Carried Out by the U.S. Corps of Engineers in Oregon (SLOPES V Stormwater, Transportation or Utilities).*

<u>Fish and Wildlife Species Use:</u> As mentioned in the functional assessment, the wetland lacks areas of long-term standing water, which reduces the likelihood of it providing breeding habitat for amphibians. The wetland does not include an enclosed canopy with trees and shrubs, which reduces the likelihood of providing nesting opportunities for birds but has limited suitability for songbird habitat due to a dominance of emergent plants. Within the Hess Creek HUC12 watershed, there are occurrences of western pond turtle (*Actinemys marmorata*), which are unlikely in the impact area due to reasons outlined above.

Fish habitat potential is low, as the flow in Channel 1 is not continuous and contains a fish passage barrier. Wetland A is vegetated and does not typically contain standing water. Within the same HUC12, there are mapped essential salmonid habitats (ESH) and other habitats for the following species: Steelhead (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) in the upper Willamette River, Oregon chub (*Oregonichthys crameri*), Chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*) in the upper Willamette River, and Pacific lamprey (*Entosphenus tridentatus*).

Archeological and Historic Resources: No known archaeological survey has been conducted on the property. If any archaeological resources and/or artifacts are encountered during construction, all construction activity will immediately cease, and the State Historic Preservation Office will be contacted.

100-Year Floodplain: No impacts are proposed within the 100-year floodplain, which resides east and outside of the project area.

B. Describe the existing navigation, fishing and recreational use of the waterbody or wetland.

There is no known navigation, fishing, or recreational use of Wetland A, Channel 1, or Ditch 1 within the project area, which is located on private property.

(7) PROJECT SPECIFIC CRITERIA AND ALTERNATIVES ANALYSIS

Describe project-specific criteria necessary to achieve the project purpose. Describe alternative sites and project designs that were considered to avoid or minimize impacts to the waterbody or wetland.*

Project specific criteria include:

- 1. A city utility in need of repair and/or maintenance
- 2. Within the City of Newberg
- 3. Accessible by equipment utilized for repair
- 4. Minimization of impacts to natural resources
- 5. Prioritization of potential residential disturbance caused by City infrastructure deterioration

No-Build: The no-build option would exacerbate the erosion problem along residential slopes caused by the stormwater outfall deterioration. This is not a viable option for the City.

<u>Other Properties in the City:</u> The criteria listed above were applied to other properties in the City, which is why the proposed project is isolated to the small area of high priority repair needs along the east side of Wynooski Street.

<u>Alternative site plan</u>: The alternative site plan (Figure F9) shows a slightly different configuration of PVC pipe placed adjacent to the existing channel. This plan would require further excavation during installation into adjacent eroding slopes, and closer to nearby residences. This would also result in the same amount of impact to the channel, and an increased impact area to Wetland A through a larger rip rap dissipater. To avoid unnecessary excavations, reduce erosion, and provide a better alternative for adjacent neighboring properties and the City, this plan was not selected.

<u>Preferred site plan:</u> The preferred site plan (Figure F5) proposes a 15-inch PVC drain pipe to convey the same amount of stormwater runoff into Wetland A through an extended storm pipe and new rip rap dissipater. By elongating the storm pipe and eliminating Channel 1, erosion will be reduced along the slope and runoff will be conveyed safely into a low-sloping area within Wetland A. All disturbed and bare areas will be revegetated with native vegetation after final contours are achieved.

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^{*}Not required by the Corps for a complete application, but is necessary for individual permits before a permit decision can be rendered.

	MATION					
Are there any state or feder	ally listed spe	ecies on t	he project site?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
Is the project site within des	signated or p	roposed o	critical habitat?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
Is the project site within a n	ational <u>Wild a</u>	and Sceni	c River?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
Is the project site within a S	tate Scenic V	<u>Vaterway</u>	?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
Is the project site within the	100-year flo	odplain?		☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
If yes to any of the above, expla	ain in Block 6 a	and describ	e measures to mini	mize adverse effe	ects to these res	ources in Block 7.
Is the project site within the If yes, attach TSP review as a s				☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
Is the project site within a d			erve?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
Will the overall project invol more?	ve ground di	sturbance	e of one acre or	☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
If yes, you may need a 1200-C	oermit from the	Oregon D	epartment of Enviro	nmental Quality	(DEQ).	
Is the fill or dredged materia off-site spills?	al a carrier of	contamir	nants from on-site	or Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
Has the fill or dredged mate tested?	erial been phy	ysically a	nd/or chemically	☐ Yes	□No	Unknown
If yes, explain in Block 6 and p	rovide referenc	es to any ı	ohysical/chemical te	sting report(s).		
Has a cultural resource (arc survey been performed on	•		ilt environment)	☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
Do you have any additional documentation, or correspo Preservation Office?	•			☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown
If yes, provide a copy of the sur describe any resources in this						s only. Do not
describe any resources in this	aocament. Do	HOL PLOVIG		iniciliation to be	' L .	
Is the project part of a DEQ	Cleanup Site			rmit number		Contact
Is the project part of a DEQ Will the project result in new	•	∋?	′es ⊠ No Pe	rmit number_	DEQ (
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(9) IMPACTS, RESTORATION/REHABILITATION, COMPENSATORY MITIGATION

A. Describe unavoidable environmental impacts that are likely to result from the proposed project. Include permanent, temporary, direct and indirect impacts.

The proposed project will permanently impact 449 square feet of Channel 1, 175 square feet of Wetland A, and 40 square feet of Ditch 1 (DSL-non-jurisdictional). These impacts are an unavoidable result of replacing deteriorating stormwater facilities causing erosional damage to nearby residences and the proposed project will additionally prevent further erosion along this slope.

B. For temporary removal or fill or disturbance of vegetation in waterbodies, wetlands or riparian (i.e., streamside) areas, discuss how the site will be restored after construction to include the timeline for restoration.

Temporary impacts include 14 square feet of straw wattles and sediment fencing placed within Channel 1 and 18 square feet within Wetland A during construction. These sediment control elements will be removed, and any bare soil areas revegetated with native vegetation as seen in the revegetation Figure F10, which also includes planting plans for permanent impact areas.

Col	mpensatory Mitigatio	n				
C. P	roposed mitigation appro	ach.	Check all that apply:			
	Permittee-responsible Onsite Mitigation		Permittee-responsible Offsite Mitigation	Mitigation Bank or in-lieu fee program	\boxtimes	Payment to Provide (not approved for use with Corps permits)

D. Provide a brief description of mitigation approach and the rationale for choosing that approach. If you believe mitigation should not be required, explain why.

The adverse effect of this project includes permanent fill associated with stormwater rip rap and pipe, and permanent removal of native soil and riprap across 175 square feet of Wetland, 449 square feet of waters of the state/US, and 40 square feet of Ditch 1 (DSL non-jurisdictional).

The mitigation approach will be purchasing mitigation bank credits for wetland impacts and using the DSL payment in lieu (PIL) for waters impacts, as discussed below. The applicant's rationale for using a mitigation bank and PIL is that the cumulative amount of impact to wetland and waters is less than 0.2 acres, and the site is unsuitable for restoration and enhancement at such a small size requirement.

DSL: The previously obtained DSL removal/fill application is still active and has been renewed. The applicant already purchased 0.005 mitigation bank credits from Mud Slough Wetland Mitigation bank to compensate for permanent wetland impacts, and has paid DSL \$2,320.70 payment-in-lieu for permanent waters impacts. Per OAR 141-085-0680 (3)(c), the project involves less than 0.20 acres of permanent wetland impact and is using a mitigation bank; therefore, DSL's Principles Objectives are not being addressed.

Corps: As impacts to wetlands and water are less than 0.10 acre, no mitigation is required by the Corps.

Mitigation Bank / In-Lieu Fee			1 / 277 0			
Name of mitigation bank or	•	ject: Mud S	lough / PIL for str	eam impact	S	
Type of credits to be purcha	ased: PEM					
If you are proposing permitt	•	•			, , ,	
Yes. Submit the plan	• •		•			
No. A mitigation plan	will need to be	submitted (<i>fo</i>	r DSL, this plan i	is required	for a complete application)	
Mitigation Location Informat	ion (Fill out o	nly if permittee	-responsible miti	igation is p	roposed)	
Mitigation Site Name/Legal	Description	Mitigation Sit	e Address	7	Tax Lot #	
				1	atitude & Longitude	
County		City			in DD.DDDD format)	
				,		
-					10 10 1	
Township	Range		Section		Quarter/Quarter	
(10) ADJACENT PROPE	RTY OWNER	RS FOR PRO	JECT AND MI	TIGATIO	N SITE*	
□ Pre-printed mailing labels of adj	acent property ow	ners attached				
	KEI	LLY J PHELPS	2			
OLIVARES FAVIOLA		TRICK J THO			& KARIN MAJDECKI	
724 WYNOOSKI ST		WYNOOSKI			WYNOOSKI ST	
NEWBERG OR 97132	NEV	WBERG OR 9	97132	NEWB.	ERG OR 97132	
	7.3	FEG O THILL		D AND		
CLARE SUNDERLAND 730 WYNOOSKI ST		MES & VIVA			Y MILLER YNOOSKI ST	
NEWBERG OR 97132		740 WYNOOSKI ST NEWBERG OR 97132		NEWBERG OR 97132		
THE WILLIAM OIL 7/132	112	WBERG OR	7132	IVE W D	Litto Oit 7/132	
ANDRA LUNSTRUM &	DA	VE JEFFERY		TEDDY	' & LINDA HOLDAHL	
KATHLEEN MANN		W AVE F			YNOOSKI ST	
1622 MERLIN LN		PHERSON KS	S 67460		ERG OR 97132	
NEWBERG OR 97132						
MARTHA IANCU		EPHEN & ELI	ZABETH	M IODI &	SEAN MALLOY	
15715 SW QUEEN VICTO	IRIA PI	SENBERGER	CT		EBBLE SPRINGS CT	
IZDIG CITY OD 07004	712	WYNOOSKI	S 1		EDGONINI 00074	

712 WYNOOSKI ST

NEWBERG OR 97132

KING CITY OR 97224

HENDERSON NV 89074

(11) CITY/COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT (TO BE COMPLETED BY LOCAL PLANNING OFFICE	
I have reviewed the project described in this applica	tion and have determined that:
☐ This project is not regulated by the compreh	ensive plan and land use regulations.
☐ This project is consistent with the comprehe	nsive plan and land use regulations.
 ☒ This project is consistent with the comprehe ☐ Conditional Use Approval ☒ Development Permit ☐ Other Permit (explain in comment section 	nsive plan and land use regulations with the following:
consistent requires: Plan Amendment Zone Change Other Approval or Review (see commen	
	not 🔀 been filed for approvals required above.
Local planning official name (print) Title Con Develop Signature	ment Director Newberg Date
	/24/2003
(12) COASTAL ZONE CERTIFICATION	
	rion can be processed. The signed statement will be rvation and Development (DLCD) for its concurrence on Coastal Zone Management Program and contact DLCD at 635 Capitol Street NE, Suite 150,
CERTIFICATION STATEMENT	
I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, complies with the approved Oregon Coastal Zone M manner consistent with the program.	
Print/Type Applicant Name	Title
Applicant Signature	Date

(13) SIGNATURE:

Application is hereby made for the activities described herein. I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application, and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this information is true, complete and accurate. I further certify that I possess the authority to undertake the proposed activities. By signing this application I consent to allow Corps or DSL staff to enter into the above-described property to inspect the project location and to determine compliance with an authorization, if granted. I hereby authorize the person identified in the authorized agent block below to act in my behalf as my agent in the processing of this application and to furnish supplemental information in support of this permit application. I understand that the granting of other permits by local, county, state or federal agencies does not release me from the requirement of obtaining the permits requested before commencing the project. I understand that payment of the required state processing fee does not guarantee permit issuance.

To be considered complete, the fee must accompany the application to DSL. The fee is not required for submittal of an application to the Corps.

application to the corps.	
Fee Amount Enclosed \$	
Applicant Signature (required) Must match name in	Block 2
Print Name	Title
Fatin Abdullah	Engineering Project Coordinator
Signature	Date 01/25/2023
Authorized Agent Signature	
Print Name	Title
Carlee Michelson	Natural Resource Specialist
Signature Carle Michel	Date 1/31/2023
Landowner Signature(s)*	
Landowner of the Project Site (if different from app	
Print Name	Title
Clare Sunderland	property owner, 730 wynooski
Signature Clare Sunduland	Date 1-24-23
Landowner of the Mitigation Site (if different from a	pplicant)
Print Name	Title
Signature	Date
Department of State Lands, Property Manager (to	be completed by DSL)
If the project is located on state-owned submerged and sub	mersible lands, DSL staff will obtain a signature from the activities proposed on state-owned submerged/submersible val-fill permit. A signature for activities on state-owned v, express or implied and a separate proprietary
Print Name	Title
Signature	Date

^{*} Not required by the Corps.

(13) SIGNATU	JRES
--------------	-------------

Application is hereby made for the activities described herein. I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application, and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this information is true, complete and accurate. I further certify that I possess the authority to undertake the proposed activities. By signing this application I consent to allow Corps or DSL staff to enter into the above-described property to inspect the project location and to determine compliance with an authorization, if granted. I hereby authorize the person identified in the authorized agent block below to act in my behalf as my agent in the processing of this application and to furnish supplemental information in support of this permit application. I understand that the granting of other permits by local, county, state or federal agencies does not release me from the requirement of obtaining the permits requested before commencing the project. I understand that payment of the required state processing fee does not guarantee permit issuance.

To be considered complete, the fee must accompany the application to DSL. The fee is not required for submittal of an application to the Corps.

application to the Corps.	
Fee Amount Enclosed \$	
Applicant Signature (required) Must match name in	Block 2
Print Name	Title
Fatin Abdullah	Engineering Project Coordinator
Signature	Date
	01/30/2023
Authorized Agent Signature	
Print Name	Title
Carlee Michelson	Natural Resource Specialist
Signature	Date
Landowner Signature(s)*	
Landowner of the Project Site (if different from app	
Print Name	Title
SIM WHEATON	MAMEDWALL (THO WARDOSKI)
Signature	MOMEDWOER (740 WYDOSKI) Date 1/23/23
Landowner of the Mitigation Site (if different from a	applicant)
Print Name	Title
. We	*
Signature	Date .
Department of State Lands, Property Manager (to	
If the project is located on state-owned submerged and sub	mersible lands, DSL staff will obtain a signature from the activities proposed on state-owned submerged/submersible val-fill permit. A signature for activities on state-owned
Print Name	Title
Time (value)	Title
Signature	Date

^{&#}x27; Not required by the Corps.

(14)	ATTACHMENTS
⊠ I	Drawings
	□ Location map with roads identified
	☑ U.S.G.S. topographic map
	Site plan(s)
	⊠ Recent aerial photo
	☐ Project photos
	☑ DSL/Corps Wetland Concurrence letter and map, if approved and applicable
\boxtimes 1	Pre-printed labels for adjacent property owners (Required if more than 5)
	Incumbency certificate if applicant is a partnership or corporation
\boxtimes 1	Restoration plan or rehabilitation plan for temporary impacts
	Mitigation plan
'	Wetland functional assessment, if applicable (Section 6)
	☐ Cover Page
	☐ Score Sheets
	☐ ORWAP OR , F, T, & S forms
	☐ ORWAP Reports
	☐ Assessment Maps
	☐ ORWAP Reports: Soils, Topo, Assessment area, Contributing area
\boxtimes	Stream Functional Assessment, if applicable
	□ Cover Page □ Cover Page
	Score Sheets Score Sheets
	SFAM PA, PAA, & EAA forms
	SFAM Report SFAM
	□ Aerial Photo, Site Map, and Topo Site Map (Both maps should document the PA, PAA, & EAA)
	Compensatory Mitigation (CM) Eligibility & Accounting Worksheet
	☐ Matching Quickguide Sheet(s)
	☐ CM Eligibility & Accounting Sheet
\boxtimes	Alternatives analysis (Section 7)
	Biological assessment (if requested by Corps project manager during pre-application coordination)
	Stormwater management plan (may be required by the Corps or DEQ)
	Other: Please Describe:
	Wetland Delineation Report (Separate report for Corps)
	Payment Calculator For In-Lieu Fee Program

For U.S. Army Corps of Engineers send application to:

USACE Portland District

ATTN: CENWP-ODG-P

PO Box 2946

Portland, OR 97208-2946

503-808-4373

portlandpermits@usace.army.mil

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

ATTN: CENWP-ODG-E 211 E. Seventh Ave., Suite 105 Eugene, OR 97401-2722 541-465-6868

portlandpermits@usace.army.mil

For Department of State Lands send application to:

West of the Cascades:

Department of State Lands 775 Summer Street NE, Suite 100 Salem, OR 97301-1279 503-986-5200

Counties:

Baker, Benton, Clackamas, Clatsop, Columbia, Gilliam, Grant, Hood River, Jefferson Lincoln, Linn, Malheur, Marion, Morrow, Multnomah, Polk, Sherman, Tillamook, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Wasco, Washington, Wheeler, Yamhill

Counties:

Coos, Crook, Curry, Deschutes, Douglas, Jackson, Josephine, Harney, Klamath, Lake, Lane

East of the Cascades:

Department of State Lands 1645 NE Forbes Road, Suite 112 Bend, Oregon 97701 541-388-6112

For Department of Environmental Quality email application to:

ATTN: DEQ 401 Certification Program

Water Quality

700 NE Multnomah St, Suite 600

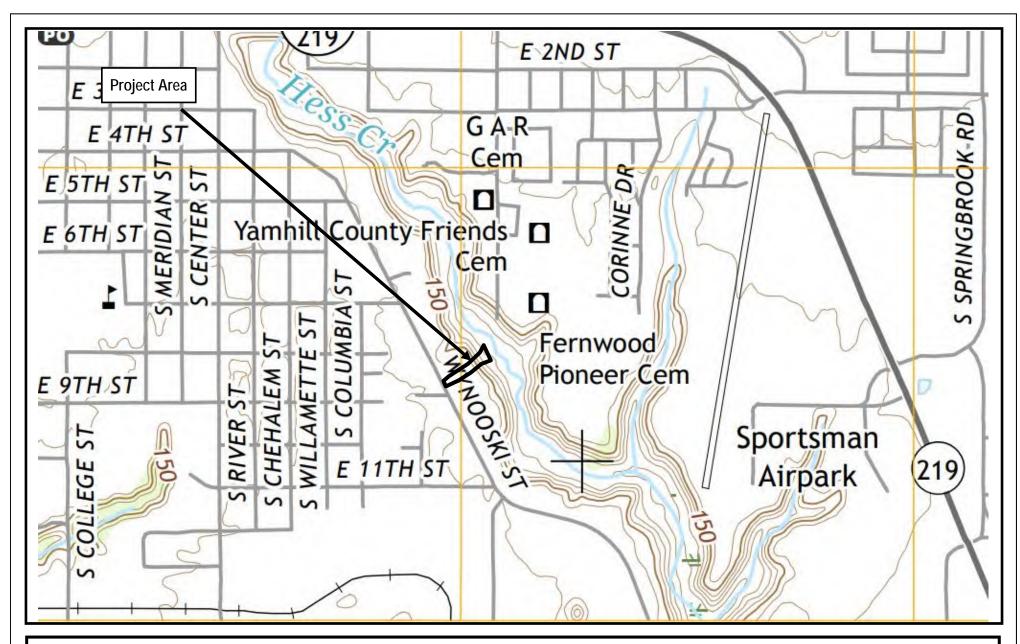
Portland, OR 97232

401applications@deq.state.or.us

Attachment 1

Figures

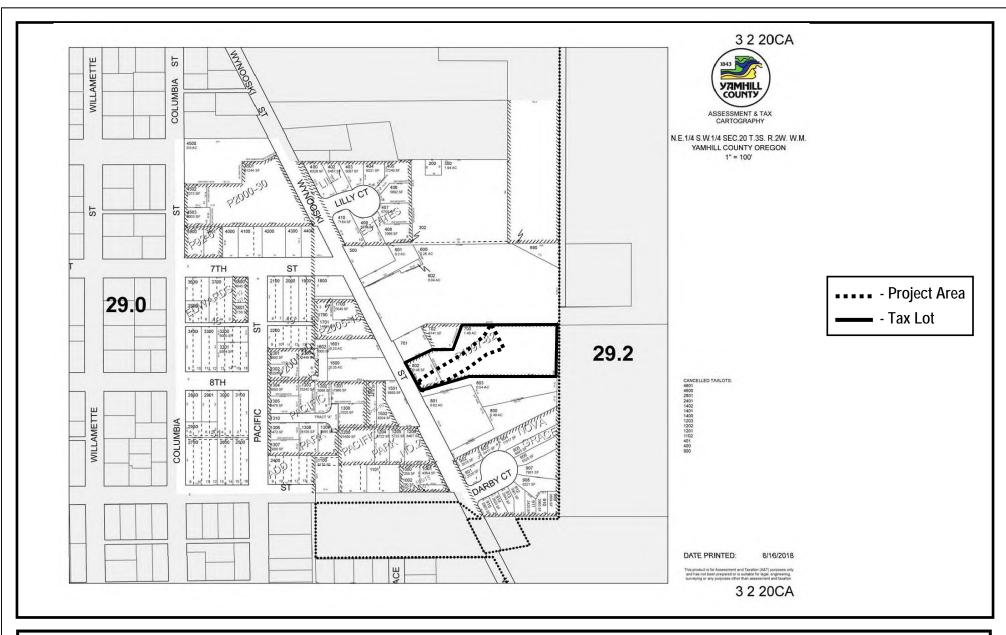






Pacific Habitat Services, Inc. 9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070 General Location and Topography
Wynooski Road Storm Project /Outfall Redesign - Newberg, Oregon
United States Geological Survey (USGS), Newberg, Oregon, 7.5 Quadrangle, 2017
(viewer/nationalmap.gov/basic)

FIGURE



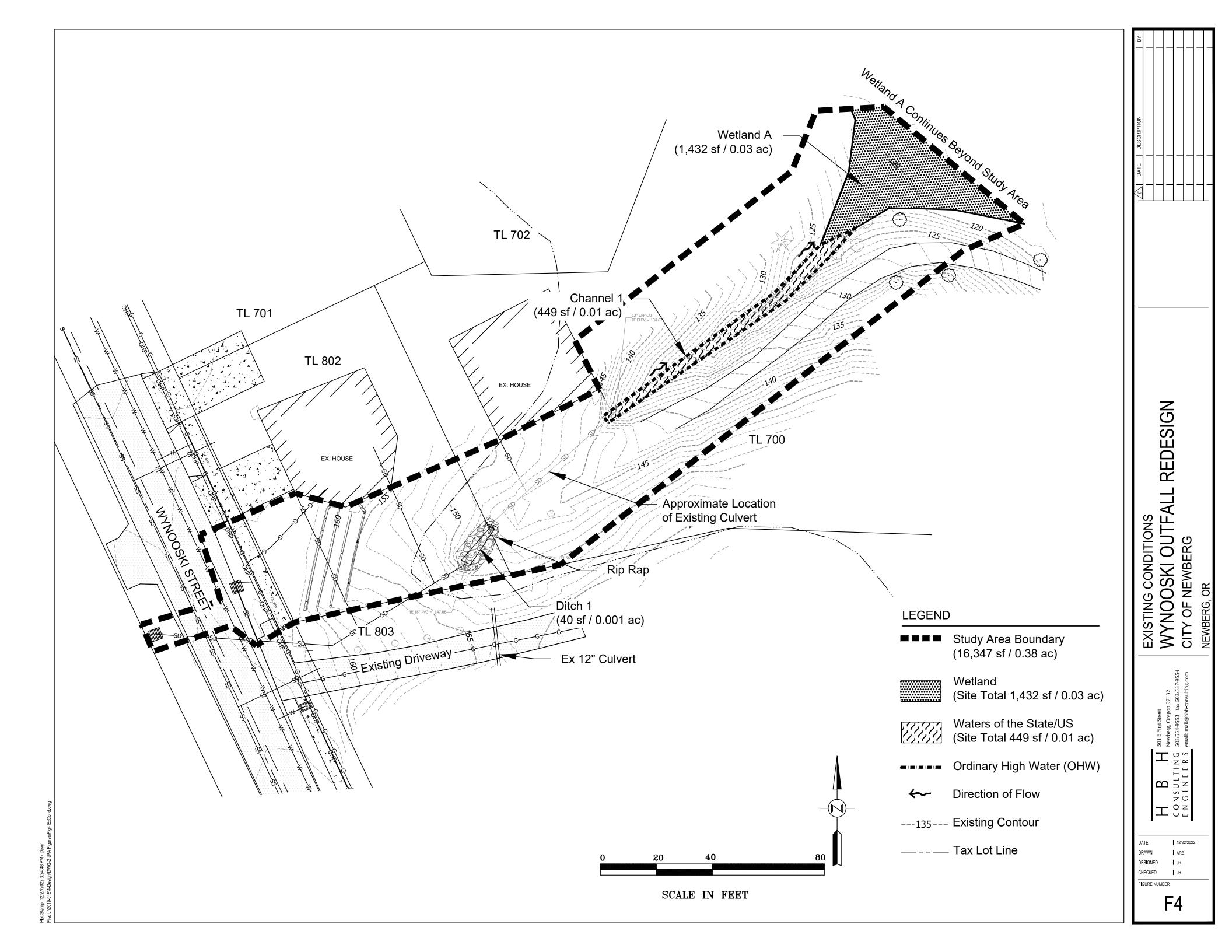


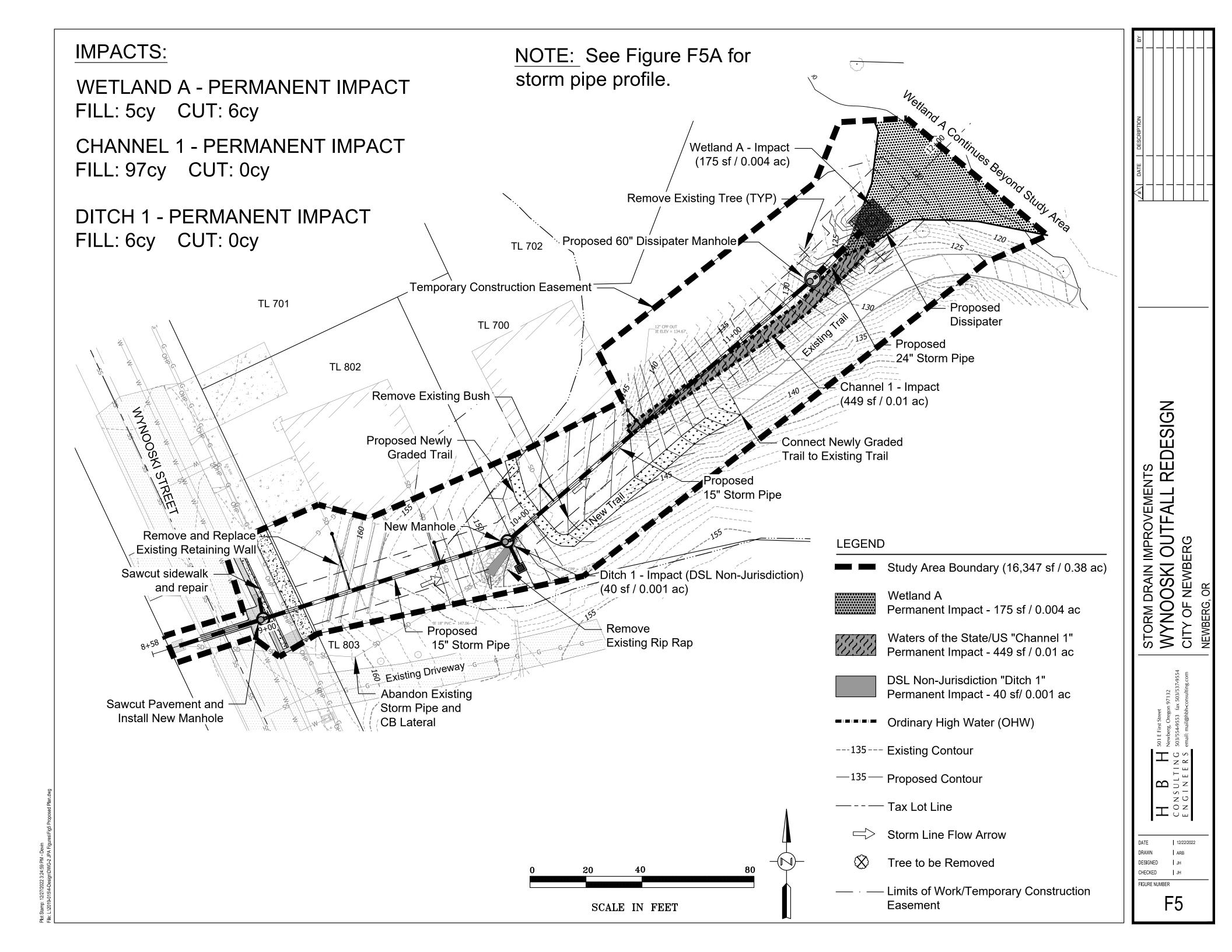
Pacific Habitat Services, Inc. 9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070 Tax Lot Map Wynooski Road Storm Project /Outfall Redesign - Newberg, Oregon The Oregon Map (ormap.net) **FIGURE**

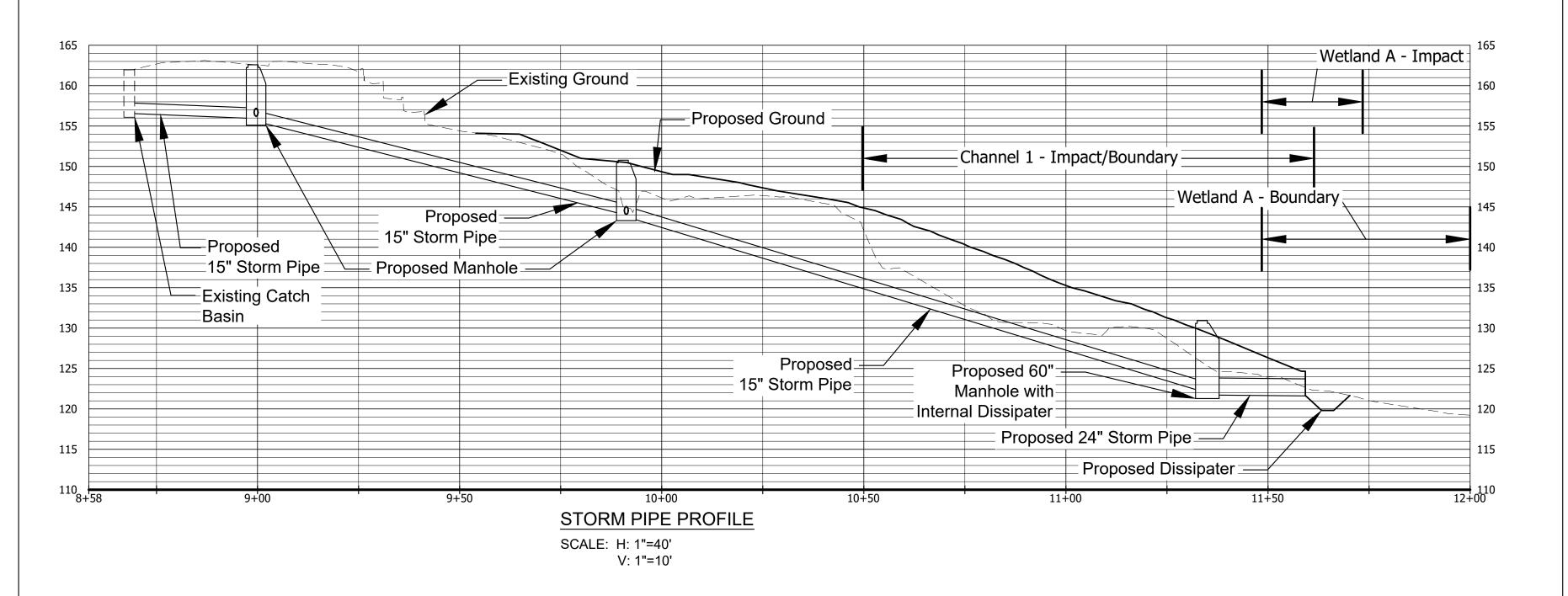




Pacific Habitat Services, Inc. 9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070 Aerial Photo Wynooski Road Storm Project /Outfall Redesign - Newberg, Oregon GoogleEarth, 2018 FIGURE







IMPACTS:

WETLAND A - PERMANENT IMPACT

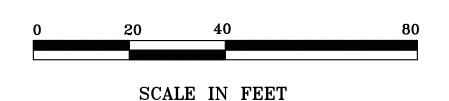
FILL: 5cy CUT: 6cy

CHANNEL 1 - PERMANENT IMPACT

FILL: 97cy CUT: 0cy

DITCH 1 - PERMANENT IMPACT

FILL: 6cy CUT: 0cy



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DRAWN | ARB
DESIGNED | JH

T S S S

STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENTS PROFILE WYNOOSKI OUTFALL REDESIGN CITY OF NEWBERG

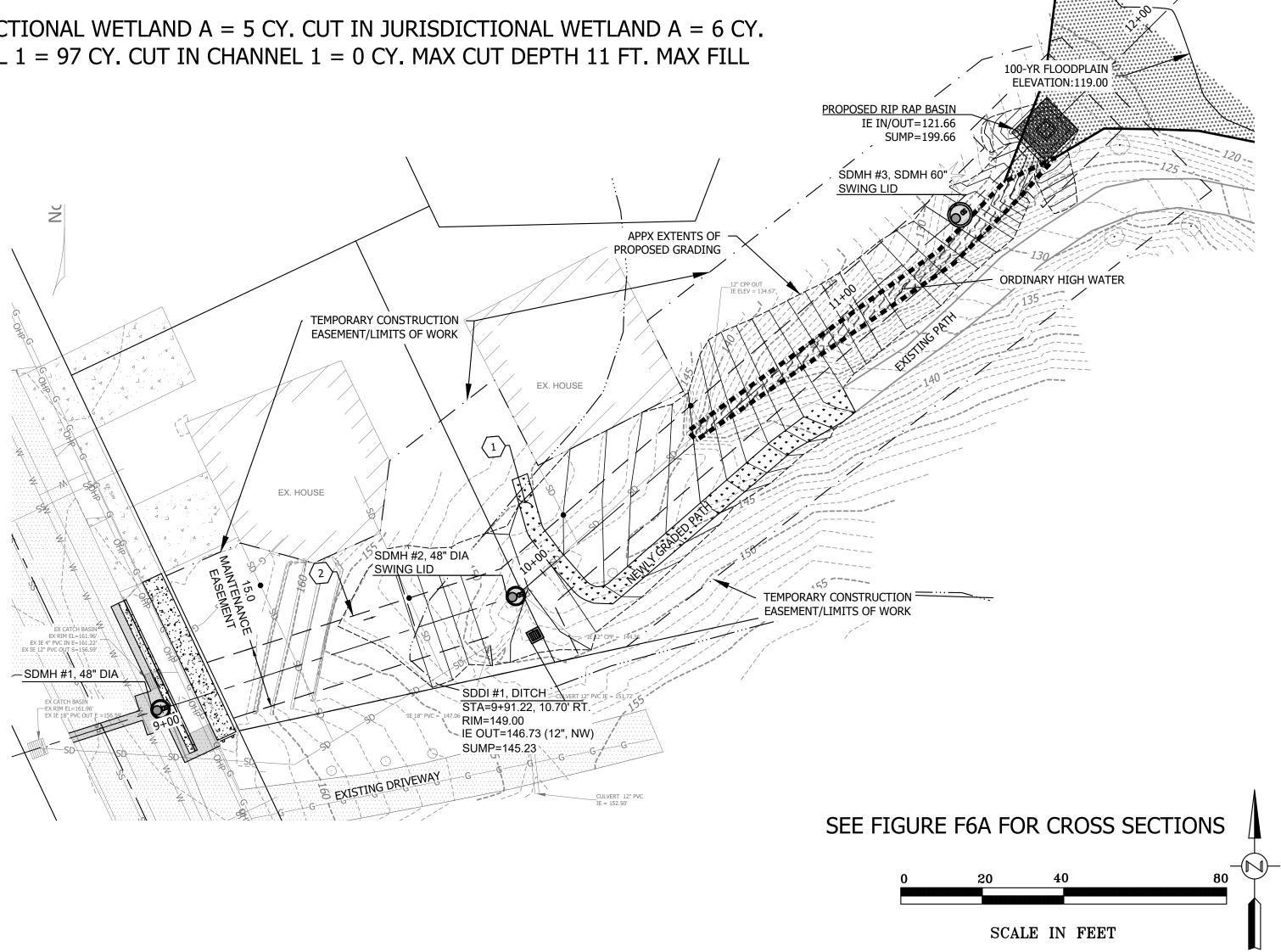
F5A

NOTES

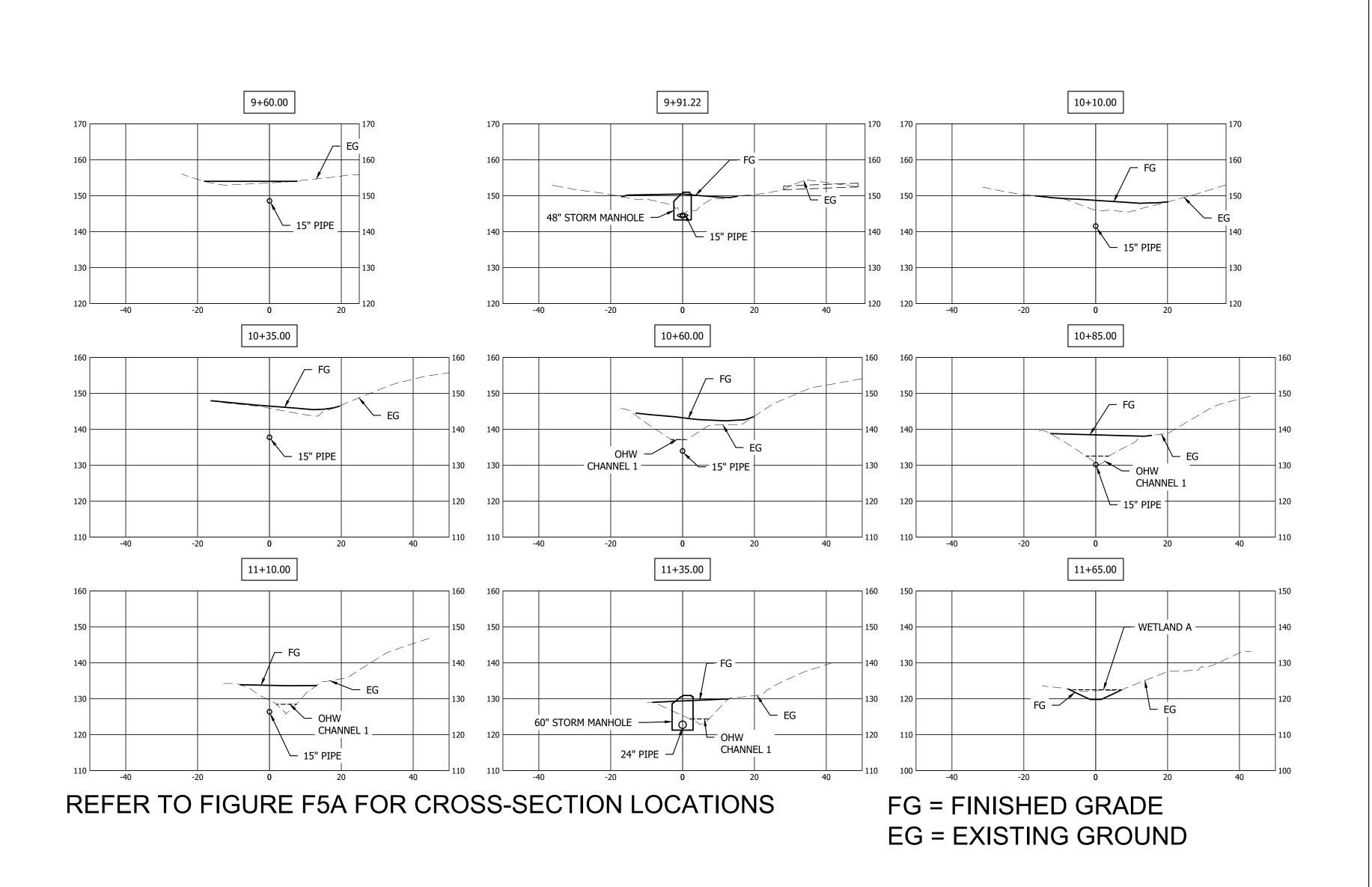
- PROPOSED GRASS PATH, PROVIDING PEDESTRIAN ACCESS TO EXISTING PATH.
- PROPOSED PERMANENT MAINTENANCE EASEMENT TO EXTEND 7.5 FT ON EITHER SIDE OF PIPE ALIGNMENT.

GENERAL NOTES

- SEE GRADING SECTIONS IN FIGURE 6A FOR ADDITIONAL GRADING INFORMATION.
- ENGINEERED FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY BY ASTM D698 (STANDARD PROCTOR) AND PLACED IN MAX 8" LIFTS, AS DIRECTED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
- FILL IN JURISDICTIONAL WETLAND A = 5 CY. CUT IN JURISDICTIONAL WETLAND A = 6 CY.
- FILL IN CHANNEL 1 = 97 CY. CUT IN CHANNEL 1 = 0 CY. MAX CUT DEPTH 11 FT. MAX FILL DEPTH 11 FT.



REDESIGN OUTFALL $\Delta = z$ DRAWN ARB DESIGNED CHECKED FIGURE NUMBER

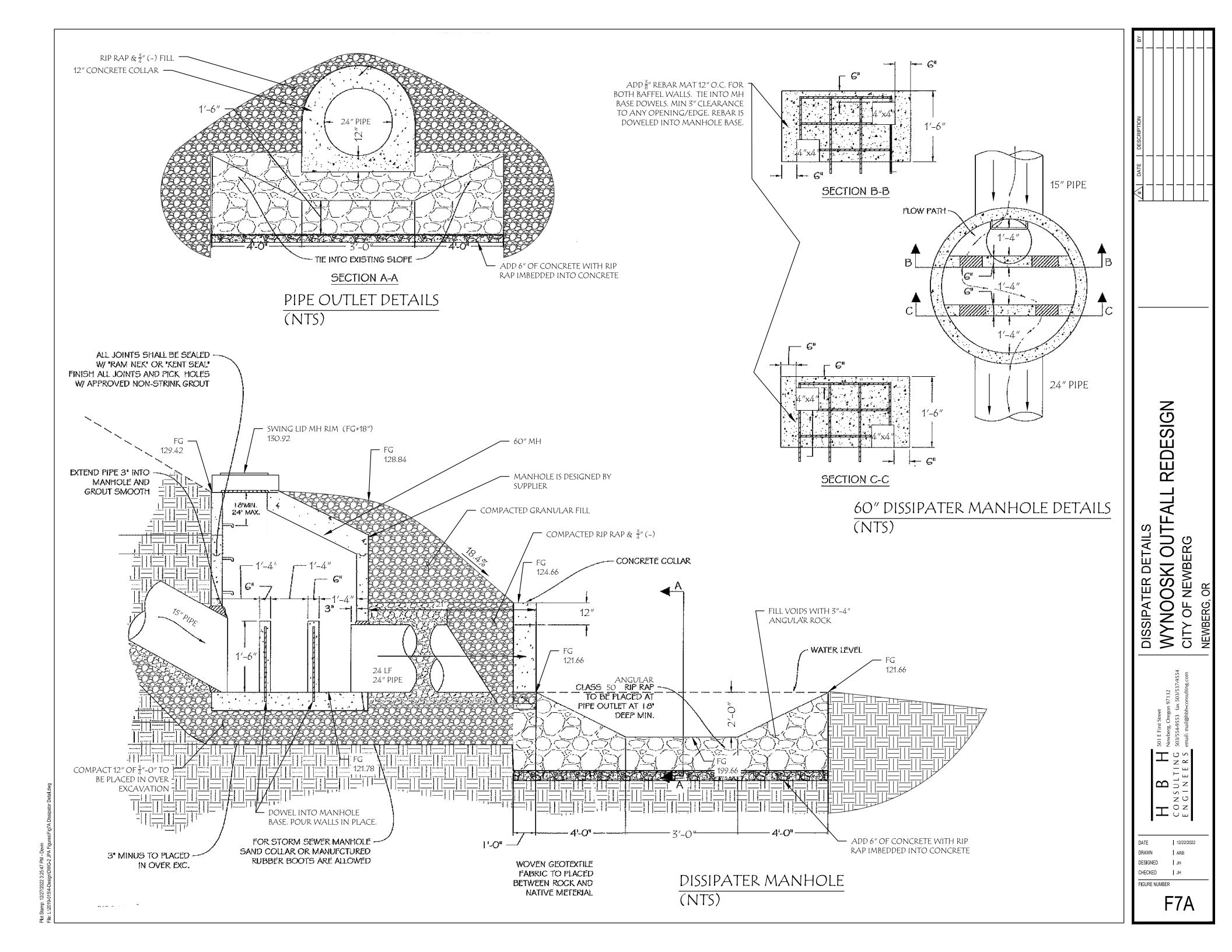


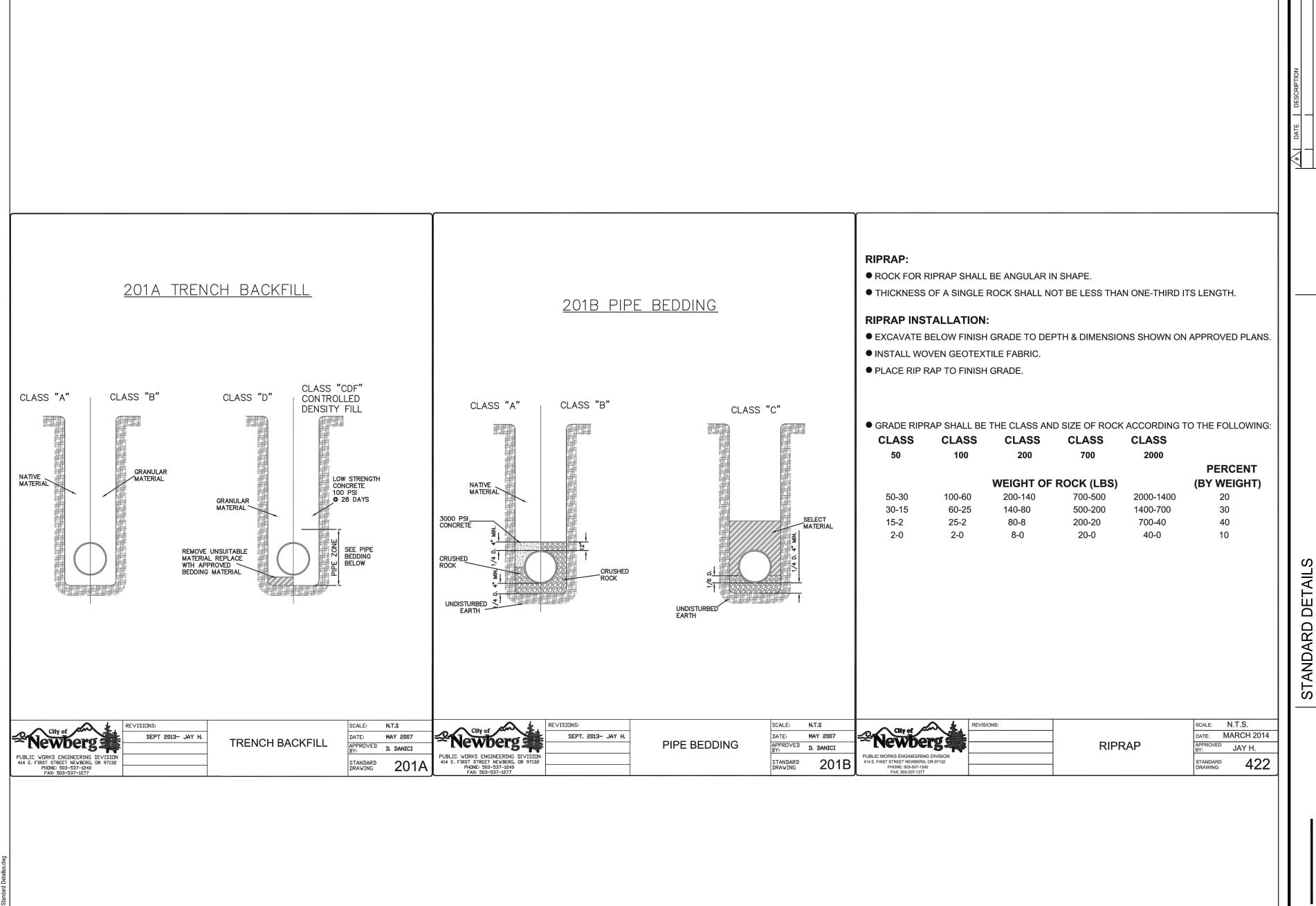
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TE | 12/22/2022 AWN | ARB SIGNED | JH ECKED | JH SURE NUMBER

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STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENTS CROSS SECTIONS WYNOOSKI OUTFALL REDESIGN CITY OF NEWBERG





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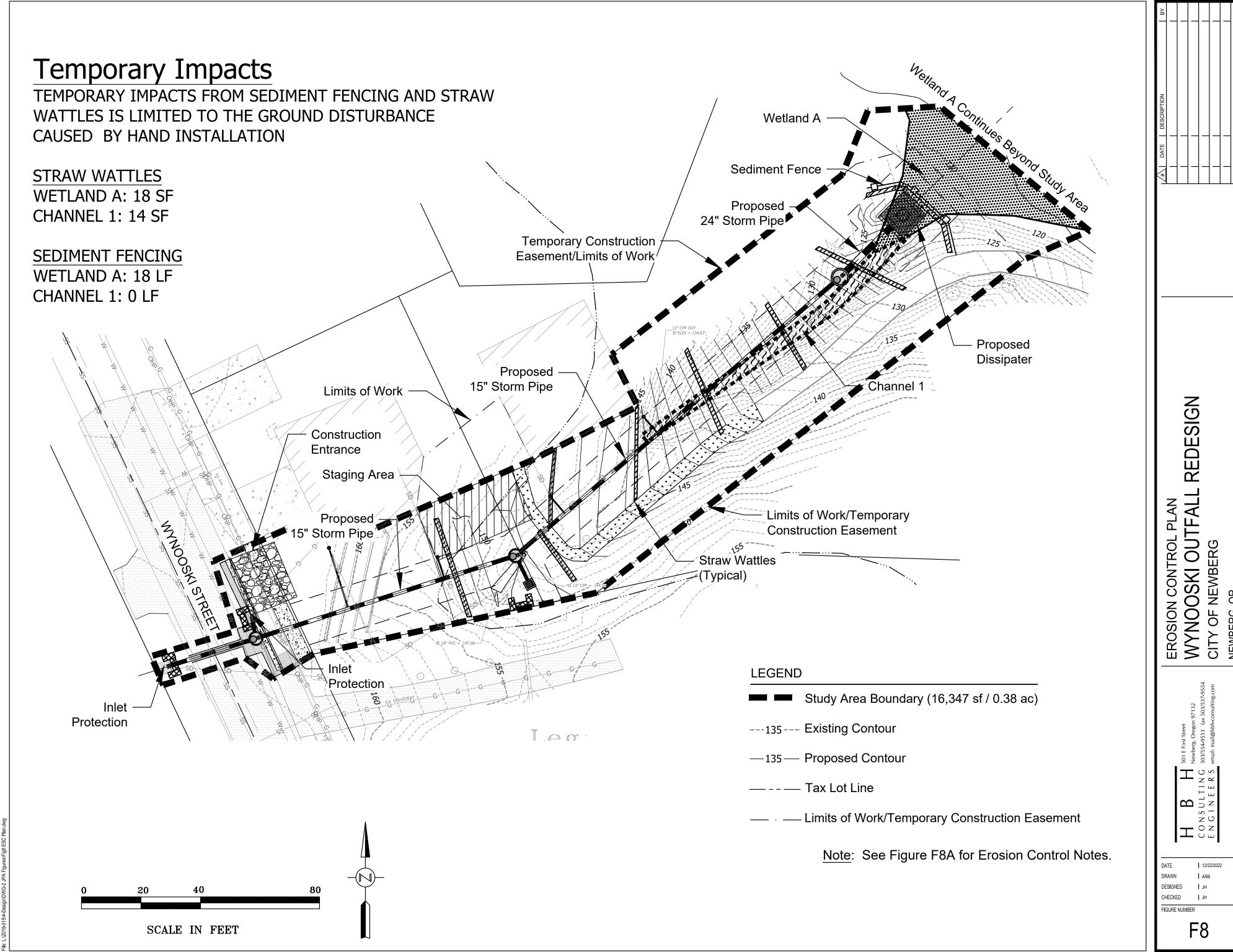
B H 50 N S U L T I N G 5 1 G I N E E R S 6

REDESIGN

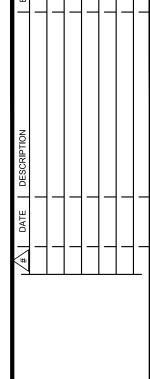
OUTFALL

WYNOOSKI OUT

F7B



- 1. CONTRACTOR TO HAVE ESC DURING CONSTRUCTION AS NECESSARY. FINAL ESC SHOWN ON PLANS.
- 2. THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS ESC PLAN AND THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, REPLACEMENT, AND UPGRADING OF THE ESC FACILITIES IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT/CONTRACTOR UNTIL ALL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED, APPROVED AND VEGETATION/LANDSCAPING IS ESTABLISHED.
- 3. THE ESC PLAN, ANY REVISIONS, AND INSPECTION LOGS SHALL BE KEPT ONSITE AT ALL TIMES.
- 4. THE ESC MEASURES SHOWN ON THE PLAN ARE THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROJECT SITE AND SHALL BE UPGRADED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL REGULATIONS.
- 5. ALL ESC MEASURES SHALL BE APPROVED, IN PLACE, AND FUNCTIONAL PRIOR TO ANY GROUND DISTURBANCE OF THE SITE. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL ESC MEASURES THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.
- 6. CLEARING LIMITS, CRITICAL RIPARIAN AREAS, BUFFER ZONES, AND PRESERVED VEGETATION (INCLUDING IMPORTANT TREES AND ASSOCIATED CRITICAL ROOT ZONES) SHALL HAVE HIGH VISIBILITY FENCE INSTALLED BEFORE GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION TO IDENTIFY, MARK, AND PROTECT THE AREAS.
- 7. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL AVOID OR MINIMIZE ANY EXCAVATION OR OTHER SOIL DESTABILIZATION FROM OCTOBER 1ST TO MAY 31ST OF THE FOLLOWING YEAR.
- 8. TEMPORARY SITE STABILIZATION MEASURES WILL BE INSTALLED AT THE END OF THE SHIFT BEFORE A HOLIDAY OR WEEKEND OR AT THE END OF EACH WORKDAY IF RAIN IS FORECAST IN THE NEXT 24 HOURS.
- 9. SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED ALONG THE SITE PERIMETER ON ALL DOWN-GRADIENT SIDES OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AND AT ALL ACTIVE AND OPERATIONAL INTERNAL STORM DRAINS AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 10. DRY METHODS MUST BE USED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT AND CONCRETE SWEEPINGS FROM AREAS WHERE DISCHARGE IS LIKELY TO THE STORM DRAINS, STREETS, WATERCOURSES, OR SENSITIVE AREAS.
- 11. ALL DIRT AND DEBRIS TRACKED ONTO STREETS MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY IF IT CAN BE SPREAD BY TRAFFIC OR OTHERWISE REACH STORM DRAINS, WATERCOURSES, OR SENSITIVE AREAS.
- 12. SEDIMENT DISCHARGED OFFSITE MUST BE PLACED BACK ONSITE WITHIN 24 HOURS AND STABILIZED. IN-STREAM WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES AND TIMEFRAMES OF THE OREGON DEPARTMENT OF STATE LANDS.
- 13. NO SEDIMENT-LADEN WATER MAY BE PUMPED, DIVERTED, OR OTHERWISE DISCHARGED OFFSITE UNLESS APPROVED BY THE ESC PLAN.
- 14. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED WHEN IT HAS REACHED THE LEVEL SPECIFIED IN THE STANDARD DETAIL.
- 15. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED FROM SUMPED STRUCTURES WHEN THE SEDIMENT RETENTION CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED BY 1/3RD AND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF PROJECT COMPLETION.
- 16. WHEN REMOVING SATURATED SOILS FROM THE SITE, EITHER WATERTIGHT TRUCKS MUST BE USED OR LOADS MUST BE DRAINED ONSITE UNTIL DRIPPING HAS BEEN REDUCED TO MINIMIZE SPILLAGE.
- 17. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED ON ACTIVE SITES AT LEAST WEEKLY OR AFTER PRECIPITATION IN EXCESS OF 0.5 INCHES IN 24 HOURS. IF A SITE WILL BE INACTIVE MORE THAN CITY OF NEWBERG EROSION CONTROL MANUAL 2014 PAGE 30 FOURTEEN (14) DAYS, EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED PRIOR TO THE INACTIVE PERIOD AND EVERY TWO (2) WEEKS DURING THE INACTIVE PERIOD.
- 18. ALL CONSTRUCTION SITES MUST FOLLOW PROPER STORAGE, APPLICATION, AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS. NO DUMPING OR DISPOSAL OF CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, WASTE, OR SPOIL MATERIAL WILL OCCUR IN ANY STREAM, STORMWATER SYSTEM, WETLANDS, SURFACE WATERS, OR OTHER WATERCOURSES OR SENSITIVE AREAS.
- 19. WRITTEN SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROCEDURES ARE REQUIRED FOR ALL SITES.
- 20. TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS MUST HAVE COVER AND SECONDARY CONTAINMENT.
- 21. CONCRETE TRUCKS SHALL NOT DISCHARGE WASHWATER WHERE IT IS LIKELY TO FLOW INTO STORM DRAINS, STREETS, WATERCOURSES, OR SENSITIVE AREAS.
- 22. PAVING ACTIVITIES SHALL BE MINIMIZED BETWEEN OCTOBER 1ST AND MAY 31ST OF THE FOLLOWING YEAR TO AVOID POTENTIAL DISCHARGE OF PAVING CHEMICALS INTO THE STORM DRAINS, STREETS, WATERCOURSES, OR SENSITIVE AREAS.
- 23. ALL ESC MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE 30 DAYS AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND APPROVED BY THE CITY.
- 24. CONTRACTOR TO HYDROSEED AFFECTED AREA WITH SHADE-TOLERANT, HYDROSEED MIX THAT DOES NOT REQUIRE MOWING (LOW HEIGHT GRASS) FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION.
- 25. AREA OF GROUND DISTURBANCE IS APPROXIMATELY 5600 SQFT. AN EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PERMIT IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION.

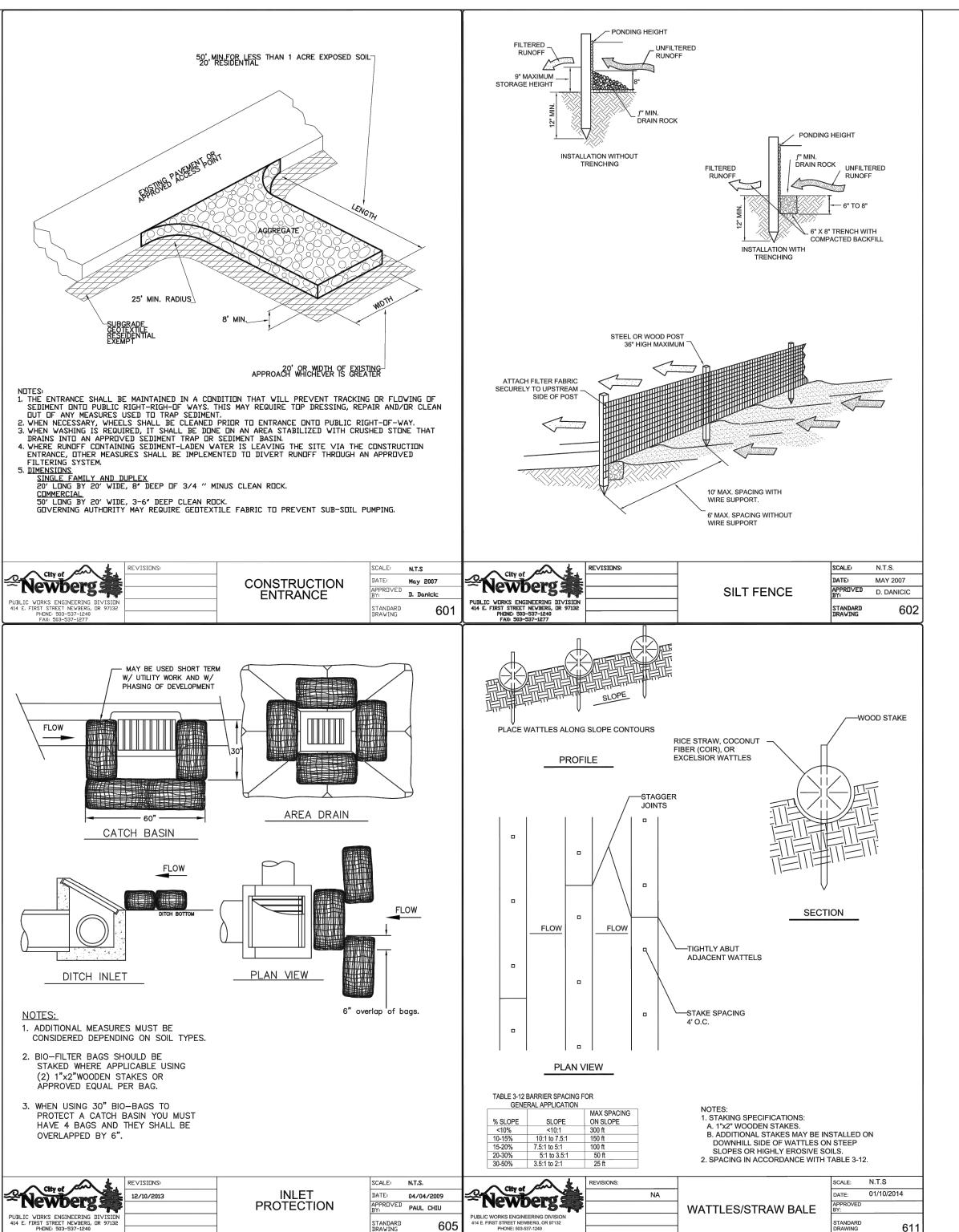


| EROSION CONTROL NOTES | WYNOOSKI OUTFALL REDESIGN | CITY OF NEWBERG | NEWBERG, OR

HBH BNewberg, Oregon 97132 CONSULTING 503/554-9553 fax 503/537-9 ENGINEERS email: mail@hbh-consulting.co

DATE | 12/22/2022
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DESIGNED | JH
CHECKED | JH
FIGURE NUMBER

F8A



STANDARD DRAWING

OBLIG WORKS ENGINEERING DIVISION 14 E. FIRST STREET NEWBERG, OR 97132 PHONE: 503-537-1240 FAX: 503-537-1277

611

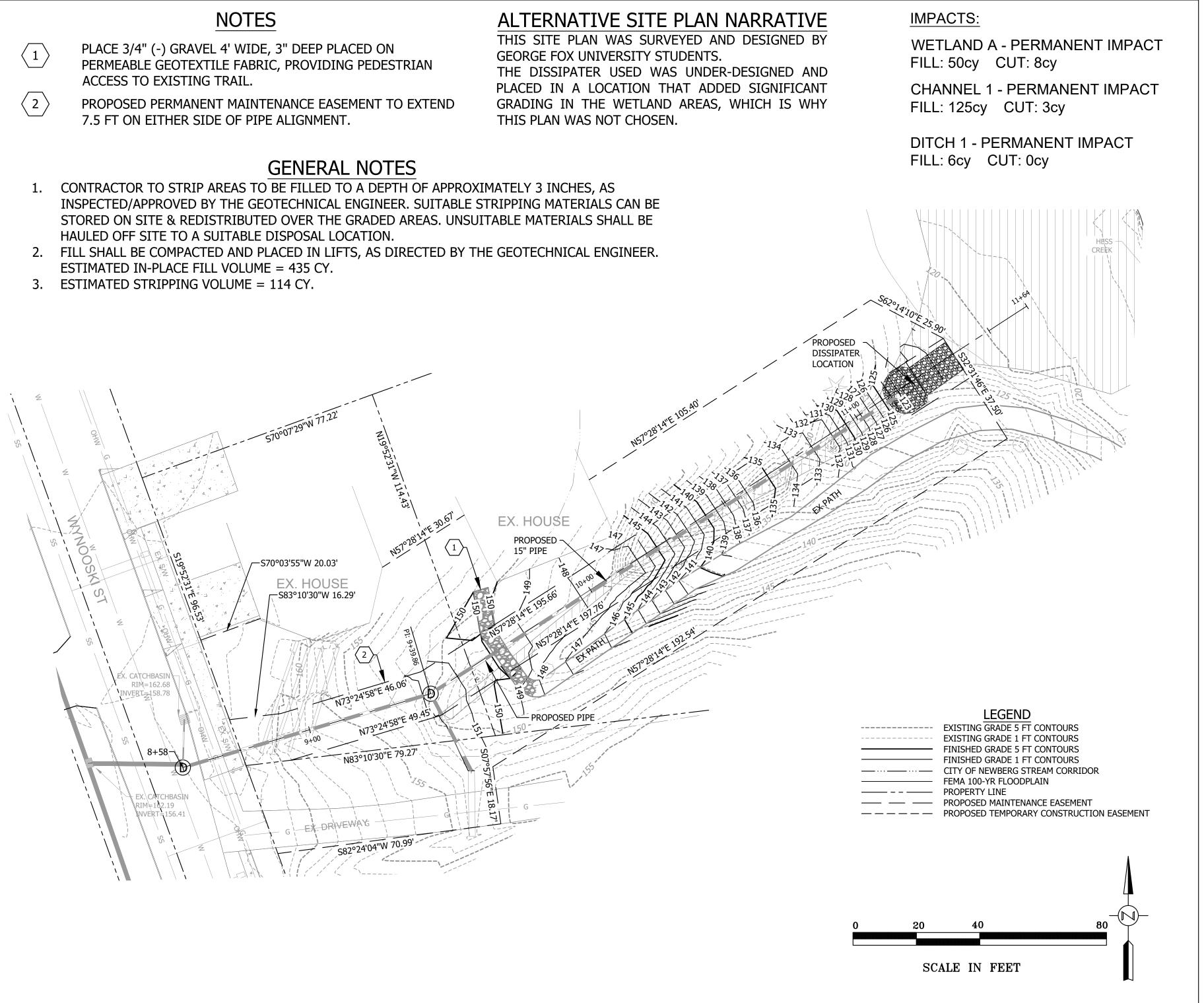
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∆ ⊃ z N S G L Γ° NEWBERG,

12/22/2022 DRAWN ARB DESIGNED JH CHECKED JH

FIGURE NUMBER

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DATE DESCRIPTION BY

ALTERNATIVE SITE PLAN
WYNOOSKI OUTFALL REDESIGN
CITY OF NEWBERG

H B H Sol E First Street

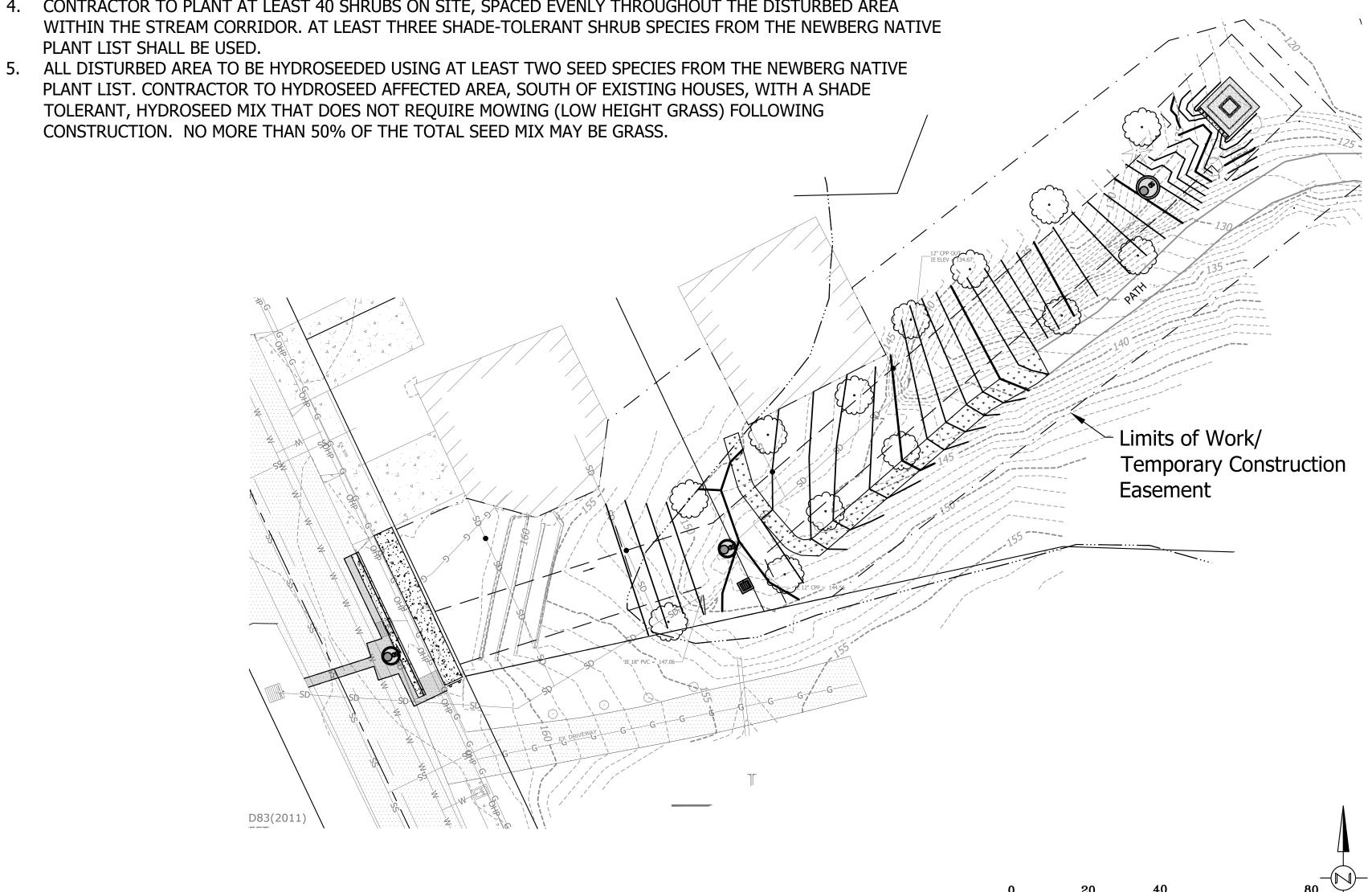
CONSULTING 503/554-9553 fax i
ENGINEERS email: mail@hbh-co

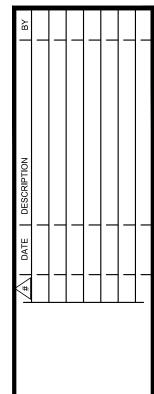
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CHECKED | JH
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F9

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. CONTRACTOR TO PLANT AT LEAST 13 TREES ON SITE, SPACED EVENLY THROUGHOUT THE DISTURBED AREA WITHIN THE STREAM CORRIDOR. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY TOTAL NUMBER OF EXISTING TREES GREATER THAN 6" DBH TO BE REMOVED. IF MORE THAN FOUR TREES GREATER THAN 6" DBH WILL BE REMOVED, CONTRACTOR TO PLANT NEW TREES AT A RATIO OF 3 NEW TREES FOR EVERY 1 TREE REMOVED.
- 2. TREES SHALL BE PLANTED OUTSIDE OF THE PERMANENT MAINTENANCE EASEMENT.
- 3. AT LEAST THREE TREE SPECIES SHALL BE SELECTED FROM THE NEWBERG NATIVE PLANT LIST. NEW TREES MUST BE AT LEAST 1" CALIPER WHEN PLANTED.
- 4. CONTRACTOR TO PLANT AT LEAST 40 SHRUBS ON SITE, SPACED EVENLY THROUGHOUT THE DISTURBED AREA WITHIN THE STREAM CORRIDOR. AT LEAST THREE SHADE-TOLERANT SHRUB SPECIES FROM THE NEWBERG NATIVE





REDESIGN REVEGETATION PLAN

DESIGNED CHECKED

SCALE IN FEET

F10

Attachment 2

Department of State Lands Concurrence Letter





April 15, 2019

Department of State Lands

775 Summer Street NE, Suite 100 Salem, OR 97301-1279 (503) 986-5200 FAX (503) 378-4844

State Land Board

www.oregon.gov/dsl

City of Newberg Attn: James (Jay) Harris, Public Works Director 414 E. First Street Newberg, OR 97132

Kate Brown Governor

Bev Clarno Secretary of State

Re: WD #2019-0031 Wetland Delineation Report for Wynooski

Street Storm Project, Yamhill County;

T 3S R 2W S 20AC TL 802 and 700 (Portion);

Tobias Read State Treasurer

Dear Mr. Harris:

The Department of State Lands has reviewed the wetland delineation report prepared by Pacific Habitat Services for the site referenced above. Please note that the study area includes only a portion of the tax lots described above (see the attached maps). Based upon the information presented in the report, and additional information submitted upon request, we concur with the wetland and waterway boundaries as mapped in revised Figure 6 of the report. Please replace all copies of the preliminary wetland map with this final Department-approved map.

Within the study area(s), one wetland (Wetland A), one waterway (Channel 1) and one ditch (Ditch 1) were identified. Wetland A (totaling approximately 0.03 acres) and Channel 1 are subject to the permit requirements of the state Removal-Fill Law. Under current regulations, a state permit is required for cumulative fill or annual excavation of 50 cubic yards or more in wetland or below the ordinary high-water line (OHWL) of the waterway (or the 2-year recurrence interval flood elevation if OHWL cannot be determined). Ditch 1 is exempt per OAR 141-085-0515(8) and therefore, not subject to current state Removal-Fill requirements.

This concurrence is for purposes of the state Removal-Fill Law only. Federal or local permit requirements may apply as well. The Army Corps of Engineers will determine jurisdiction for purposes of the Clean Water Act. We recommend that you attach a copy of this concurrence letter to both copies of any subsequent joint permit application to speed application review.

Please be advised that state law establishes a preference for avoidance of wetland impacts. Because measures to avoid and minimize wetland impacts may include reconfiguring parcel layout and size or development design, we recommend that you

work with Department staff on appropriate site design before completing the city or county land use approval process.

This concurrence is based on information provided to the agency. The jurisdictional determination is valid for five years from the date of this letter unless new information necessitates a revision. Circumstances under which the Department may change a determination are found in OAR 141-090-0045 (available on our web site or upon request). In addition, laws enacted by the legislature and/or rules adopted by the Department may result in a change in jurisdiction; individuals and applicants are subject to the regulations that are in effect at the time of the removal-fill activity or complete permit application. The applicant, landowner, or agent may submit a request for reconsideration of this determination in writing within six months of the date of this letter.

Thank you for having the site evaluated. Please phone me at 503-986-5271 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Daniel Evans, PWS Jurisdiction Coordinator Approved by

Peter Ryan, PWS

Aquatic Resource Specialist

Enclosures

ec:

Carlee Michelson, PHS

City of Newberg Planning Department Kinsey Friesen, Corps of Engineers

Mike DeBlasi, DSL

WETLAND DELINEATION / DETERMINATION REPORT COVER FORM

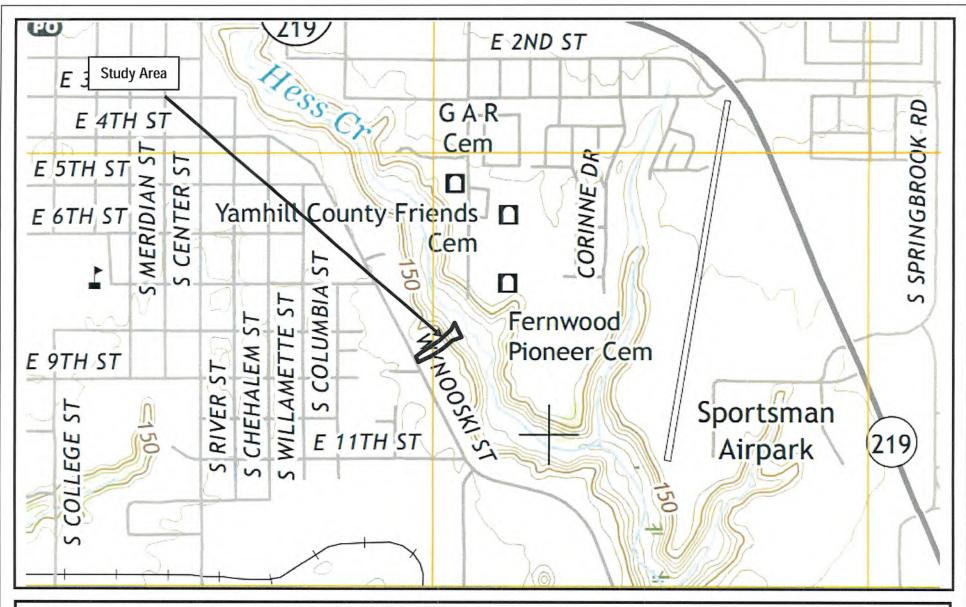
Fully completed and signed report cover forms and applicable fees are required before report review timelines are initiated by the Department of State Lands. Make the checks payable to the Oregon Department of State Lands. To pay fees by credit card, go online at: https://apps.oregon.gov/DSL/EPS/program?key=4.

Attach this completed and signed form to the front of an unbound report or include a hard copy with a digital version (single PDF file of the report cover from and report, minimum 300 dpi resolution) and submit to, **Oregon Department of State Lands**, **775 Summer Street NE**, **Suite 100**, **Salem**, **OR 97301-1279**. A single PDF of the completed cover form and report may be e-mailed to **Wetland_Delineation@dsl.state.or.us**. For submittal of PDF files larger than 10 MB, e-mail DSL instructions on how to access the file from your ftp or other file sharing website.

Contact and Authorization Information	
Applicant Owner Name, Firm and Address:	Business phone # (503) 537-1211
James (Jay) Harris, Public Works Director	Mobile phone # (optional)
City of Newberg	E-mail: jay.harris@newbergoregon.gov
414 E. First Street Newberg, OR 97132	
Authorized Legal Agent, Name and Address:	Business phone #
Same as above	Mobile phone #
	E-mail:
I either own the property described below or I have legal authori	ority to allow access to the property. I authorize the Department to access the
property for the purpose of confirming the information in the rep Typed/Printed Name: James (Jay) O. Harris	port, after prior notification to the trimary contact. Signature:
	access: Please call me w/ date/time of visit so I can notify the prop. owners.
Project and Site Information	Letitude: 45 202202 Lengitude: 422 062274
Project Name:	Latitude: 45.293802 Longitude: -122.962271 decimal degree - centroid of site or start & end points of linear project
Wynooski Street Storm Project	Tax Map # 3 2 20CA
	Tax Lot(s) 802 & 700 (Portion)
Proposed Use:	Tax Map #
Storm Line/Utility	Tax Lot(s)
	Township Range Section QQ
Project Street Address (or other descriptive location):	3S 2W 20AC NE1/4 SW1/4
7.0 11.01	Use separate sheet for additional tax and location information
740 Wynooski Street	Waterway: N/A River Mile:
City: Newberg County: Yamhill	NWI Quad(s): Newberg
Wetland Delineation Information	
Wetland Consultant Name, Firm and Address:	Phone # 503-570-0800
Pacific Habitat Services	Mobile phone #
Attn: Carlee Michelson	E-mail: cm@pacifichabitat.com
9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070	
The information and conclusions on this form and in the attache	ned report are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
Consultant Signature	Date: 1/18/2019
Carle Signature.	
Primary Contact for report review and site access is	Consultant
Wetland/Waters Present? ☐ Yes ☐ No Study Area	ea size: 0.31 acre Total Wetland Acreage: 0.03; Waters: 0.01
Check Applicable Boxes Below	
R-F permit application submitted	
☐ Mitigation bank site	Fee (\$100) for resubmittal of rejected report
☐ Industrial Land Certification Program Site	Request for Reissuance. See eligibility criteria (no fee)
	tion) DSL # Expiration Date
Wetland restoration/enhancement project (not mitigation)	tion)
☐ Previous delineation/application on parcel?	∠
If Known, previous DSL#	Wetland ID Code
For	Office Use Only
DSL Reviewer: Fee Paid Date:	111 DSL WD# 2019-003
Date Delineation Received: 1121 Scan	anned: ☐ Final Scan: ☐ DSL App. #
	All and City

electronic

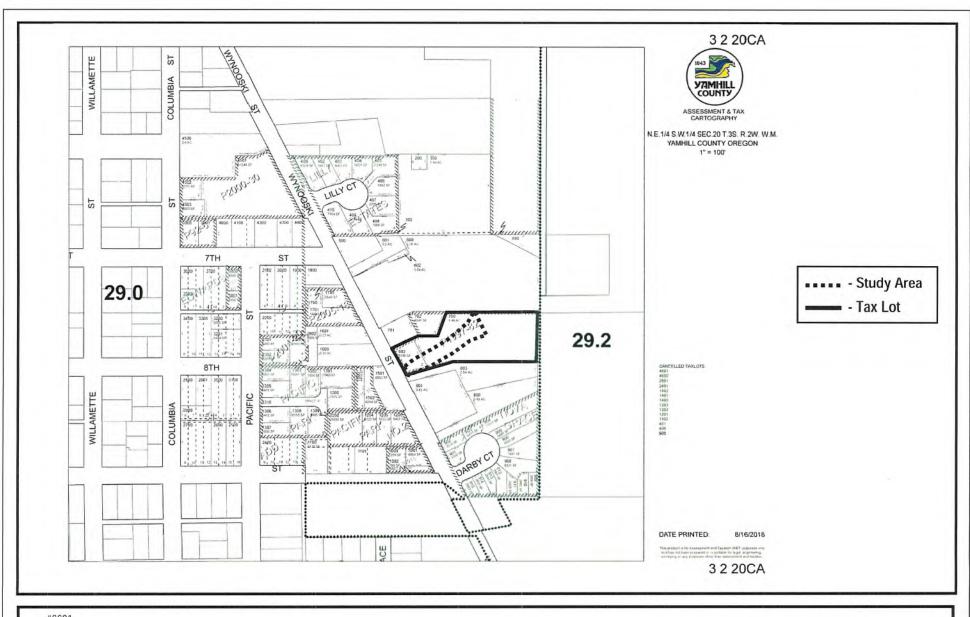
77546





Pacific Habitat Services, Inc. 9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070 General Location and Topography Wynooski Road Storm Project - Newberg, Oregon United States Geological Survey (USGS), Newberg, Oregon, 7.5 Quadrangle, 2017 (viewer/nationalmap.gov/basic) FIGURE

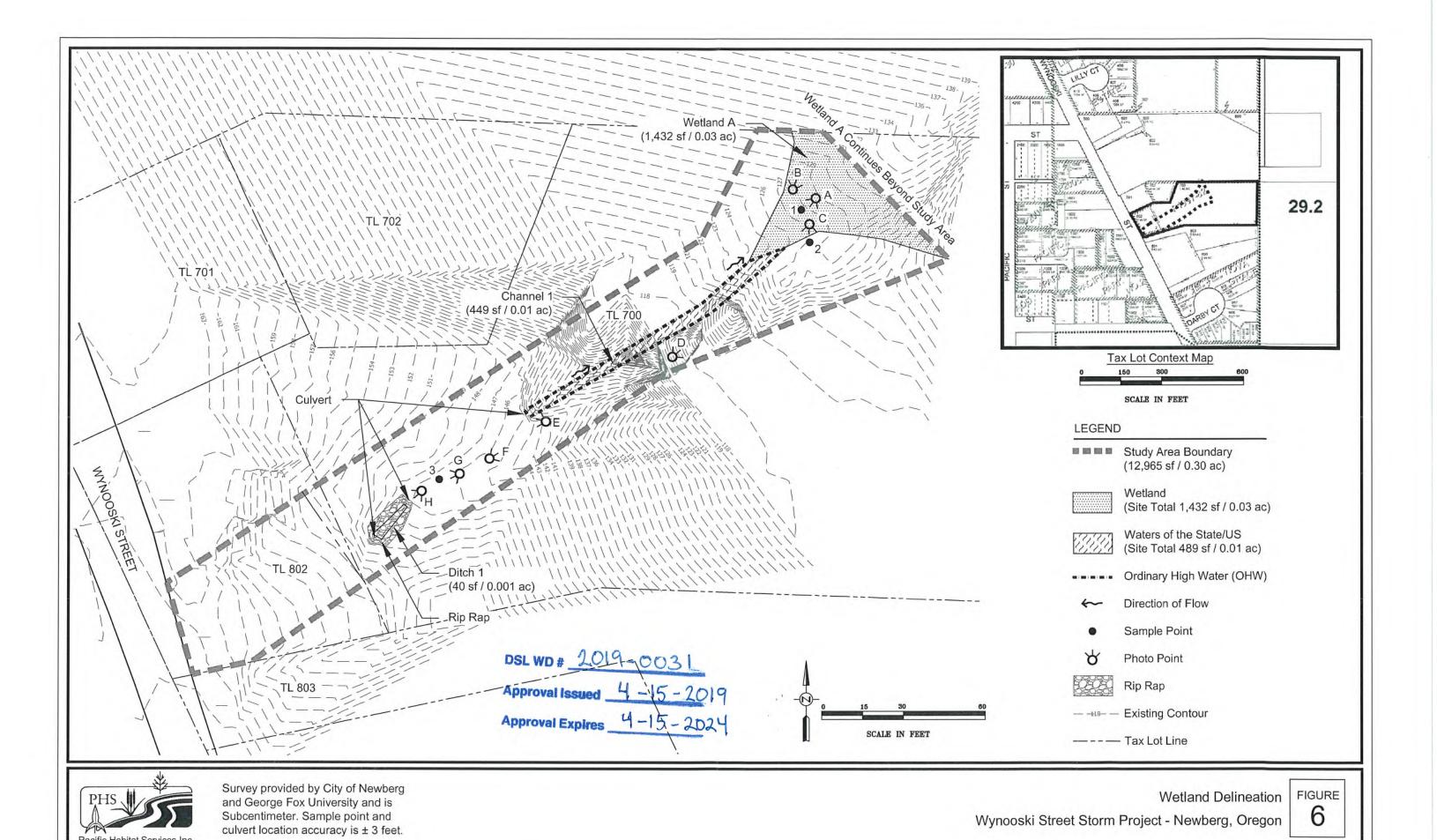
1



#6601 10/8/2018

Pacific Habitat Services, Inc. 9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070 Tax Lot Map Wynooski Road Storm Project - Newberg, Oregon The Oregon Map (ormap.net) **FIGURE**

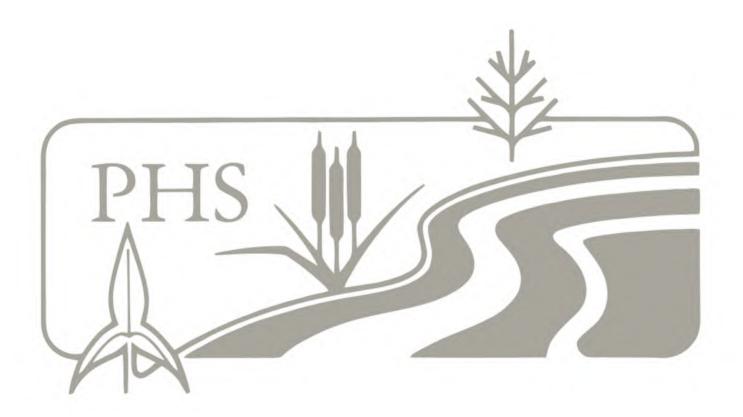
2



4-12-2019

Attachment 3

Stream Functional Assessment



STREAL	M FUNCTIO	ON ASSESSIN Version 1.0 (J		IOD for ORE	GON
Name of Project Area: Channel 1 (Wynoosk Data Collector: CM Project Number: 6601	ki St)	Date of Field Assessment: Elevation: (SFAM Report) Project Area Length (feet):	143	Latitude*: Longitude*: * near center of Project Area (acres):	-122.9619 If the project site
Photo Numbers:					
What is the Oregon Stream Classification for the project area spans more than one reach,	• •	•		e SFAM Report. If	Mountain Wet Rain/Valley Wet
What ratings does the Oregon Stream Classif more than one reach, describe the dominant class	•	the following measu	ures in the local hydr	rologic unit? Refer to	the SFAM Report. If project area spans
Aquifer Permeability (local)	uifer Permeability (local) High Soil Permeabilit				
Erodibility (local)	(local) Easily Erodible			< 2%	*If EPA Classification is different from the gradient you observe in the local reach, select the gradient in the local reach.
Is the channel perennial, intermittent, or eph	nemeral? (Map View	er-NHD Flowline)	Intern	nittent	
Which Level III EPA Ecoregion is the site locate	ted in? (SFAM Report	:)	Willamette Valley		Western Mountains
Is the average width of the stream less than or	greater than 50 fee	t? (User Input)	≤ 50	feet	Small
What is the 2 year peak flow (cfs)? (StreamState	ts Report)		95	5.2	
What is the size of the drainage area (mi ²)?	StreamStats Report)		2.	93	
was gathered (if known).					
Project Area History: Based on conversation present management actions (e.g., vegetation regimes). Human disturbances, hydrology conveyed throug	n control), natural	disturbances (e.g., fir	e, insect infestations	•	
Assessment Notes: Note any special features Either end of the PAA is truncated by wetland on typical evaluation of an EAA. This was discussed w assessment. In the EAA Field Data Form, transects	the downslope end (vith Dana Hicks (DSL)	channel ends/loses mo , who suggested that w	rphology), and truncat e evaluate existing cor	ted by a stormwater pi nditions "as-is", with n	pe on the upslope end, preventing the otes describing the limitations of this

STREAM FUNCTION ASSESSMENT METHOD for OREGON Channel 1 (Wynooski St) Channel 1 (Wynooski St) Scores Automatically Calculated in Green Boxes

\/ \/\	IIFC	MEVE	IRFC	TARIF

Name of Project

Area:

FILL IN THE YE	LLOW BOXES. Most	questions contai	n drop-down mei		Dective answer box. Select an answer from the drop-dov	vn menus, when	possible, instead of t	yping an answer.
Measure	Function Groups	Submeasure	Measure Abbreviation	Qualifiers		Data Entry		Measure Score
V1 Rare Species Occurrence & Special Habitat Designations	vicinity, or personal	easure using infor I knowledge abou port provides ran ithin 5 years) ons	bitat designations rmation from the it the site. ikings of High, Inte	site's SFAM repo	of the PA? ort (rare species scores & special habitat designations sector or None for each category of rare species associated with ecies by a qualified observer under conditions similar to very	aquatic and ripa	rian habitat. Upgrade	a ranking to High if
	Values informed: Surf Essential salmonid	_		•	Maintain Biodiversity, Sustain Trophic Structure, Nutrient Cyclin	g, Chemical Regula	ation, Thermal Regulatio	on
	Hydrology, Geomorphology,	Fish	Fish		Is the PA within a HUC12 that has designated Essential Salmonid Habitat (ESH)? Select yes or no.	Yes	_	1.00
	Biology, Water Quality				According to the site's SFAM Report, what is the "non-anadromous fish" score? Select an answer from the dropdown menu:	Low		1.00
	Rare amphibian an	d reptile species	•	_				
	Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology, Water Quality Important Bird Are	Rare Amphibians and Reptiles	RarAmRep		According to the site's SFAM Report, what is the "amphibian and reptile" score? Select an answer from the dropdown menu:			0.50
	Biology, Water	as of fare water	oli as.		Is there an Important Bird Area (IBA) within a 2-mile radius of the PA?	NO		
	Quality	Waterbirds	Waterbird		According to the site's SFAM Report, what is the "feeding waterbird" score? Select an answer from the dropdown menu:	None/Not Known		0.00
	Rare songbirds, rap	otors, and mamm	nals:					
	Biology, Water Quality	Rare Bird and Mammals	RarBdMm		According to the site's SFAM Report, what is the "songbird, raptor and mammal" score? Select an answer from the dropdown menu:	None/Not Known		0.00
	Rare invertebrate	pecies:						
	Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology, Water Quality	Rare Invertebrates	RarInvert		According to the site's SFAM Report, what is the "invertebrates" score? Select an answer from the dropdown menu:	None/Not Known		0.00
	Rare plant species:			•			•	
	Geomorphology, Biology, Water Quality	Rare Plants	RarPlant		According to the site's SFAM Report, what is the "plant" score? Select an answer from the dropdown menu:	None/Not Known		0.00
V2		303(d) list or oth	ner TMDL (Catego	ries 3B-5) for a	ny of the following impairments: sediment, nutrient, me	etals & toxics, ten	nperature, or flow m	odification?
Water Quality Impairments		_		·	ort (water quality impairments section). rain Habitat, Sustain Trophic Structure, Nutrient Cycling, Cl	hemical Regulatio	on, Thermal Regulatio	n
	Sediment impairmed problem) Geomorphology,	ent: total suspend	ded solids (TSS), s	edimentation, o	or turbidity (note that some sedimentation can be naturall	y occurring and d	esirable therefore do	es not constitute a
	Water Quality	Sedimentation nt: phosphorus, r	SedList nitrate, ammonia,	DO, aquatic we	Select yes or no from the dropdown menu: eds or algae, chlorophyll a, etc.; or untreated stormwater,	No /wastewater disch	harge occurs within 5	0.00 00 feet of the reach
	Biology, Water Quality	Nutrient Impairment	NutrImp		Select yes or no from the dropdown menu:	No		0.00
			toxics, dioxin, hea	avy metals (iron	, manganese, lead, zinc, etc.); or untreated stormwater/w	astewater dischai	rge occurs within 500	feet of the reach
	Water Quality	Metals & Toxics Impairment	ToxImp		Select yes or no from the dropdown menu:	No		0.00
	Temperature impa	irment:						
	Biology, Water Quality Flow modification:	Temperature Impairment	Templmp		Select yes or no from the dropdown menu:	No		0.00
	Hydrology, Biology	Flow Modification	FlowMod		Select yes or no from the dropdown menu:	No		0.00

V3	is the PA boundary	within 300 feet	of a special prote	cted area?					
	Answer using inform	nation from the s	site's SFAM Report	t (Within 300 fee	t of a Special Protected Area) as well as other available da	ta for the PA and	lits vicinity.		
Protected Areas									
	Note: The SFAM Rep	ort evaluates wl	hether BLM Areas	of Critical Enviro	nmental Concern (ACEC) or Outstanding Natural Areas (O	NA), federal Res	earch Natural	Areas (RNA)	or Special
	Interest Areas (SIA),	Natural Heritage	e Conservation Are	eas (NHCA), and	Land Trust and Nature Conservancy Preserves are within 3	300 feet of the PA	A. If there are	other lands v	vithin 300 feet
	of the site that are p	rotected specific	cally for their high	ecological signif	icance, select yes and provide references in the assessmer	nt notes section	of the cover p	age.	
		•							
	Values informed: Mo	aintain Biodivers	ity, Sustain Trophi	ic Structure					
			,,						
	D'alas		Destant		Calastina and from the disadence reserve	NI -			0.00
	Biology		Protect		Select yes or no from the dropdown menu:	No			0.00
V4	What is the percent	t impervious are	a in the drainage	basin?					
	Answer using inform	nation from the s	site's StreamStats	Report (IMPERV)					
Impervious Area									
	Values informed: Su	rface Water Stor	age, Flow Variatio	on, Sediment Con	tinuity, Substrate Mobility, Create & Maintain Habitat, Sus	stain Trophic Stru	icture, Nutrie	nt Cycling, Ch	emical
	Regulation, Therma	l Regulation							
	Hydrology,				<10%, select A;				
	Geomorphology,				10-25%, select B;	_			0.00
	Biology, Water		ImpArea		>25-60%, select C;	В			0.30
	Quality				>60%, select D.				
V5	What is the percent	age of intact rin	arian area within	2 miles unstrea	·				
					. natural) perennial cover appropriate for the basin that is	s at least 15 ft wir	de on both sic	les of the cha	nnel.
Riparian Area	· ·			= :	native prairies, sagebrush, vegetated wetlands, as well as				
		_			razed pastures, timber harvest areas, and rangeland. It do		_		
					recreational fields, pavement, bare soil, rock, bare sand, c		-	(-	0, -0,
		,, ,,	,	, 80 00		g. a. a. a. a. a.			
	Values informed: Cre	eate & Maintain	Habitat, Sustain T	rophic Structure,	Nutrient Cycling, Chemical Regulation, Thermal Regulation	on			
			ŕ	•	, 5				
					If > 500/ coloot A				
	D' 1 14/ 1				If >50% select A.				
	Biology, Water		RipArea		If >35-50%, select B.	D			0.00
	Quality				If 15-35%, select C.				
					If <15%, select D.				
V6	What is the extent of	of infrastructure	(buildings, bridge	es, utilities, row	crops) in the floodplain?				
V6					crops) in the floodplain? It water body (large tributary, mainstem junction, lake, etc.)	c.) or 2 miles dov	vnstream, wh	ichever is less	5.
V6 Extent of						c.) or 2 miles dov	vnstream, wh	ichever is less	5.
	Consider the floodp	lain area betwee	n the PA and eithe	er the next larges		c.) or 2 miles dov	vnstream, wh	ichever is less	5.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain	Consider the floodp	lain area betwee	n the PA and eithe	er the next larges	t water body (large tributary, mainstem junction, lake, etc	c.) or 2 miles dov	vnstream, wh	ichever is less	5.
Extent of Downstream	Consider the floodp	lain area betwee	n the PA and eithe	er the next larges	t water body (large tributary, mainstem junction, lake, etc. Maintain Habitat, Sustain Trophic Structure	c.) or 2 miles dov	vnstream, wh	ichever is less	5.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain	Consider the floodp	lain area betwee	n the PA and eithe	er the next larges	t water body (large tributary, mainstem junction, lake, etc. Maintain Habitat, Sustain Trophic Structure If >50% of total area, select A.	c.) or 2 miles dov	vnstream, wh	ichever is less	5.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain	Consider the floodpl Values informed: Sur Hydrology,	lain area betwee	n the PA and either age, Sediment Cor	er the next larges	It water body (large tributary, mainstem junction, lake, etc. R. Maintain Habitat, Sustain Trophic Structure If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B.	c.) or 2 miles dov	vnstream, wh	ichever is less	
Extent of Downstream Floodplain	Consider the floodpoord Values informed: Sur Hydrology, Geomorphology,	lain area betwee	n the PA and eithe	er the next larges	It water body (large tributary, mainstem junction, lake, etc. Maintain Habitat, Sustain Trophic Structure If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C.		vnstream, wh	ichever is less	0.50
Extent of Downstream Floodplain	Consider the floodpl Values informed: Sur Hydrology,	lain area betwee	n the PA and either age, Sediment Cor	er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select B. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not		vnstream, wh	ichever is less	
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoord Values informed: Sur Hydrology, Geomorphology,	lain area betwee	n the PA and either age, Sediment Cor	er the next larges	It water body (large tributary, mainstem junction, lake, etc. Maintain Habitat, Sustain Trophic Structure If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C.		vnstream, wh	ichever is less	
Extent of Downstream Floodplain	Consider the floodpoord Values informed: Sur Hydrology, Geomorphology,	lain area betwee	n the PA and either age, Sediment Con	er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D.		vnstream, wh	ichever is less	
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the domina	lain area betwee rface Water Stor	n the PA and either age, Sediment Con DwnFP se designation do	er the next larges ntinuity, Create &	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D.	В			0.50
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the domina	lain area betwee rface Water Stor	n the PA and either age, Sediment Con DwnFP se designation do	er the next larges ntinuity, Create &	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D.	В			0.50
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure National Consider Values informed: Sure National Consi	lain area betwee rface Water Stor Int zoned land use lain area betwee	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either	er the next larges ntinuity, Create & ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D.	В			0.50
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure National Consider Values informed: Sure National Consi	lain area betwee rface Water Stor Int zoned land use lain area betwee	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either	er the next larges ntinuity, Create & ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If PA? It water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure	В			0.50
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure National Consider Values informed: Sure National Consi	lain area betwee rface Water Stor Int zoned land use lain area betwee	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either	er the next larges ntinuity, Create & ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et astain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.),	В			0.50
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure National Consider Sure National Consi	lain area betwee rface Water Stor Int zoned land use lain area betwee	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either	er the next larges ntinuity, Create & ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A.	B tc.) or 2 miles do			0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure National Consider Values informed: Sure National Consi	lain area betwee rface Water Stor Int zoned land use lain area betwee	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either	er the next larges ntinuity, Create & ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. PA? It water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B.	В			0.50
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure National Consider Sure National Consi	lain area betwee rface Water Stor Int zoned land use lain area betwee	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either	er the next larges ntinuity, Create & ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C.	B tc.) or 2 miles do			0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure National Consider Sure National Consi	lain area betwee rface Water Stor Int zoned land use lain area betwee	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either	er the next larges ntinuity, Create & ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. PA? It water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B.	B tc.) or 2 miles do			0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure National Consider Sure National Consi	Iain area betwee rface Water Stor Int zoned land us lain area betwee rface Water Stor	DwnFP se designation does not he PA and either age, Create & Manage, Crea	er the next larges ntinuity, Create & ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C.	B tc.) or 2 miles do			0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure V7 Zoning	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Biology What is the frequent what is the frequent what is the frequent what is the frequent was a sure of the flood of t	Iain area between rface Water Store Int zoned land usualiain area between rface Water Store	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either age, Create & Mai	ownstream of the er the next larges	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C.	B tc.) or 2 miles do	wnstream, wl	nichever is les	0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure V7 Zoning	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Biology What is the frequent what is the frequent what is the frequent what is the frequent was a sure of the flood of t	Int zoned land usual lain area between the lain area between lain ar	DwnFP se designation do n the PA and either age, Create & Manage, Create	ownstream of the er the next larges intain Habitat, Su	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et astain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C. If not zoned or no information, select D.	B tc.) or 2 miles do	wnstream, wl	nichever is les	0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure V7 Zoning	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Biology What is the frequer Consider the floodpoor the	Int zoned land usual lain area between the l	DwnFP Se designation does not he PA and either age, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Create	ownstream of the er the next larges intain Habitat, Su	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et astain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C. If not zoned or no information, select D.	B tc.) or 2 miles do	wnstream, wl	nichever is les	0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure V7 Zoning V8 Frequency of	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Biology What is the frequer Consider the floodpoor Consider Consider the floodpoor Consider the floodpoor Consider Consi	Int zoned land usual lain area between the l	DwnFP Se designation does not he PA and either age, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Create	ownstream of the er the next larges intain Habitat, Su	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et astain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C. If not zoned or no information, select D.	B tc.) or 2 miles do	wnstream, wl	nichever is les	0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure V7 Zoning V8 Frequency of Downstream	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Biology What is the frequer Consider the floodpoor the	Int zoned land usual lain area between the l	DwnFP Se designation does not he PA and either age, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Create	ownstream of the er the next larges intain Habitat, Su	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. PA? It water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et astain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C. If not zoned or no information, select D. It water body or 2 miles, whichever is less. Determine the	B tc.) or 2 miles do	wnstream, wl	nichever is les	0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure V7 Zoning V8 Frequency of Downstream	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Biology What is the frequer Consider the floodpoor the	Int zoned land usual lain area between the l	DwnFP Se designation does not he PA and either age, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Create	ownstream of the er the next larges intain Habitat, Su	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C. If not zoned or no information, select D. If water body or 2 miles, whichever is less. Determine the	B tc.) or 2 miles do	wnstream, wl	nichever is les	0.50 ss.
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure V7 Zoning V8 Frequency of Downstream	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Biology What is the frequer Consider the floodpoor infrastructure (i.e. and Values informed: Sure Values i	Int zoned land usual lain area between the l	DwnFP Se designation does not he PA and either age, Create & Mar. Zoning Toning Toning Toning Toning Toning Toning Toning Toning	ownstream of the er the next larges intain Habitat, Su	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et astain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C. If not zoned or no information, select D. If water body or 2 miles, whichever is less. Determine the lift frequent (several times a year), select A. If moderate (up to once a year), select B.	B tc.) or 2 miles do A frequency of floo	wnstream, wl	nichever is les	0.50 Ss. 1.00 A that affects
Extent of Downstream Floodplain Infrastructure V7 Zoning V8 Frequency of Downstream	Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology What is the dominate Consider the floodpoor Values informed: Sure Hydrology, Biology What is the frequer Consider the floodpoor the	Int zoned land usual lain area between the l	DwnFP Se designation does not he PA and either age, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Manage, Create & Create & Manage, Create & Create	ownstream of the er the next larges intain Habitat, Su	If >50% of total area, select A. If 1-50% of total area, select B. If none, select C. If not known or the downstream floodplain is not mapped, select D. If water body (larger tributary, mainstem junction, lake, et ustain Trophic Structure If developed (commercial, industrial, residential, etc.), select A. If agriculture or rural residential, select B. If forest, open space, or public lands, select C. If not zoned or no information, select D. If water body or 2 miles, whichever is less. Determine the	B tc.) or 2 miles do	wnstream, wl	nichever is les	0.50 ss.

	The shift may be by	hours, days, or v	veeks, becoming e	either more mut	nd downstream of the PA that are likely to cause shifts ed (smaller or less frequent peaks spread over longer time or each category, select yes or no from the dropdown me	es, more tempora		y of flow or v	vater levels) or
	Values informed: Su	rface Water Stor	age, Flow Variatio	on, Sediment Cor	ntinuity, Substrate Mobility, Create & Maintain Habitat				
					Are there 1-2 small dams or other impoundments <u>upstream</u> of the PA?	No		Upstream	
	Hydrology,		lean accord		Are there >2 small impoundments, 1 or more large dams or other impoundments <u>upstream</u> of the PA?	No	imţ	subscore:	1.00
	Geomorphology, Biology		Impound		Are there 1-2 small dams or other impoundments <u>downstream</u> of the PA?	No		Downstream	4.00
					Are there >2 small impoundments, 1 or more large dams or other impoundments <u>downstream</u> of the PA?	No	ımı	ooundments subscore:	1.00
Fish Passage		om the drop-dow	n menu for each o	of the upstream	and/or downstream of the PA? and downstream directions. If more than one barrier is p	resent, answer fo	r the one with	the most res	tricted level of
Barriers	Values informed: M	aintain Biodivers	ity, Sustain Trophi	ic Structure					
	Biology		Passage	Slope barrier	Upstream	Blocked	0.00		0.50
	ыоюду		Passage	Siope parrier	Downstream	Unknown	1.00		0.50
		the following: th a designated Sol	ne source area for e Source Aquifer.	a surface-water	or groundwater recharge within 2 miles downstream or drinking water source; the source area for a groundwate ulation	<u></u>	ource; a desig	nated Ground	dwater
	Hydrology, Water Quality		Source		Select yes or no from the dropdown menu:	Yes			1.00
Surrounding Land Cover	barely present. Mus	st sum to 100%.		·	tage of area within the resulting polygon that matches early before the second of the		ccription. Ente	er 0% if none.	Enter 1% If
					forest) or water Managed vegetation (pasture, regularly watered lawn	10	× 1.00 × 0.50	5.00	
	Biology		SurrLand		(i.e. park), row crops, orchards) None of the above (including bare areas [dirt, rock], roads, energy facilities, residential, commercial, industrial)	80	× 0.00	0.00	0.15
					SUM	100			
Riparian Continuity	Intact refers to a rip means there are no vegetated wetlands areas, and rangelan bare soil, rock, bare	ength of contiguo arian area with for > 100 ft gaps in for , as well as relation d. It does not inco sand, or gravel o	ous riparian corridon orest or otherwise forested cover or over vely unmanaged colude water, pastu or dirt roads.	or in either the ue managed (i.e. runmanaged perecommercial lands	ous to the PA? upstream or downstream direction, but do not include the natural) perennial cover appropriate for the basin that is a ennial cover. Unmanaged perennial cover is vegetation the in which the ground and vegetation is disturbed less tha g., vegetable, orchards, Christmas tree farms), lawns, res estain Trophic Structure, Nutrient Cycling, Chemical Regula	at least 15 ft wide at includes wood an annually, such a idential areas, gol	ed areas, nativ as lightly grazo f courses, rec	ve prairies, sa ed pastures, t	gebrush, imber harvest
	Biology, Water Quality		RipCon		If <100 feet, select A. If 100-500 feet, select B. If >500 feet, select C.	А			0.00
Watershed Position	"lower 1/3."	n looking at posi ser to the waters ser to the waters	tion of the PA rele hed's outlet than i hed's upper end tl	eative to the 8-di its upper end and than its outlet and	git HUC layer. d (b) closer to the large stream/river exiting the watershe d (b) closer to the watershed's boundary than its large sti			dary of the w	ratershed, select
	Values informed: Se	diment Continuit	ty, Nutrient Cycling	g, Chemical Regu	ılation				
	Geomorphology, Water Quality		Position		Select an answer from the dropdown menu:	Upper 1/3			0.00

V15	What is the "stream Answer this questio				within which the PA is located? AM Man Viewer.						
Flow Restoration Needs	Values informed: Flo	_		·	iiii iiid						
	Hydrology, Biology		FlowRest		Select an answer from the dropdown menu:	Not Ranked or Low		0.00			
V16	Are there rare aqua	itic habitat featu	res within the EA	A that are not c	ommon to the rest of the drainage basin?		•				
Unique Habitat Features	For each feature type, select yes or no from the dropdown menu. This question must be answered in the field, but the user can check for any mapped wetlands or seeps, springs, or tributaries in the office using the Oregon Wetlands Cover, Springs, and the Flowline layers, respectively.										
	Values informed: Su	bstrate Mobility,	Maintain Biodivei	rsity, Create & N	laintain Habitat, Sustain Trophic Structure, Thermal Regu	lation					
					Large log jams that span 25% or more of the active channel width?	No	Overall HabFeat	0.00			
	Geomorphology, Biology		HabFeat		Braided channel or otherwise multiple channels resulting in islands?	No	score				
	Biology		riabi cat		Large spatial extent (>30%) of wetlands in the floodplain?	No	Substrate subscore	0.00			
				Seeps, springs, or tributaries contributing colder water?	No	Thermal subscore	0.00				
			-		ication on Cover Page - NO DATA INPUT REQUIRED.						
Surface Water Runoff	What is the level of surface water runoff (based on local water availability and local gradient)? No data input necessary, information taken from EPA classification (stream type & gradient).										
	Hydrology		Runoff					0.75			
Aquifer Permeability	What is the permea No data input neces	=	-		neable bedrock based on hydraulic conductivity m/day)	?					
	Hydrology		AqPerm			High		0.00			
Soil Permeability	What is the permean No data input neces	•	•	•	r in cm/hr)?						
	Hydrology		SoilPerm			High		0.00			
Erodibility	What is the erodibi No data input neces	•		classification.							
	Geomorphology		Erode			Easily Erodible		1.00			

STREAM FUNCTION ASSESSMENT METHOD for OREGON

Name of Project
Area:

Channel 1 (Wynooski St)

Scores Automatically Calculated in Green Boxes

FUNCTIONS MEASURES TABLE

FILL	IN THE YELLOW BO	OXES. Most quest	ions below requir		put. When possible, please select answer from the drop	o-down menus ins	tead of typing in the answ	ver.					
Measure	Function Groups		Measure Abbreviation	Qualifiers		Data Entry		Measure Score					
F1 Natural Cover	What is the percer Measure the perce each transect with	entage of cover ab			erstory and understory vegetation and overhanging banks	s, by averaging sph	nerical densiometer measu	irements taken at					
	Functions informed	d: Sustain Trophic	Structure, Nutrien	t Cycling, Therm	al Regulation								
	Biology, Water Quality		Cover	WMTsmall	Enter a percentage: (round to nearest whole number)	95		0.85					
F2		hat is the percent cover of invasive vegetation within the PAA? Insider the Oregon Department of Agriculture Noxious Weed list in Appendix 3 of the SFAM User Guide, and other sources of information, such as Oregon iMAPInvasives and iNaturalist.											
Invasive Vegetation	Functions informed				idix 3 of the Spain Oser Guide, and other sources of information	on, such as Oregon	nviarinvasivės and inaturai	ist.					
	Biology		InvVeg		Enter a percentage: (round to nearest whole number)	81		0.00					
F3	What is the percer	nt cover of native	woody vegetatio	n within the PA	A ?								
Native Woody	Functions informed	d: Maintain Biodiv	versity, Create & M	aintain Habitat									
Vegetation	Biology		WoodyVeg		Enter a percentage: (round to nearest whole number)	7		0.11					
F4	What is the percer	nt cover of large	trees (dbh>20in) v	vithin the PAA?									
Large Trees	Functions informed	d: Maintain Biodiv	versity, Create & M	aintain Habitat									
	Biology		LgTree	West	Enter a percentage: (round to nearest whole number)	4		0.12					
F5 Vegetated Riparian Corridor Width	include both uplan	d riparian corrido d plants and spec bare soil, gravel p ed riparian corrid	r is defined as one cies with wetland in hits, or dirt roads. Nor width.	typified by large ndicator status, a Note that relative	the PAA? ely undisturbed ground cover and dominated by "natural" and native and non-native species. Natural does not includely small features, such as a narrow walking trail, that like	de pasture or crop	land, recreational fields, re	ecently harvested					
	Water Quality		RipWidth		Enter the average width (feet):	97		0.69					

F6

Is there a man-made fish passage barrier in the PAA?

Fish Passage Barriers

Select an answer from the drop-down menu. Man-made barriers to fish passage can include structures such as dams, culverts, weirs/sills, tide gates, bridges and fords that can block physical passage or can create unsuitable conditions for passage (e.g. high velocity). The level of passage provided can be researched in the office using the Man-made Fish Passage Barriers data layer (Fish Passage Barriers in the Habitat Group) in the SFAM Map Viewer, then confirmed in the field. Do not include natural barriers. If more than one barrier is present, answer for the one with the most restricted level of passage (e.g. Blocked). Not all barriers have been mapped. See the User Manual for more information.

Functions informed: Maintain Biodiversity, Create & Maintain Habitat

ogy Barriers	Enter an option from the dropdown menu:	Blocked		0.00
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F7 Floodplain Exclusion	For alluvial rivers, the fl within a valley, or as the other structures (includ present during all flood	e 100-year flood limit. Disconr ling buildings and any associat	ct break in slope ection refers to a ed fill) within the ucture is express	at valley margins, a change in geologic character from alluany portion of the flood area no longer inundated due to learn proximal assessment area. All barriers should be included by managed for floodplain function and inundation.	evees, channel en	trenchment, roads or railr	oad grades, or				
	Hydrology, Biology	Exclusion		If ≤ 20%, select A. If >20 - 40%, select B. If >40 - 80%, select C. If >80%, select D.	D		0.00				
	What percentage of the stream banks within the PAA are armored? What percentage of the streambank has been stabilized using rigid methods to permanently prevent meandering processes? Examples of armoring include gabion baskets, sheet piles, rip										
	Geomorphology	Armor		Enter a percentage: (round to nearest whole number)	0		1.00				
Bank Erosion	Indications of active/red	cent erosion include vertical o apable of holding soil togethe	near vertical ba	ng or recently (within previous year or high flow) eroded nk stream banks that show exposed soil and rock, evidence calculated as the sum of lengths of left and right banks that	e of tension crack		• ,				
	Geomorphology	Erosion		Enter a percentage: (round to nearest whole number)	49		0.17				
Overbank Flow	Is there evidence of fine greater than 0.5xBFW of the abutting land use in the PAA? Examples of the evidence of fine part of the part of t	onto <u>either</u> the right or left bar limits the opportunity to obse of "other credible information"	r silt) on the flood ok floodplain with rve evidence of d include first-han	dplain, organic litter wracked on the floodplain or in flood nin the PAA? Do not include evidence from inset floodplain overbank flow, is there other credible information that wo ad knowledge, discharge/stream gauge measures, etc. Cite	ns developing with ould indicate regule the evidence on	hin entrenched channel sy ar (at least every two year	stems.				
	Hydrology, Biology, Water Quality	OBFlow		Select yes or no from dropdown menu: (If there is no floodplain, leave blank)	No		0.00				

F11	Are there wetland indicator	plants adjacent to the cha	annel and/or ir	the floodplain within the PAA?			
	Determine if vegetation in t	he riparian area of the PAA	has a wetland	indicator status of obligate or facultative wet.			
Wetland		· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Vegetation	Functions informed: Sub/Surj	tace Transter, Maintain Bio	diversity, Susta	in Trophic Structure, Nutrient Cycling, Chemical Regulation			
				Are there wetland indicator plant	Vos		
				species within the PAA?	Yes		
				If yes, are any wetland indicator plants located greater			
	Hydrology,			than 0.5 x BFW from the bankfull edge on at least one			
	Biology, Water	WetVeg		side of the stream?	Yes		0.50
	Quality			(Select N/A if you answered No above)			
				If yes, are the wetland indicator plants located beyond			
				0.5 x BFW distributed along >70% of the length of the	No		
				PAA?	140		
				(Select N/A if you answered No above)			
F12	What proportion of the EAA		 '	and the advanced conserved of the Athenne de conserved of the Athenne de Conserved of the Athenne de Conserved		h 1	
Side Channels	·	en conveyances of water, ev	ven if the chanf	nel is plugged on one end. If both ends are plugged, do not	count as a side c	nannei.	
Side Channels		Water Storage Sub/Surface	a Transfor Mai	ntain Biodiversity, Create & Maintain Habitat			
	Functions injointed. Surjuce	water storage, subjourjace	e Trunsjer, iviui	mum Biodiversity, Create & Maintain Habitat			
	Hydrology,	SideChan		Enter a percentage:	0		0.00
	Biology			(round to nearest whole number)			
F13	What percent of both sides	of the channel within the	EAA is constra	ned from lateral migration?			
	Constraints on lateral migrat	tion of the channel within 2	BFW or 50 fee	t (whichever is greater) includes bank stabilization and arr	noring, bridges ar	nd culverts, diversions, roa	ds paralleling the
Lateral	stream and any other intent	ional structures or features	that limit late	al channel movement whether intentionally or not. For cre	oss-channel struc	tures (diversions, bridges,	culverts, etc.),
Migration		=		inel. For linear features, record the length on each side of t		-	=
		oncert, record the effective	length of stabi	lization on each side of the channel affected. It is acceptab	le to include rele	vant armoring that is reco	rded in the Bank
	Armoring question, below.						
	5						
	Functions informed: Sedimen	nt Continuity					
				Enter a percentage:			
	Geomorphology	LatMigr		(round to nearest whole number)	0		1.00
				· ·			
F14	What is the frequency of lar	_			:alb a al: C	at least 4 in the 140 and	
Wood	_ ·	=		endent pieces of wood, defined here as woody material we of wood must be larger than 4 inches in diameter (i.e. a c			_
vvood	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	within log jams. To be counted, wood must have some par		, , ,	
	· ·	•		using spikes, cables, ballast, etc.) for the purpose of preven	_		Actual arry Wood
	that has been interitionally a	menored to or within the cr	namer banks (C	ising spines, easies, sanast, etc., for the purpose of preven	cing bank crosion	, (armormg).	
	Functions informed: Surface	Water Storaae. Maintain B	iodiversity. Cre	ate & Maintain Habitat			
	Functions informed: Surface	Water Storage, Maintain B	iodiversity, Cre	ate & Maintain Habitat			
	Functions informed: Surface	Water Storage, Maintain B	iodiversity, Cre				
	Functions informed: Surface Hydrology,			Enter the frequency (pieces per 328 ft)	0.00		0.00
		Water Storage, Maintain B	iodiversity, Cre		0.00		0.00

F15 Incision	What is the degree of channel incision within the EAA? As part of the longitudinal survey, at 11 evenly spaced locations along the stream within the EAA, measure the Bank Height Ratio (BHR). The BHR is the height from the stream thalweg to the lowest floodplain/terrace divided by the bankfull height. Do not consider inset floodplains. Functions informed: Surface Water Storage, Sediment Continuity, Create & Maintain Habitat Hydrology, Enter the average incision:								
	Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology	Incision	Enter the average incision: (round to nearest hundredth)	1.67		0.54			
F16	What is the degree of substrate embeddedness in the stream channel?								
Embeddedness	To what extent are larger stream substrate particles surrounded by finer sediments on the surface of the streambed? Measurements are taken at 11 transects within the EAA. Functions informed: Flow Variation, Substrate Mobility, Create & Maintain Habitat								
	Hydrology, Geomorphology, Biology	Embed	Enter a percentage: (round to nearest whole number)	73		0.35			
F17	Is the channel variable?								
Channel Bed	Channel bed variability indicators include variation in wetted channel width and stream thalweg depth along the EAA. Functions informed: Surface Water Storage, Sub/Surface Transfer, Flow Variation, Sediment Continuity, Maintain Biodiversity, Create & Maintain Habitat, Nutrient Cycling, Chemical								
Variability	Functions informed: Surface Wate Regulation	er Storage, Sub/Surface Transfer, Fic	w variation, Sealment Continuity, Maintain Biodiversity, Cre	eute & Mullituill H	iabitat, Nutrient Cycling, C.	hemical 			
variability	Regulation Hydrology,	er Storage, Sub/Surface Transfer, Fil	Enter the wetted width coefficient of variation:	0.84	nabitat, Nutrient Cycling, C	hemical			
variability	Regulation	BedVar			nabitat, Nutrient Cycling, C.				

Project Area Name:	Channel 1 (Wynooski St)				
Investigator Name:	CM				
Date of Field Assessment:	1/7/2020				
Latitude (decimal degrees):	45.2939	Longitude (decimal degrees):	-122.9619		

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Function Score	Function Rating	Value Score	Value Rating
Suface Water Storage (SWS)	2.58	Lower	7.25	Higher
Sub/Surface Water Transfer (SST)	3.75	Moderate	10.00	Higher
Flow Variation (FV)	7.82	Higher	5.50	Moderate
Sediment Continuity (SC)	5.68	Moderate	4.60	Moderate
Sediment Mobility (SM)	8.04	Higher	5.75	Moderate
Maintain Biodiversity (MB)	0.91	Lower	2.75	Lower
Create and Maintain Habitat (CMH)	0.38	Lower	5.20	Moderate
Sustain Trophic Structure (STS)	3.17	Moderate	4.27	Moderate
Nutrient Cycling (NC)	6.08	Moderate	5.46	Moderate
Chemical Regulation (CR)	5.48	Moderate	5.46	Moderate
Thermal Regulation (TR)	8.50	Higher	6.60	Moderate

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	REPRESENTATIVE FUNCTION	Function Group Rating	Value Group Rating
Hydrologic Function (SWS, SST, FV)	Flow Variation (FV)	Higher	Moderate
Geomorphic Function (SC, SM)	Sediment Mobility (SM)	Higher	Moderate
Biologic Function (MB, CMH, STS)	Sustain Trophic Structure (STS)	Moderate	Moderate
Water Quality Function (NC, CR, TR)	Thermal Regulation (TR)	Higher	Moderate

Formulas for each specific function and value (shown on Subscores tab) produce a numerical score between 0.0 and 10.0. For ecological functions, a score of 0.0 indicates that negligible function is being provided by the stream whereas a score of 10.0 indicates that the stream is providing maximum function (as defined) given certain contextual factors. For values, a score of 0.0 indicates that there is low opportunity for the site to provide a specific ecological function and that, even if it did, the specific function would not be of particular significance given the context of the site. Conversely, a value score or 10.0 indicates that a site has the opportunity to provide a specific function and that it would be highly significant in that particular location. For all function and value formulas, both extents of the scoring range (0.0 and 10.0) are mathematically possible.

To facilitate conceptual understanding, numerical scores are translated into ratings of Lower, Moderate, or Higher. The numerical thresholds for each of these rating categories are consistent across all functions and values such that scores of <3.0 are rated "Lower," scores ≥3.0 but ≤7.0 are rated "Moderate," and scores that are >7.0 are rated "Higher." These thresholds are consistent with the standard scoring scheme applied to all individual measures.

Each specific function, and its associated value, is included in one of four thematic groups: hydrologic, geomorphic, biologic, and water quality functions. Group ratings provide an indication of the degree to which each group of processes is present at a site. Groups are represented by the highest-rated function with the highest-rated associated value among the 2-3 functions that comprise each group. This hierarchical selection system ensures that thematic functional groups are represented by the highest-performing and highest-valued ecological function.

	FUNCT	Measure	Function			Measure	VALUES Opportunity	Significance	
Function	Measure Name	Measure Score	Function Score	Value	Measure Name	Measure Score	Opportunity Subscore	Significance Subscore	Value Scor
SWS	OBFlow	0.00		SWS	ImpArea	0.30			
	Incision Exclusion	0.54 0.00			Runoff ImpoundUS	0.75 1.00			
	BedVar	1.00	2.58		DwnFP	0.50	3.42	3.83	7.25
	Wood	0.00			Zoning	1.00			
	SideChan	0.00			DwnFld	0.30			
CCT	OBElow	0.00		CCT	Fish	1.00			
SST	OBFlow WetVeg	0.00 0.50		SST	AqPerm SoilPerm	0.00			
	SideChan	0.00	3.75		Source	1.00	0.00	1.00	10.00
	BedVar	1.00							
FV	BedVar	1.00		FV	ImpArea	0.30			
	Embed	0.35			FlowMod	0.00			
	ImpoundUS	1.00			1-ImpoundUS FlowRest	0.00			
			7.00		AgPerm	0.00	0.50	F 00	F F0
			7.82		SoilPerm	0.00	0.50	5.00	5.50
					ImpoundDS	1.00			
		Rarlnvert 0.00							
					RarAmRep Fish	0.50 1.00			
SC	Incision	0.54		SC	SedList	0.00			
	Erosion	0.17			ImpArea	0.30			
	LatMigr	1.00			ImpoundUS	1.00			
			5.68		Postion	0.00	0.43	4.17	4.60
					1-DwnFP	0.50			
					Erode ImpoundDS	1.00 1.00			
SM	Armor	1.00		SM	ImpArea	0.30			
	Embed	0.35			ImpoundUS	1.00			
	BedVar	1.00			SubFeat	0.00			
			8.04		Fish	1.00	3.25	2.50	5.75
					RarPlant	0.00			
					RarAmRep	0.50			
MB	Barriers	0.00		MB	RareInvert Passage	0.00			
	BedVar	1.00		1410	SurrLand	0.30			
	Wood	0.00			RipCon	0.00			
	SideChan	0.00			HabFeat	0.00			
	InvVeg	0.00			Protect	0.00	4.00	4.6-	<u></u>
	WoodyVeg	0.11	0.91		Fish	1.00	1.08	1.67	2.75
	LgTree WetVeg	0.12 0.50			RarInvert RarAmRep	0.00 0.50			
	vvetveg	0.50			Waterbird	0.00			
					RarBdMm	0.00			
					RarPlant	0.00			
СМН	Exclusion	0.00		СМН	1-ImpArea	0.70			
	Wood	0.00			ImpoundUS	1.00			
	Embed	0.35			RipArea	0.00			
	BedVar WoodyVeg	1.00 0.11			RipCon 1-NutrImp	0.00 1.00			
	LgTree	0.11	0.38		1-FlowMod	1.00	2.70	2.50	5.20
	Incision	0.54	0.00		1-FlowRest	1.00	- c		0.20
	SideChan	0.00			1-DwnFP	0.50			
	Barriers	0			1-Zoning	0.00			
					ImpoundDS	1.00			
СТС	OPFlow	0.00		CTC	HabFeat	0 15			
STS	OBFlow Cover	0.00 0.85		STS	SurrLand 1-ImpArea	0.15 0.70			
	InvVeg	0.00			Passage	0.50			
	WoodyVeg	0.11			RipArea	0.00			
	WetVeg	0.50			RipCon	0.00			
					1-NutrImp	1.00			
					1-Templmp	1.00			
			3.17		Protect 1-DwnFP	0.00 0.50	2.39	1.88	4.27
			J.±/		1-Dwiff 1-Zoning	0.00	2.33	1.00	7.41
					Fish	1.00			
					RarInvert	0.00			
					RarAmRep	0.50			
					Waterbird	0.00			
					RarBdMm RarPlant	0.00			
					HabFeat	0.00			
NC	OBFlow	0.00		NC	NutrImp	0.00			
	BedVar	1.00			ImpArea	0.30			
	RipWidth	0.69			1-RipArea	1.00			
	WetVeg	0.50			1-RipCon	1.00			
	Cover	0.85	6.08		SedList	0.00	0.46	5.00	5.46
					Position Fish	0.00 1.00			
					Rarelnvert	0.00			
					RarAmRep	0.50			
			,		Source	1.00			
	RipWidth	0.69		CR	ToxImp	0.00	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
CR	BedVar	1.00			ImpArea	0.30			
CR		0.50			1-RipArea	1.00			
CR	WetVeg	0.00			1-RipCon SedList	1.00 0.00			
CR	OBFlow				Position	0.00			
CR	_			_		1.00	0.46	5.00	5.46
CR	_		5.48		Fish		- · -	- 	•
CR	_		5.48		Fish Rarlnvert	0.00			
CR	_		5.48			0.00 0.50			
CR	_		5.48		RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird	0.50 0.00			
CR	_		5.48		RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird RarBdMm	0.50 0.00 0.00			
CR	_		5.48		RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird RarBdMm RarPlant	0.50 0.00 0.00 0.00			
	OBFlow	0.05	5.48	TD	RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird RarBdMm RarPlant Source	0.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00			
CR	_	0.85	5.48	TR	RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird RarBdMm RarPlant Source 1-TempImp	0.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00			
	OBFlow	0.85	5.48	TR	RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird RarBdMm RarPlant Source	0.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00			
	OBFlow	0.85		TR	RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird RarBdMm RarPlant Source 1-TempImp RipArea	0.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 0.00	4.10	2.50	
	OBFlow	0.85	5.48 8.50	TR	RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird RarBdMm RarPlant Source 1-TempImp RipArea RipCon ImpArea Fish	0.50 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 0.30 1.00	4.10	2.50	6.60
	OBFlow	0.85		TR	RarInvert RarAmRep Waterbird RarBdMm RarPlant Source 1-TempImp RipArea RipCon ImpArea	0.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 0.00	4.10	2.50	6.60

SFAM Site Layout Field Data Form

Project Area Name:	Channel 1- Wynooski St	Date:	1/7/2020 Assessor:	CM
-				

Print this form to take to the field, along with the PAA and EAA field forms. Use the instructions, measurements, and diagrams on this form to establish the two assessment areas necessary for data collection.

Project Area Description:

No EAA due to truncated ends of the PAA due to an existing culvert/storm pipe upslope, and wetland downslope where the channel loses definition to become Wetland A.

Is there a Floodplain?

No

Establishing the boundaries of the Proximal Assessment Area (PAA):

- a) Identify the spatial extent of direct impact.
- **b)** Establish the longitudinal boundaries of the PAA at the upstream and downstream extent of the impact, or 50ft of stream length, whichever is greater.
- c) Locate the center of the PAA and measure the bankfull channel width (BFW).
- **d)** At two additional locations, equidistant between the PAA center and the PAA upper and lower boundaries, measure BFW. PAA transects will be located at the 3 locations where BFW was measured.
- e) Establish the lateral boundaries of the PAA at a distance of 2 × the <u>average</u> BFW or 50' from the stream edge (bankfull edge), whichever is greater, on each side of the stream.

Total PAA stream length (ft) =	108
Distance between transects (PAA length ÷ 4) =	27
2 × average bankfull width (calculated below) =	7.2

Bankfull Width:						
Transect	Average					
T1	27	4.3				
T2	54	3.5	3.6			
T3	81	3				

	Latitude	Longitude
Corner 1	45.2939	-122.9622
Corner 2	45.2937	-122.962
Corner 3	45.2942	-122.9618
Corner 4	45.294	-122.9615

Establishing the boundaries of the Extended Assessment Area (EAA):

- a) The EAA is an upstream and downstream extension of the PAA. Establish the longitudinal boundaries by multiplying the average BFW by 5 and measuring that distance upstream and downstream from the PAA upper and lower boundaries, respectively.
- **b)** The lateral boundaries of the EAA are the same distance from the stream edge (bankfull) as the lateral boundaries for the PAA (above). Note that the EAA contains the entire PAA.
- c) Locate the 11 EAA transect locations by dividing the total EAA length by 10. The distance between each transect is 0.1 × the total EAA length. Transects include the upper and lower EAA boundaries.

Length EAA extends above/below PAA (5 × average BFW) =	18
Total EAA length (10 × BFW + PAA length, rounded to nearest 10') =	140
Distance between EAA transects (EAA length ÷ 10) =	14

	Latitude	Longitude
Corner 1	45.2938	-122.9623
Corner 2	45.2937	-122.9622
Corner 3	45.2942	-122.9617
Corner 4	45.2941	-122.9615

SFAM Proximal Area Assessment (PAA) Field Data Form

Project Area Name:	Channel 1- Wynooski St	Date: 1/7/2020	Assessor: CM		

Print this form to take to the field. You only need to print the portion that is within the defined print area (i.e. you do not need the data calculation columns while in the field). After collecting data in the field, transfer data into the Excel worksheet. **Cells in the "Calculations" section will populate automatically.**

	Natural Cover (F1): Record densiometer										
What is the longitudinal	readings from both left and right banks at										
length of the PAA?	each transect.										
		T1	T2	T3							
	Left	17	17	17							
108	Right	15	14	17							

See F2-F4 below

-4	the ripariar	n corridor at	Record the reach PAA transfer 330.	width (ft) of ansect. If >	Barriers (F6): Does a man-made structure limit fish passage (barrier, partial, passable, unknown, none)?	Exclusion (F7): What % of the 100-yr floodplain is excluded due to features (<=20%, >20-40%, >40-80%, >80%)?		
		T1	T2	T3				
	Left 30 50 50 Right 50 70 330		50	Barrier	<=20%			
			330					

Invasive Vegetation (F2), Native Woody Vegetation (F3), and Large Trees (F4): For each of the three vegetation classes, record the start and end positions (distance from bankfull, to the nearest 0.1ft) of each occurrence along the length of the transect. Transects run perpendicular to the stream edge, from the bankfull edge to the lateral boundary of the PAA.

What is the	length of the transect	(ft)?	5	50		Vegetation transects are conducted on both banks. If it is physically or legally unfeasible to access one side, indicate which side was surveyed by selecting Left or Right from the dropdown menu.								ss one			
Transect	Vegetation Class	Start	End	Start	End	Start	End	Start	End	Start	End	Start	End	Start	End	Start	End
	InvVeg	0	30														
1 (left)	Native WoodyVeg																
	LgTree																
	InvVeg	0	10	22	50												
1 (right)	Native WoodyVeg																
	LgTree																
	InvVeg	0	50														
2 (left)	Native WoodyVeg																
	LgTree																
	InvVeg	0	12	15	29	37	50										
2 (right)	Native WoodyVeg	29	42														
	LgTree																
	InvVeg	0	50														
3 (left)	Native WoodyVeg	20	25	48	50												
	LgTree	20	25	48	50												
	InvVeg	0	11	14	15	25	31	33	50								
3 (right)	Native WoodyVeg																
	LgTree	45	50														

Armor (F8) and Erosion (F9): Record start and end locations (ft) of bank armoring features and bank erosion evidence along the length of the PAA.

Start End Start End Start End Start End Start End Armoring (left)

Armoring (right)

Erosion (left) 0 80

33

30

Erosion (right)

0

22

Overbank Flow (F10): Is there evidence of overbank flow at leas	t 0.5 × BFW	/
from the bankfull edge? (circle answer in field)		No

Wetland Vegetation (F11): Are there FACW or OBL wetland plants on the								
banks or in the floodplain? (circle answers)	Yes							
If yes, answer the following questions:								
→ Are any located > 0.5 × BFW from the bankfull edge?	Yes							
→for more than 70% of the PAA length?		No						

SFAM Extended Area Assessment (EAA) Field Data Form

Project Area Name: Channel 1- Wy	ynooski St	Date: 7-Jan			Assessor:	CM						
		that is within the defined print area (i.e. yo xcel worksheet. Cells in the "Calculation" s					ns while in	the field).	After collec	ting data i	n the field,	transfer
What is the total longitudinal length of the EAA (ft)?	144	Side Channels (F12) and Lateral I to lateral migration along the len	_		cord start a	nd end loc	ations (ft) o	of adjacent	side chann	els and evi	idence of co	onstraints
			Start	End	Start	End	Start	End	Start	End	Start	End
Wood (F14): Tally each piece of wood a	long the EAA that measures	Side channels (either side)										
> 4" diameter and is at least 5' long. You the wood to avoid double counting.	u can record the location of	Constraints to lateral migration (left)										
		Constraints to lateral migration (right)										
To	otal = 0	Unique Features (V16): Note the braided channels, >30% wetlands	=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ·		_		ncluding, bu	ut not limit	ed to: log ja	ıms,

-			-																
	Width (F17) Incision (F15)					Substrate Embeddedness (F16)				Thalweg Depth (F17)									
						Record the upstream.	_	lepth at 10	equidistan	t points <u>be</u>	<u>tween</u> eac	h cross-cha	nnel trans	ect while m	oving				
EAA Transect	Feet from EAA lower boundary	Wetted width	Bankfull height	Lowest floodplain height	Embed1	Embed2	Embed3	Embed4	Embed5	Depth1	Depth2	Depth3	Depth4	Depth5	Depth6	Depth7	Depth8	Depth9	Depth10
Α	0	0	0.1	0.1	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	14	0	0.1	0.1	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	28	1	2.1	4	100	100	100	100	100	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7
D	42	1	2	4	100	100	100	100	100	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7
Е	56	0.7	1.2	1.5	100	100	100	100	100	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
F	70	1	1.3	2	100	100	100	100	100	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
G	84	1	1.3	2	100	100	100	100	100	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Н	98	2	1.3	4	100	100	100	100	100	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4
1	112	4	1.3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3
J	126	1.5	1.5	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
К	140	1.5	1.5	1.5	0	0	0	0	0										

Stream Function Assessment Method (SFAM) Report





Report Generated: December 18, 2019 11:44 AM

Assessment Area: 0.4 Acres

Location Map



Location Information

Latitude	45.294 N	Longitude	-122.962 W							
Elevation	143 ft	Willamette Valley								
HUC8	17090007 Middle Willamette									
HUC10	1709000703 Chehalem Cree	1709000703 Chehalem Creek-Willamette River								
HUC12	170900070307 Hess Creek-	170900070307 Hess Creek-Willamette River								
Linear ft of stream in HUC8	141,076	Annual precipitation	40 in							

Stream Type and Classifications

Stream Classification	Mountain Wet Rain / Valley Wet	Percent of project area	100.00 %
Aquifer permeability	High	Soil permeability	High
Gradient	<2%	Erodibility	Easily_Erodible



Stream Function Assessment Method (SFAM) Report





Report Generated: December 18, 2019 11:44 AM Assessment Area: 0.4 Acres

Stream classifications and associated attributes are derived from a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency stream classification geospatial data layer developed for Oregon (2015). This layer provides a statewide stream/watershed classification system for streams and rivers of various sizes, based in part on a hydrologic landscape classification system.

Rare Species Scores and Special Habitat Designations

Rare Species Type	Maximum score	Sum Score	Rating
Non-anadromous Fish Species	0.22	0.22	Low
Amphibian & Reptile Species	0.24	0.24	Intermediate
Feeding Waterbirds	0	0	None
Songbirds, Raptors, and Mammals	0	0	None
Invertebrate Species	0	0	None
Plant Species	0	0	None

Scores have taken into account several factors for each rare species record contained in the official database of the Oregon Biodiversity Information Center (ORBIC): (a) the regional rarity of the species, (b) their proximity to the point of interest, and (c) the "certainty" that ORBIC assigns to each of those records.

Within 300 ft of a Special Protected Area?	No
Within a HUC12 that has designated Essential Salmonid Habitat?	Yes
Within 2 miles of an Important Bird Area?	No

Water Quality Impairments

No features found in project area.

Water quality information is derived from Oregon's 2012 Integrated Report, including the list of water quality limited waters needing Total Maximum Daily Loads (303d List). Each record in the report is assigned an assessment category based on an evaluation of water quality information. Categories included in the SFAM Report are:

Category 5: Water is water quality limited and a TMDL is needed; Section 303(d) list.

Category 4: Water is impaired or threatened but a TMDL is not needed because: (A) the TMDL is approved, (B) other pollution requirements are in place, or (C) the impairment (such as flow or lack of flow) is not caused by a pollutant.

Category 3B: Water quality is of potential concern; some data indicate non-attainment of a criterion, but data are insufficient to assign another category.



Stream Function Assessment Method (SFAM) Report





Report Generated: December 18, 2019 11:44 AM

Assessment Area: 0.4 Acres

Dominant soil type(s)

Soil Type	Erosion Hazard Rating	Hydric Rating	Percent Area
Woodburn silt loam, 20 to 55 percent slopes	Severe	N/A	94.51 %
Aloha silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Slight	N/A	4.87 %
Wapato silty clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Slight	N/A	0.62 %

This report contains both centroid-based and polygon-based data. The Location Information and Rare Species Scores sections of the report contain centroid-based data (determined by the center point of the polygon), while the remaining sections are polygon-based (determined from the entire polygon).

StreamStats Report

Region ID:

OR

Workspace ID:

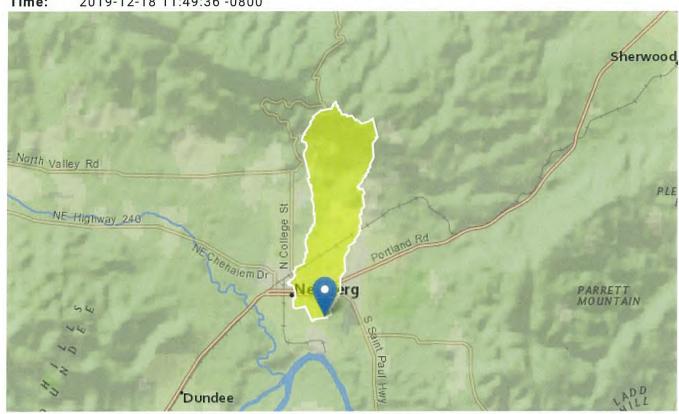
OR20191218194920381000

Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude):

45.29466, -122.96216

Time.

2019-12-18 11:49:36 -0800



Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	2.93	square miles
124H2Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 2 years - Equivalent to precipitation intensity index	1.93	inches
SOILPERM	Average Soil Permeability	0.79	inches per hour
JANMAXT2K	Mean Maximum January Temperature from 2K resolution PRISM 1961-1990 data	45.3	degrees F

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
WATCAPORC	Available water capacity from STATSGO data using methods from SIR 2005-5116	0.18	inches
ORREG2	Oregon Region Number	10001	dimensionless
BSLOPD	Mean basin slope measured in degrees	5.71	degrees
JANMINT2K	Mean Minimum January Temperature from 2K resolution PRISM PRISM 1961-1990 data	32.7	degrees F
ELEV	Mean Basin Elevation	411	feet
IMPERV	Percentage of impervious area	20.6	percent

Peak-Flow Statistics Parameters[Reg 2B Western Interior LT 3000 ft Cooper]

	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	2.93	square miles	0.37	7270
BSLOPD	Mean Basin Slope degrees	5.71	degrees	5.62	28.3
124H2Y	24 Hour 2 Year Precipitation	1.93	inches	1.53	4.48
ELEV	Mean Basin Elevation	411	feet		
ORREG2	Oregon Region Number	10001	dimensionless		

Peak-Flow Statistics Flow Report[Reg 2B Western Interior LT 3000 ft Cooper]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, PIu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	PII	Plu	SE	SEp	Equiv. Yrs.
2 Year Peak Flood	95.2	ft^3/s	55.6	163	32.6	32.6	2
5 Year Peak Flood	142	ft^3/s	83.3	243	32.4	32.4	2.8
10 Year Peak Flood	175	ft^3/s	102	301	33	33	3.6
25 Year Peak Flood	217	ft^3/s	124	380	34.1	34.1	4.8
50 Year Peak Flood	249	ft^3/s	139	443	35.1	35.1	5.5
100 Year Peak Flood	280	ft^3/s	154	509	36.2	36.2	6.2
500 Year Peak Flood	355	ft^3/s	187	674	39.1	39.1	7.5

Peak-Flow Statistics Citations

Cooper, R.M.,2005, Estimation of Peak Discharges for Rural, Unregulated Streams in Western Oregon: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2005-5116, 76 p. (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2005/5116/pdf/sir2005-5116.pdf)

USGS Data Disclaimer: Unless otherwise stated, all data, metadata and related materials are considered to satisfy the quality standards relative to the purpose for which the data were collected. Although these data and associated metadata have been reviewed for accuracy and completeness and approved for release by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), no warranty expressed or implied is made regarding the display or utility of the data for other purposes, nor on all computer systems, nor shall the act of distribution constitute any such warranty.

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Application Version: 4.3.11





Pacific Habitat Services, Inc. 9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070 Approximate Project Area, PAA and EAA boundaries Wynooski Road Storm Project / Outfall Redesign - Newberg, Oregon United States Geological Survey (USGS), Newberg, Oregon, 7.5 Quadrangle, 2019 (viewer/nationalmap.gov/basic)

FIGURE

A





Pacific Habitat Services, Inc. 9450 SW Commerce Circle, Suite 180 Wilsonville, OR 97070 Aerial Photograph with PAA and EAA Boundaries Wynooski Road Storm Project / Outfall Redesign - Newberg, Oregon GoogleEarth, 2018 FIGURE

В



Real-World Geotechnical Solutions Investigation • Design • Construction Support

November 20, 2019 Project No. 19-5352

City of Newberg Kristin Svicarovich 414 East First Street Newberg, OR 97132

Email: Kristin.svicarovich@newbergoregon.gov

SUBJECT: WYNOOSKI STORMWATER OUTFALL DESIGN

740 S WYNOOSKI STREET NEWBERG, OREGON 97132

As requested, this report presents recommendations for construction and design parameters for the above-referenced project. The purpose of this study was to evaluate subsurface conditions at the locations of the proposed stormwater culvert and to provide geotechnical recommendations for design and construction of the proposed culvert. This geotechnical study was performed in accordance with GeoPacific Proposal No. P-7136, dated October 23, 2019, and your subsequent authorization of our proposal and *General Conditions for Geotechnical Services*.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The subject site is located at approximately 740 S Wynooski Street in Newberg, Oregon. The proposed improvement consists of the construction of a stormwater outfall on the southeastern portion of the site, adjacent to Hess Creek. Topography in the vicinity of the site is moderately sloping to the east, towards Hess Creek, at grades of approximately 5 to 15 percent with steep sloping conditions of up to 0.9H:1V and vertical relief of 6 to 8 feet around the existing stormwater culvert. In the vicinity of the steep sloping conditions on the northern portion of the site, small scarps are forming, indicating soil movement on the sloping area near the existing culvert. Vegetation consists primarily of short grasses, small to medium trees, and bramble.

REGIONAL GEOLOGIC SETTING

Regionally, the subject site lies within the Willamette Valley/Puget Sound lowland, a broad structural depression situated between the Coast Range on the west and the Cascade Range on the east. A series of discontinuous faults subdivide the Willamette Valley into a mosaic of fault-bounded, structural blocks (Yeats et al., 1996). Uplifted structural blocks form bedrock highlands, while down-warped structural blocks form sedimentary basins.

The subject site is underlain by Quaternary age (last 1.6 million years) alluvium and glacial-outburst flood sediment consisting of silt, sand, and gravel deposited primarily by late Pleistocene glacial-outburst floods, but also including glaciofluvial sediments from the Cascade Range (Gannett, 1998). The last of these outburst floods occurred about 10,000 years ago. These

deposits typically consist of horizontally layered, micaceous, silt to coarse sand forming poorly-defined to distinct beds less than 3 feet thick. Regional studies indicate that the thickness of the Catastrophic Flood Deposits in the vicinity of the subject site is approximately 50 feet (Madin, 1990). The Catastrophic Flood Deposits are underlain by Miocene aged (about 14.5 to 16.5 million years ago) Columbia River Basalt, a thick sequence of lava flows which forms the crystalline basement of the basin.

FIELD EXPLORATION AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

On November 4, 2019, 2 hand auger borings were advanced to a maximum depth of 7.5 feet below the ground surface (bgs). The hand auger explorations were performed on either side of the proposed culvert location. The approximate exploration locations are presented on Figures 2 and 3. It should be noted that exploration locations were located in the field by pacing or taping distances from apparent property corners and other site features shown on the plans provided. As such, the locations of the explorations should be considered approximate.

Soils observed in the explorations were classified in general accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System. During exploration, GeoPacific noted geotechnical conditions such as soil consistency, moisture and groundwater conditions. Hand auger exploration logs are attached. The following report sections are based on the exploration program conducted on November 4, 2019, and summarize subsurface conditions encountered at the site.

Soil Descriptions

 $\it Topsoil\ Horizon$ — A 6-inch thick layer of topsoil was present at both hand auger exploration locations. The topsoil typically consisted of moderately organic dark brown, loose, moist SILT (OL-ML) with fine roots.

Undocumented Fill – Underlying the topsoil at the location of hand auger exploration HA-1 we encountered undocumented fill consisting of dark brown clayey SILT (ML) underlain by dark reddish brown silty CLAY (CL) (See attached logs). The undocumented fill contained variable amounts of organic debris, brick, and plastic debris. The undocumented fill extended to an approximate depth of 5 feet bgs at hand auger exploration HA-1.

Willamette Formation – Underlying the topsoil at hand auger exploration location HA-2 and the undocumented fill at the location of hand auger HA-1, we encountered fine grained soils belonging to the Willamette Formation. The Willamette Formation soils consisted of dark brown clayey SILT (ML) and was underlain by reddish brown Lean CLAY (CL) (See attached logs). At approximately 5 feet bgs, a 3-inch thick layer of soft, wet, gray clay was observed in hand auger HA-2 which contained trace vesicular basalt. The Willamette Formation soils extended beyond the maximum observed depth of 7.5 feet below the ground surface at the location of our explorations.

Soil Moisture and Groundwater

On November 4, 2019, soils encountered in our explorations were generally moist to very moist, with a layer of wet clay present at approximately 5 feet bgs in hand auger exploration HA-2. Groundwater was not encountered in either hand auger exploration location. Experience has shown that temporary perched storm-related groundwater conditions often occur within the surface soils over fine-grained native deposits such as those beneath the site, particularly during the wet

season. It is anticipated that groundwater conditions will vary depending on the season, local subsurface conditions, changes in site utilization, and other factors.

CONCLUSIONS AND SOIL PARAMETERS FOR CULVERT DESIGN

Our site investigation indicates that the proposed construction is geotechnically feasible, provided that the recommendations of this report are incorporated into the design and construction phases of the project.

It is our opinion that the primarily geotechnical concern is the steep sloping conditions in the vicinity of the existing stormwater culvert, and existing home on the northeastern portion of the site. Grades of up to 0.9H:1V and vertical relief of 6 to 8 feet exist in this area. During our site investigation, we have observed up to 5 feet of soft to medium stiff undocumented fill and small scarps forming at the top of slope. It is our opinion that additional remediation measures will not be necessary if the proposed grading as specified on Sheet 4 of the project plans is performed following the recommendations provided in the Site Preparation, Engineered Fill, and Keyways and Benching for Engineered Fill on Slopes sections of this report.

We understand that a culvert is proposed connecting two existing culverts running between Wynooski Street and Hess Creek. The culvert designer should refer to the attached exploration logs for information regarding the soil conditions at the proposed location. Recommended design parameters for the proposed culvert are summarized below.

- Allowable Soil Bearing Capacity: 1,500 psf
- Equivalent Fluid Active Pressure: 45 psf
- Equivalent Fluid Passive Pressure: 300 psf
- Anticipated Fluid Pressure Due to Traffic Loading (Where Applicable): 75 psf
- Coefficient of Friction Between Concrete and Subgrade Soil: 0.42
- Maximum permanent grades for native soil or engineered fill: 2H:1V

If temporary shoring recommendations is needed in the vicinity of the existing home, GeoPacific can perform additional explorations and provide recommendations for temporary shoring consisting of gravity concrete blocks during construction if required.

Site Preparation Recommendations

Areas of proposed construction and areas to receive fill should be cleared of landscaping, existing structures, vegetation, and any organic and inorganic debris, and unsuitable soils. Inorganic debris and organic materials from clearing should be removed from the site. Organic-rich soils and root zones should then be stripped from construction areas of the site or where engineered fill is to be placed. Depth of stripping of organic soils is estimated to be approximately 4 to 6 inches across the majority of the site, however depth of organic soil layers may increase in areas where existing utilities such as culverts have been installed. If encountered, debris and unsuitable soil should be thoroughly removed, and the excavations backfilled with approved engineered fill. At the location of hand auger HA-1, up to 5 feet of undocumented fill was observed. The final depth of soil removal will be determined on the basis of a site inspection after the excavation has been

performed. In the vicinity of the existing home on the northeastern portion of the site, GeoPacific may recommend that some undocumented fill be left in place, based upon our evaluation during construction. Stripped topsoil and debris should be removed from the site. Subgrade soils should be reviewed before engineered fill is placed. Maximum permanent grading should be no greater than 26.7 degrees (2H:1V) for exposed slopes consisting of native soil or engineered fill.

Engineered Fill

All grading for the proposed construction should be performed as engineered grading in accordance with the applicable building code at the time of construction with the exceptions and additions noted herein. Areas proposed for fill placement should be prepared as described in the *Site Preparation Recommendations* section. Surface soils should competent native soil, or soil approved by the geotechnical engineer prior to structural fill placement. Proper test frequency and earthwork documentation usually requires daily observation and testing during stripping, rough grading, and engineered fill placement.

GeoPacific recommends that engineered fill placed onsite consist of granular material such as reject rock, recycled concrete or other approved material. Imported fill material must be approved by the geotechnical engineer before being imported to the site. GeoPacific anticipates that excavated native soils consisting of silt and clay will not be suitable for reuse as engineered fill but can may placed within the upper 12 inches below the finished grade surface. Oversize material greater than 6 inches in size should not be used within 3 feet of foundation footings, and material greater than 12 inches in diameter should not be used in engineered fill.

Engineered fill should be compacted in horizontal lifts not exceeding 8 inches using standard compaction equipment. We recommend that engineered fill be compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum dry density determined by ASTM D698 (Standard Proctor) or equivalent. Field density testing should conform to ASTM D2922 and D3017, or D1556. All engineered fill should be observed and tested by the project geotechnical engineer or their representative. Typically, one density test is performed for at least every 2 vertical feet of fill placed or every 500 yd³, whichever requires more testing. Because testing is performed on an on-call basis, we recommend that the earthwork contractor be held contractually responsible for test scheduling and frequency. During periods of wet-weather site earthwork may be impacted by soil moisture.

Keyways and Benching for Engineered Fill on Slopes

Engineered fill to be placed in sloping areas inclining steeper than 20% grade should be constructed on a keyway and benches in accordance with the typical design shown in Figure 4. Keyways should have a minimum depth of 2 feet and minimum width of 10 feet. Additional removals of potentially unstable soils may be required depending on conditions observed during construction. Both benches and keyways should be roughly horizontal in the down slope direction, but may slope up to 20% grade along topographic contour. Keyways sloping more than 20% grade along topographic contour should be benched.

The keyway should include a subdrain consisting of a minimum 3-inch-diameter, ADS Heavy Duty grade (or equivalent), perforated plastic pipe enveloped in a minimum of 3 cubic feet per lineal foot of 2"- ½", open-graded gravel drain rock wrapped with geotextile filter fabric (Mirafi 140N or equivalent). GeoPacific should inspect keyways, subdrains and benching prior to fill placement.

Areas of potential seepage observed during construction may require a rock blanket drain in the keyway bottom.

We recommend that permanent fill and cut slopes be constructed no steeper than 3H:1V (33% grade). Fill slopes should be overbuilt a minimum of 3 feet horizontally beyond finish grade and then trimmed back to finish grade as shown in figure in order to achieve a well compacted slope face.

Excavating Conditions and Utility Trench Backfill

We anticipate that on-site soils can generally be excavated using conventional heavy equipment. Maintenance of safe working conditions, including temporary excavation stability, is the responsibility of the contractor. Actual slope inclinations at the time of construction should be determined based on safety requirements and actual soil and groundwater conditions. All temporary cuts in excess of 4 feet in height should be sloped in accordance with U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations (29 CFR Part 1926) or be shored. The existing native soils classify as Type B Soil and temporary excavation side slope inclinations as steep as 1H:1V may be assumed for planning purposes. These cut slope inclinations are applicable to excavations above the water table only. GeoPacific can provide additional recommendations for temporary shoring in the vicinity of the existing home if needed.

Shallow, perched groundwater may be encountered during the wet weather season and should be anticipated in excavations and utility trenches. Vibrations created by traffic and construction equipment may cause some caving and raveling of excavation walls. In such an event, lateral support for the excavation walls should be provided by the contractor to prevent loss of ground support and possible distress to existing or previously constructed structural improvements.

Underground utility pipe should be installed in accordance with the procedures specified in ASTM D2321 and City of Newberg standards. We recommend that structural trench backfill be compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum dry density obtained by the Standard Proctor (ASTM D698) or equivalent. Initial backfill lift thicknesses for a ¾"-0 crushed aggregate base may need to be as great as 4 feet to reduce the risk of flattening underlying flexible pipe. Subsequent lift thickness should not exceed 1 foot. If imported granular fill material is used, then the lifts for large vibrating plate-compaction equipment (e.g. hoe compactor attachments) may be up to 2 feet, provided that proper compaction is being achieved and each lift is tested. Use of large vibrating compaction equipment should be carefully monitored near existing structures and improvements due to the potential for vibration-induced damage.

Adequate density testing should be performed during construction to verify that the recommended relative compaction is achieved. Typically, at least one density test is taken for every 4 vertical feet of backfill on each 100-lineal-foot section of trench.

Erosion Control Considerations

During our field exploration program, we observed soil conditions that would be considered moderately susceptible to erosion. In our opinion, the primary concern regarding erosion potential will occur during construction in areas that have been stripped of vegetation.

Maximum permanent grading should be no greater than 18.4 degrees (3H:1V) for exposed slopes consisting of native soil or granular engineered fill.

Erosion at the site during construction can be minimized by implementing the project erosion control plan, which should include judicious use of straw wattles, fiber rolls, and silt fences. If used, these erosion control devices should remain in place throughout site preparation and construction.

Erosion and sedimentation of exposed soils can also be minimized by quickly re-vegetating exposed areas of soil, and by staging construction such that large areas of the project site are not denuded and exposed at the same time. Areas of exposed soil requiring immediate and/or temporary protection against exposure should be covered with either mulch or erosion control netting/blankets. Areas of exposed soil requiring permanent stabilization should be seeded with an approved grass seed mixture, or hydroseeded with an approved seed-mulch-fertilizer mixture.

Spread Foundations

Headwalls or structures may be supported on shallow foundations bearing on competent undisturbed, native soils and/or engineered fill, appropriately designed and constructed as recommended in this report. Foundation design, construction, and setback requirements should conform to the applicable building code at the time of construction. Spread footings should be embedded at a minimum depth of 18 inches below exterior grade to maximize bearing strength and protect against frost heave.

The anticipated allowable soil bearing pressure is 1,500 lbs/ft² for footings bearing on competent, native soil and/or engineered fill. If higher allowable bearing capacities are desired, GeoPacific may be consulted to provide additional recommendations. The recommended maximum allowable bearing pressure may be increased by 1/3 for short-term transient conditions such as wind and seismic loading.

Wind, earthquakes, and unbalanced earth loads will subject the proposed structure to lateral forces. Lateral forces on a structure will be resisted by a combination of sliding resistance of its base or footing on the underlying soil and passive earth pressure against the buried portions of the structure. For use in design, a coefficient of friction of 0.42 may be assumed along the interface between the base of the footing and subgrade soils. Passive earth pressure for buried portions of structures may be calculated using an equivalent fluid weight of 300 pounds per cubic foot (pcf), assuming footings are cast against dense, natural soils or engineered fill. The recommended coefficient of friction and passive earth pressure values do not include a safety factor. The upper 12 inches of soil should be neglected in passive pressure computations unless it is protected by pavement, or riprap.

The maximum anticipated total and differential footing movements (generally from soil expansion and/or settlement) are 1 inch and ¾ inch over a span of 20 feet, respectively. We anticipate that the majority of the estimated settlement will occur during construction, as loads are applied.

Footing excavations should penetrate through topsoil and any loose soil to competent subgrade that is suitable for bearing support. All footing excavations should be trimmed neat, and all loose or softened soil should be removed from the excavation bottom before placing reinforcing steel bars.

Due to the wet soil conditions and moisture sensitivity of on-site native soils, foundations may require overexcavation of footings and backfill with compacted, crushed aggregate.

Permanent Below-Grade Walls

Lateral earth pressures against below-grade walls will depend upon the inclination of any adjacent slopes, type of backfill, degree of wall restraint, method of backfill placement, degree of backfill compaction, drainage provisions, and magnitude and location of any adjacent surcharge loads. Atrest soil pressure is exerted on a retaining wall when it is restrained against rotation. In contrast, active soil pressure will be exerted on a wall if its top is allowed to rotate or yield a distance of roughly 0.001 times its height or greater.

If the subject retaining walls will be free to rotate at the top, they should be designed for an active earth pressure equivalent to that generated by a fluid weighing 45 pcf for level backfill against the wall. For restrained wall, an at-rest equivalent fluid pressure of 55 pcf should be used in design, again assuming level backfill against the wall. These values assume that the recommended drainage provisions are incorporated, and hydrostatic pressures are not allowed to develop against the wall.

During a seismic event, lateral earth pressures acting on below-grade structural walls will increase by an incremental amount that corresponds to the earthquake loading. Based on the Mononobe-Okabe equation and peak horizontal accelerations appropriate for the site location, seismic loading should be modeled using the active or at-rest earth pressures recommended above, plus an incremental rectangular-shaped seismic load of magnitude 6.5H, where H is the total height of the wall.

We assume relatively level ground surface below the base of the walls. As such, we recommend passive earth pressure of 300 pcf for use in design, assuming wall footings are cast against competent native soils or engineered fill. If the ground surface slopes down and away from the base of any of the walls, a lower passive earth pressure should be used and GeoPacific should be contacted for additional recommendations.

A coefficient of friction of 0.42 may be assumed along the interface between the base of the wall footing and subgrade soils. The recommended coefficient of friction and passive earth pressure values do not include a safety factor, and an appropriate safety factor should be included in design. The upper 12 inches of soil should be neglected in passive pressure computations unless it is protected by pavement or riprap.

The above recommendations for lateral earth pressures assume that the backfill behind the subsurface walls will consist of properly compacted structural fill, and no adjacent surcharge loading. If the walls will be subjected to the influence of surcharge loading within a horizontal distance equal to or less than the height of the wall, the walls should be designed for the additional horizontal pressure. For uniform surcharge pressures, a uniformly distributed lateral pressure of 0.35 times the surcharge pressure should be added. Traffic surcharges may be estimated using an additional vertical load 250 psf (2 feet of additional fill).

The recommended equivalent fluid densities assume a free-draining condition behind the walls so that hydrostatic pressures do not build-up. This can be accomplished by placing a 12 to 18-inch

wide zone of sand and gravel containing less than 5 percent passing the No. 200 sieve against the walls. A 3-inch minimum diameter perforated, plastic drain pipe should be installed at the base of the walls and connected to a suitable discharge point to remove water in this zone of sand and gravel. The drain pipe should be wrapped in filter fabric (Mirafi 140N or other as approved by the geotechnical engineer) to minimize clogging.

Wall drains are recommended to prevent detrimental effects of surface water runoff on foundations – not to dewater groundwater. Drains should not be expected to eliminate all potential sources of water entering a basement or beneath a slab-on-grade. An adequate grade to a low point outlet drain in the crawlspace is required by code. Underslab drains are sometimes added beneath the slab when placed over soils of low permeability and shallow, perched groundwater.

Water collected from the wall drains should be directed into the local storm drain system or other suitable outlet. A minimum 0.5 percent fall should be maintained throughout the drain and non-perforated pipe outlet. Down spouts and roof drains should not be connected to the wall drains in order to reduce the potential for clogging. The drains should include clean-outs to allow periodic maintenance and inspection. Grades around the proposed structure should be sloped such that surface water drains away from the building.

GeoPacific should be contacted during construction to verify subgrade strength in wall keyway excavations, to verify that backslope soils are in accordance with our assumptions, and to take density tests on the wall backfill materials.

Structures should be located a horizontal distance of at least 1.5H away from the back of the retaining wall, where H is the total height of the wall. GeoPacific should be contacted for additional foundation recommendations where structures are located closer than 1.5H to the top of any wall.

Seismic Design

The Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries (DOGAMI), Oregon HazVu: 2019 Statewide GeoHazards Viewer indicates that the site is in an area where *very strong* ground shaking is anticipated during an earthquake. Structures should be designed to resist earthquake loading in accordance with the methodology described in the 2018 International Building Code (IBC) with applicable Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC) revisions.

We anticipate that the average shear wave velocity of the soils in the upper 100 feet underlying the site is greater than 600 feet per second. Therefore, if the fundamental periods of vibration of the proposed structures are equal to or less than 0.5 seconds, the site class is determined to be Site Class D, as defined in ASCE 7, Chapter 20, Table 20.3-1. The fundamental period of the proposed structures is to be confirmed by a structural engineer. Design values determined for the site using the USGS (United States Geological Survey) 2019 Seismic Design Maps Summary Report, summarized in Table 1. Site class determination is based upon soil conditions observed during field explorations.

Table 1 - Recommended Earthquake Ground Motion Parameters (ASCE 7-16)

Parameter	Value					
Location (Lat, Long), degrees	45.294, -122.962					
Probabilistic Ground Motion Values,						
2% Probability of Exceedance in 50 years						
Peak Ground Acceleration PGA _M	0.474 g					
Short Period, S _s	0.853 g					
1.0 Sec Period, S₁	0.413 g					
Soil Factors for Site Class D:						
Fa	1.159					
*F _v	1.887					
$SD_s = 2/3 \times F_a \times S_s$	0.659 g					
$SD_1 = 2/3 \times F_v \times S_1$	0.520 g					
Seismic Design Category	D					

^{*} F_v value reported in the above table is a straight-line interpolation of mapped spectral response acceleration at 1-second period, S_1 per Table 1613.2.3(2) of OSSC 2019 with the assumption that Exception 2 of ASCE 7-16 Chapter 11.4.8 is met per the Structural Engineer. If Exception 2 is not met, and the long-period site coefficient (F_v) is required for design, GeoPacific Engineering can be consulted to provide a site-specific procedure as per ASCE 7-16, Chapter 21.

UNCERTAINTIES AND LIMITATIONS

Within the limitations of scope, schedule and budget, GeoPacific attempted to execute these services in accordance with generally accepted professional principles and practices in the fields of geotechnical engineering and engineering geology at the time the report was prepared. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made. The scope of our work did not include environmental assessments or evaluations regarding the presence or absence of wetlands or hazardous or toxic substances in the soil, surface water, or groundwater at this site.

Sufficient geotechnical monitoring, testing and consultation should be provided during construction to confirm that the conditions encountered are consistent with those indicated by explorations. Recommendations for design changes will be provided should conditions revealed during construction differ from those anticipated, and to verify that the geotechnical aspects of construction comply with the contract plans and specifications.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service.

Sincerely,

GEOPACIFIC ENGINEERING, INC.

EXI

EXPIRES: 06/30/202

Thomas J. Torkelson, E.I.T Engineering Staff

James D. Imbrie, G.E. Principal Geotechnical Engineer

Attachments:

Figures:

- Figure 1 Site Vicinity Map
- Figure 2 Site Aerial and Exploration Locations
- Figure 3 Site Plan and Exploration Location
- Figure 4 Typical Keyway, Benching & Fill Slope Detail

Exploration Logs

Photographic Log



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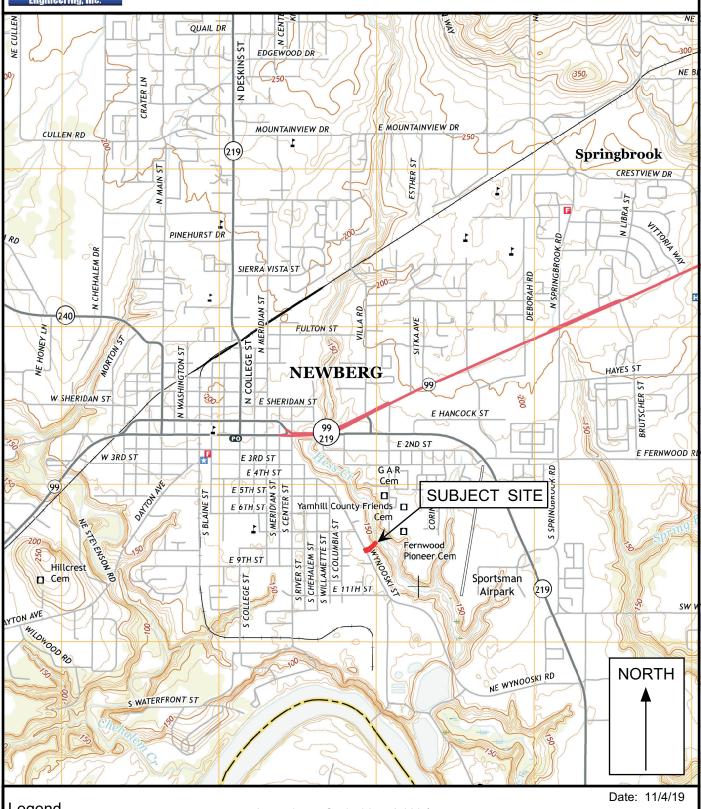
FIGURES



14835 SW 72nd Avenue Portland, Oregon 97224

Tel: (503) 598-8445 Fax: (503) 941-9281

VICINITY MAP



Legend

Approximate Scale 1 in = 2,000 ft

Drawn by: TEB

Base map: U.S. Geological Survey, 20170328, USGS US Topo 7.5-minute map for Newberg, OR 2017: USGS - National Geospatial Technical Operations Center (NGTOC)

Project: Wynooski Stormwater Outfall Newberg, Oregon

Project No. 19-5352

FIGURE 1



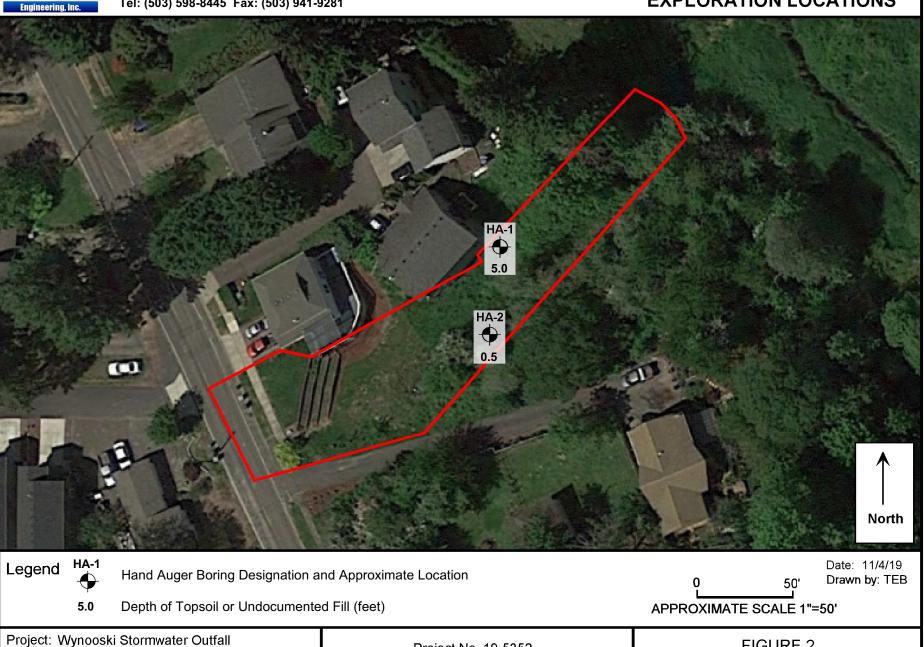
Newberg, Oregon

14835 SW 72nd Avenue

Portland, Oregon 97224 Tel: (503) 598-8445 Fax: (503) 941-9281

SITE AERIAL AND EXPLORATION LOCATIONS

FIGURE 2

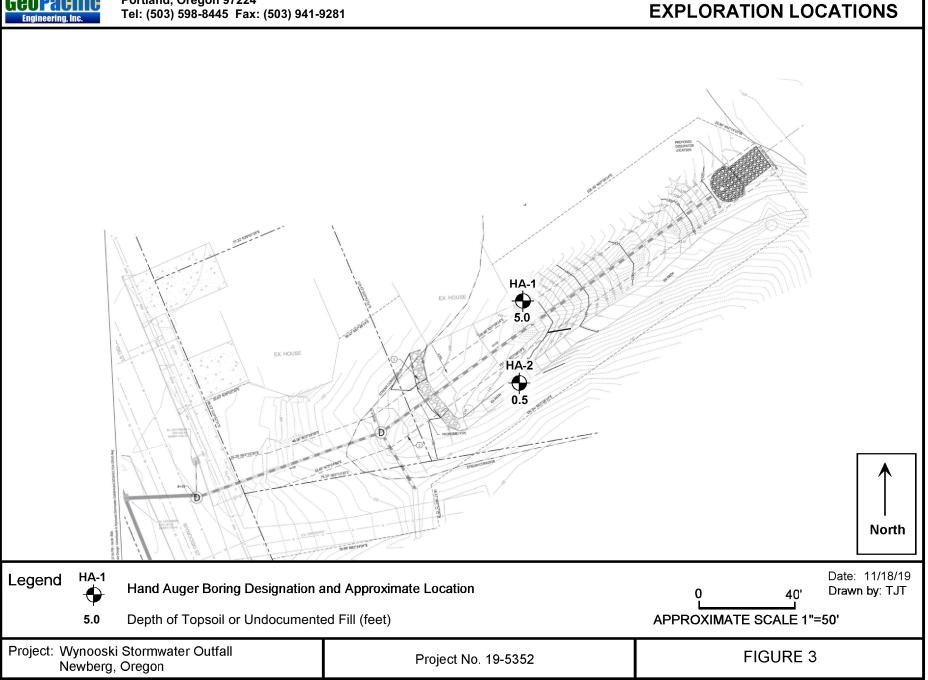


Project No. 19-5352



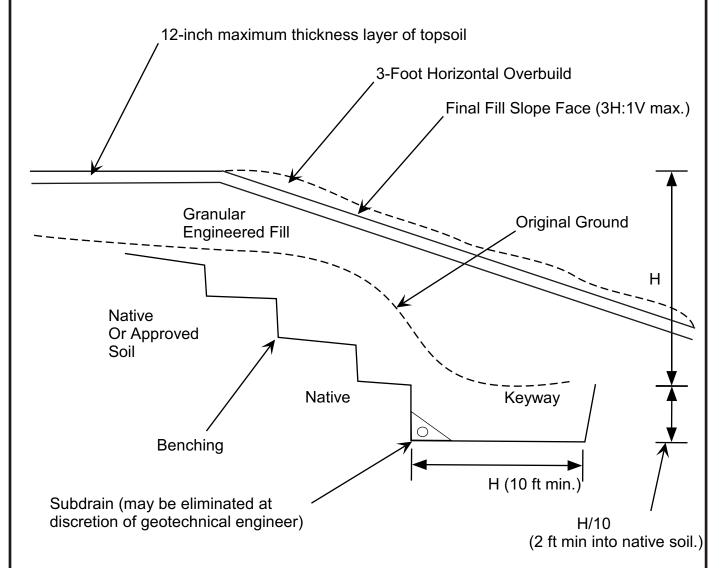
14835 SW 72nd Avenue Portland, Oregon 97224

SITE PLAN AND EXPLORATION LOCATIONS



Tel: (503) 598-8445 Fax: (503) 941-9281

TYPICAL KEYWAY, BENCHING & FILL SLOPE DETAIL



Recommended subdrain is minimum 3-inch-diameter ADS Heavy Duty grade (or equivalent), perforated plastic pipe enveloped in a minimum of 3 cubic feet per lineal foot of 2" to 1/2" open-graded gravel drain rock wrapped with geotextile filter fabric (Mirafi 140N or equivalent).

Engineered Fill may be reject rock, recycled concrete or other approved granular material.

Project: Wynooski Stormwater Outfall Newberg, Oregon



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EXPLORATION LOGS



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HAND AUGER LOG

Project: Wynooski Stormwater Outfall Newberg, Oregon

Project No. 19-5352

Hand Auger HA-1

Depth (ft)	Pocket Penetrometer (tons/ft²)	Sample Type	In-Situ Dry Density (Ib/ft³)	Moisture Content (%)	Water Bearing Zone	Material Description				
_						Loose, moderately organic SILT (OL-ML), dark brown, roots throughout, moist (Topsoil)				
1-							ILT (ML), dark brown, micace gravel and black staining, m	eous, trace roots throughout, with ooist (Willamette Formation)		
2-						bgs	n trace organics, trace fine-gr dium stiff below 2 feet bgs	rained sand, and very moist at 1.5 feet		
3-						Grades to with	n trace brick debris below 3 fe	eet bgs		
4-						Grades to with	n more clay below 4 feet bgs			
5- -						Medium stiff, moist (Willam	Medium stiff, silty CLAY (CL), dark reddish brown, low to moderate plasticity, moist (Willamette Formation)			
6-										
7-						Grades to ver	y stiff below 7 feet bgs			
8-							Hand Auger Termina	ated at 7.5 Feet.		
9-							Note: No groundwater se No significant cavi			
10- -										
11- -										
12- -										
1	100 to ,000 g	Bu	Gal. cket	Shelbv	o Tube Sa	ample Seepage W.	ater Bearing Zone Water Level at Abandonn	Date Excavated: 11/4/19 Logged By: TJT/TEB Surface Elevation: 147 AMSL		



Bag Sample

Bucket Sample

Shelby Tube Sample

Seepage Water Bearing Zone

Water Level at Abandonment

14835 SW 72nd Avenue Portland, Oregon 97224 Tel: (503) 598-8445 Fax: (503) 941-9281

HAND AUGER LOG

Project: Wynooski Stormwater Outfall

Project No. 19-5352 Newberg, Oregon

Hand Auger HA-2

Newberg, Oregon					0. 10 0002	Tidila / tagoi TIA Z			
Depth (ft) Pocket Penetrometer	Sample Type	In-Situ Dry Density (Ib/ft³)	Moisture Content (%)	Water Bearing Zone				aterial Desci	
1-					Loose, moderately organic SILT (OL-ML), dark brown, roots throughout, moist (Topsoil) Medium stiff, clayey SILT (ML), dark brown, micaceous, trace fine roots, low plasticity, very moist (Willamette Formation)				
2- - 3- -					Stiff, silty CLAY (CL), reddish brown, trace orange and gray mottling, low to moderate plasticity, moist (Willamette Formation)				
4- - 5-					3-inch thick la feet bgs Grades to ve				with trace vesicular basalt at 4.8
						ŀ	Hand Au	iger Terminated	l at 5.1 Feet.
6- - 7- - 8- - 9- - 10- - 11- - 12-						Note:		page or groundv gnificant caving	vater encountered. observed.
LEGEND 100 to 1,000 g		Gal. cket	Obali	©			7		Date Excavated: 11/4/19 Logged By: TJT/TEB Surface Elevation: 142 AMSL



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PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG



19-5352 WYNOOSKI STORMWATER OUTFALL GEOTECHNICAL SITE INVESTIGATION PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG



View of Site from Wynooski Street, Facing East



Steep Slope near Existing Home, Facing Northwest

WYNOOSKI STORMWATER OUTFALL REDESIGN

CONSTRUCTION PLANS

LOCATE

(48 HOUR NOTICE PRIOR TO EXCAVATION)

OREGON LAW REQUIRES YOU TO FOLLOW THE RULES ADOPTED BY THE OREGON UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER. THOSE RULES ARE SET FORTH IN ABOUT THE RULES, YOU MAY CONTACT THE CENTER. YOU MUST NOTIFY THE CENTER AT LEAST TWO BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE CONVINCING ANY EXCAVATION. CALL 503-246-6699.

- 800-882-3377

ONE CALL SYSTEM NUMBER 1-800-332-2344.

REPAIR EMERGENCIES

NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS

- 800-483-2000 PORTLAND GENERAL ELECTRIC - 503-542-8818

CLEANWATER SERVICES

- 503-681-3600 OR 503-547-8100 - 503-605-4884

THE CONTRACTOR, IN LOCATION AND PROTECTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, MUST COMPLY WITH THE REGULATIONS OF O.R.S. 757.541 TO 757.571.

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH ORS 92.044 (7) IN THAT NO UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE IS DESIGNED TO BE WITHIN ONE FOOT OF A SURVEY MONUMENT LOCATION SHOWN ON A SUBDIVISION OR PARTITION PLAT. NO DESIGN MODIFICATION NOR FINAL FIELD LOCATION CHANGE SHALL BE PERMITTED IF IT WOULD CAUSE ANY UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE TO BE PLACED WITHIN THE PROHIBITED AREA.

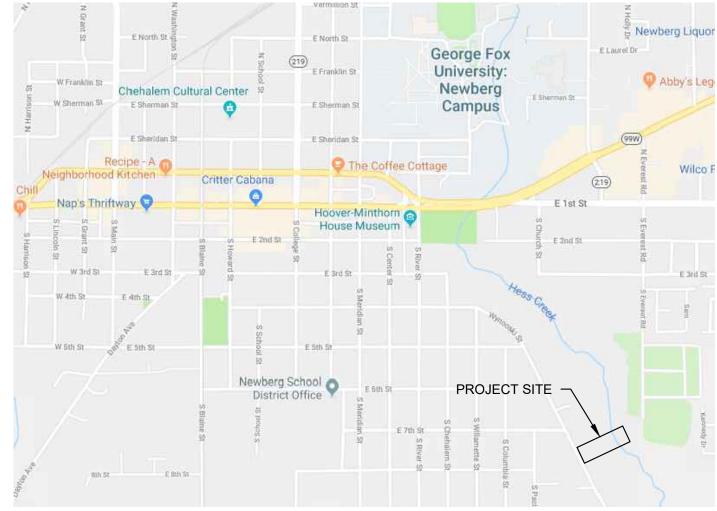
BASIS OF BEARINGS HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE PROPERTY LINES SHOWN ARE BASED ON GRID ROTATION.

----- EXISTING GRADE 5 FT CONTOURS ----- EXISTING GRADE 1 FT CONTOURS FINISHED GRADE 5 FT CONTOURS FINISHED GRADE 1 FT CONTOURS JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS ORDINARY HIGH WATER —···— CITY OF NEWBERG STREAM CORRIDOR

SURVEY CONTROL POINT PROPOSED MAINTENANCE EASEMENT — · — · — TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ---- APPROXIMATE EXTENTS OF GRADING --- CROSS SECTION LINE

E SEVENTH ST CLARE SUNDERLAND 730 S WYNOOSKI ST TAXLOT #700 503-538-5590 PROJECT SITE — JIM WHEATON 740 S WYNOOSKI ST TAXLOT #802 503-860-4762 PAT THOMAS 800 S WYNOOSKI ST TAXLOT #803 503-484-6651 SCALE: 1"=50' (22"x34")

VICINITY MAP



FEMA - FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY IE - INVERT ELEVATION LF - LINEAL FEET S - SLOPE MH - MANHOLE **CB - CATCH BASIN**

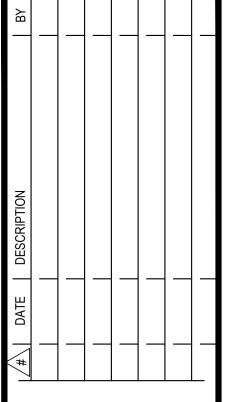
TAX LOT: 802, 803 & 700 ADDRESS: 730, 740 & 800 WYNOOSKI ST, NEWBERG, OR 97132 ZONING: R2 (MED. DENSITY RESIDENTIAL)

SHEET INDEX					
TITLE SHEET & VICINITY MAP	1 OF 11				
EXISTING CONDITIONS	2 OF 11				
DEMOLITION PLAN	3 OF 11				
GRADING PLAN	4 OF 11				
STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENTS	5 OF 11				
STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENTS	6 OF 11				
EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL	7 OF 11				
STREAM CORRIDOR MITIGATION PLAN	8 OF 11				
CITY OF NEWBERG STANDARD DETAILS	9 OF 11				
CITY OF NEWBERG STANDARD DETAILS	10 OF 11				
DETAILS	11 OF 11				

CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT REMOVE OR DESTROY ANY SURVEY MONUMENTS WITHOUT CONTACTING THE YAMHILL COUNTY SURVEY DEPARTMENT PER OREGON REVISED STATUTES 209.150 AND 209.155. MONUMENTS REMOVED OR DESTROYED SHALL BE REPLACED BY A REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR AND A REPLACEMENT SURVEY FILED WITH THE COUNTY.

BENCHMARK NOTE ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON NAVD88. SURVEY NORTHINGS AND EASTINGS ARE BASED ON CITY MONUMENT AT COLUMBIA ST & S SEVENTH ST (ELEV. 168.96, N: 603233.19, E: 7567768.88)

LAST REVISION DATE 12/27/2022

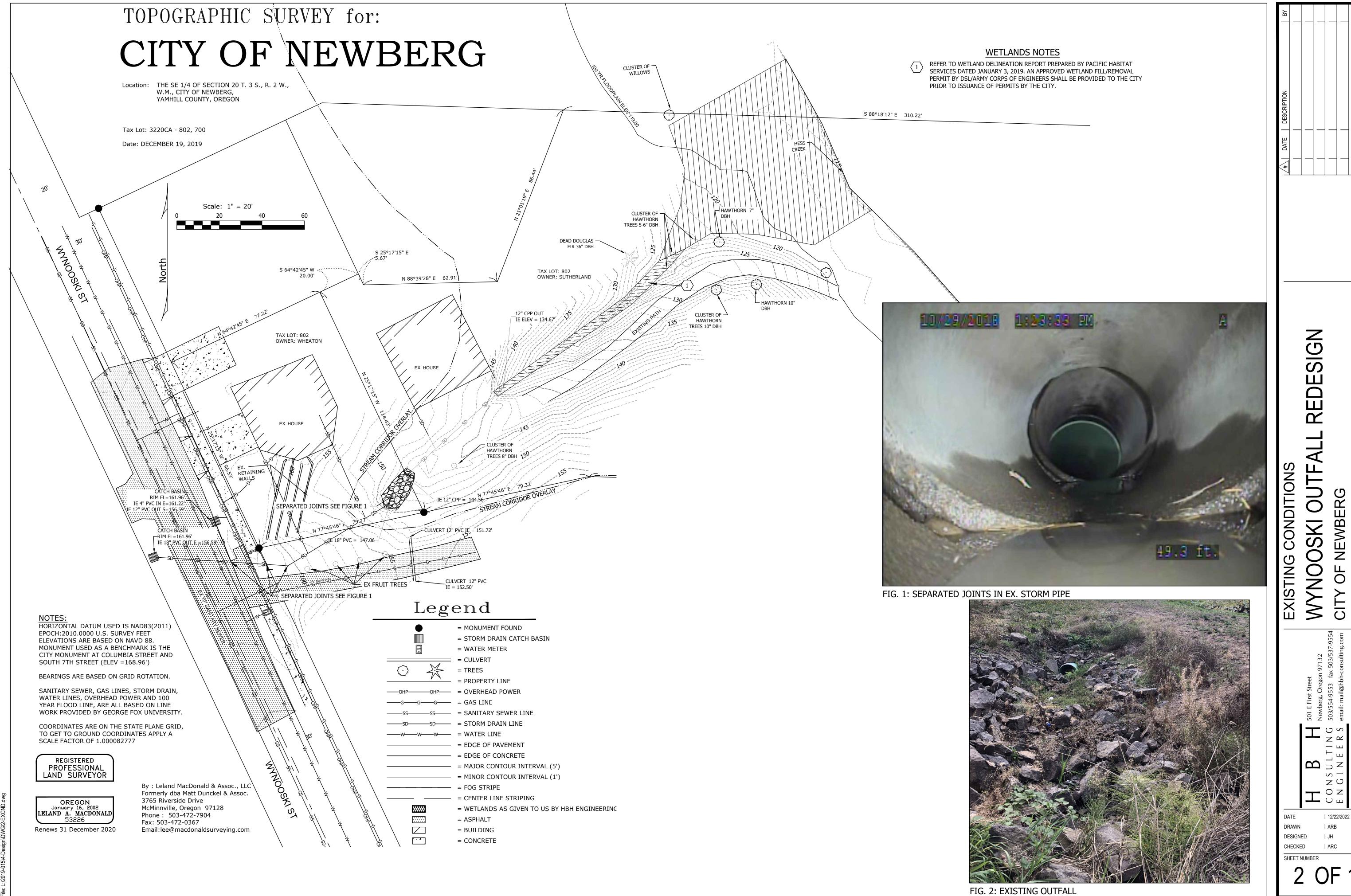


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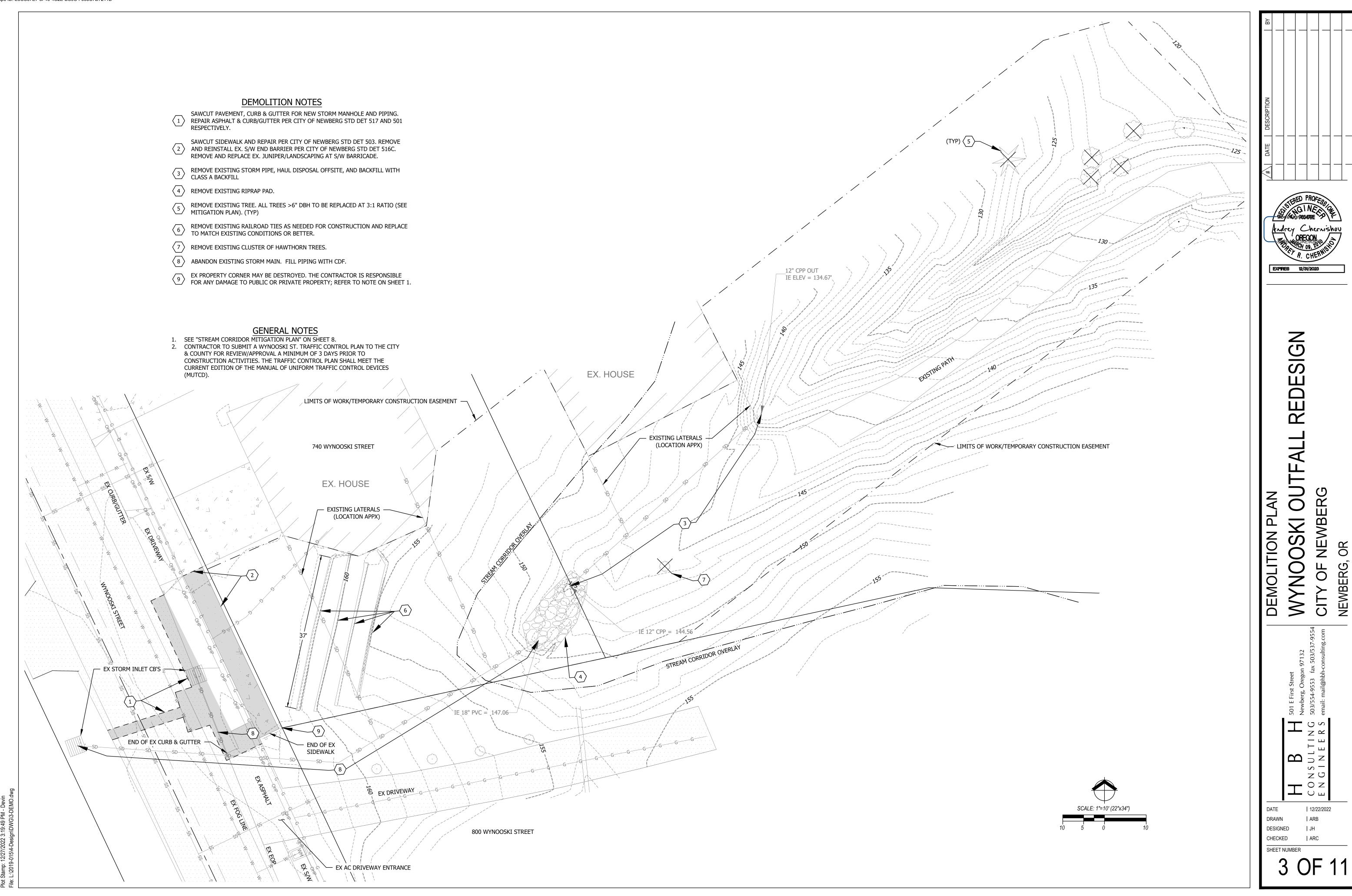
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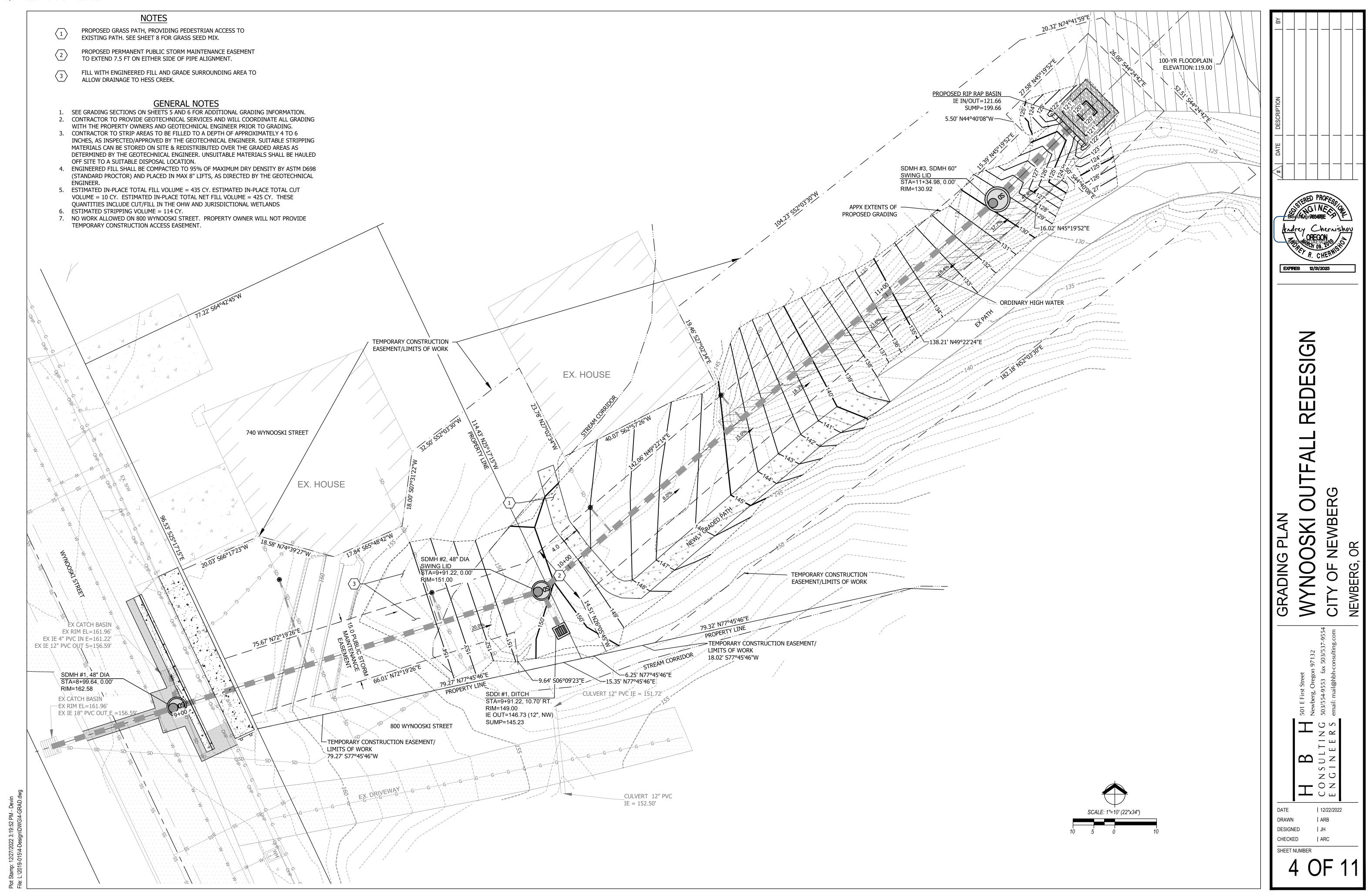
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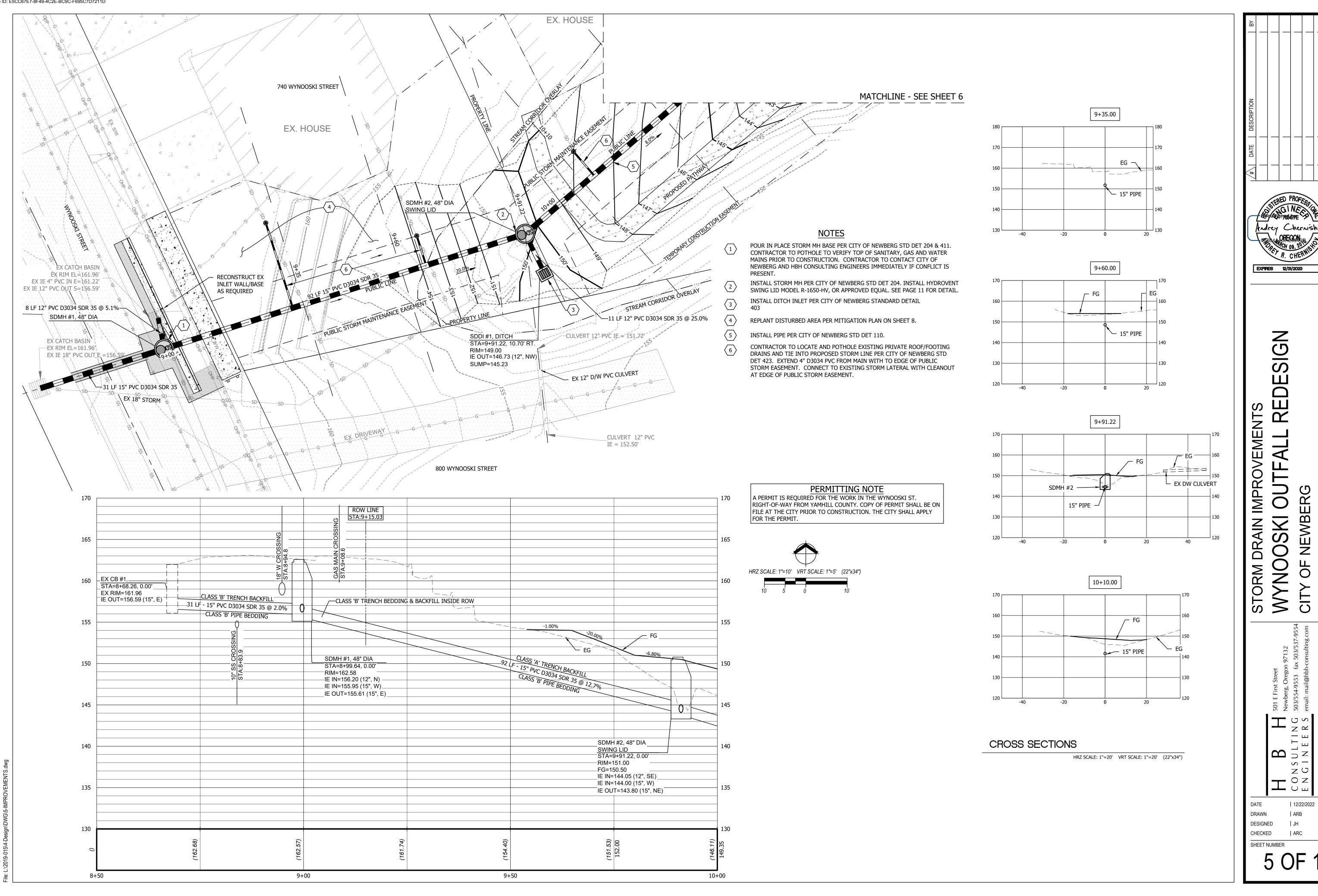
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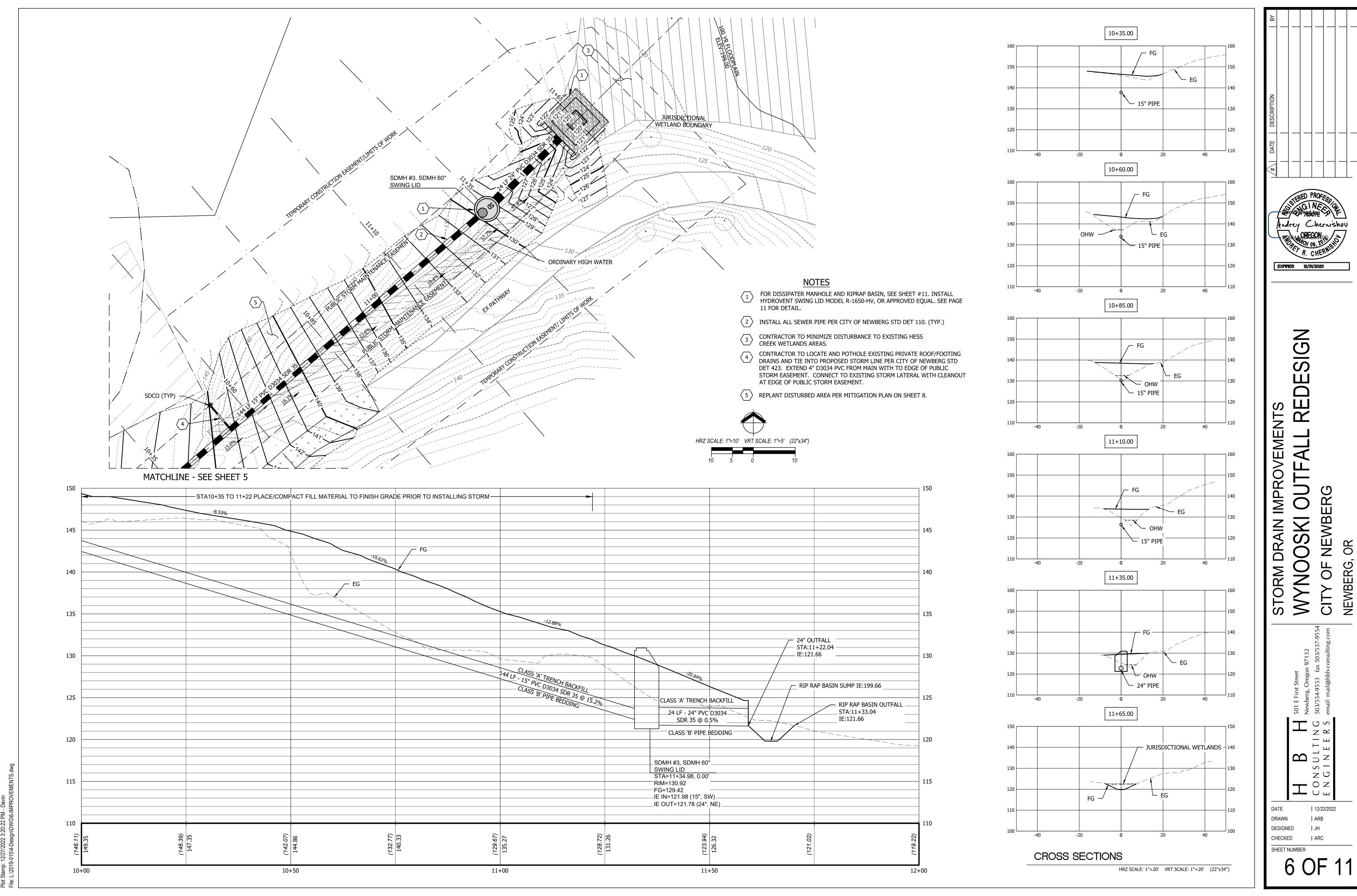


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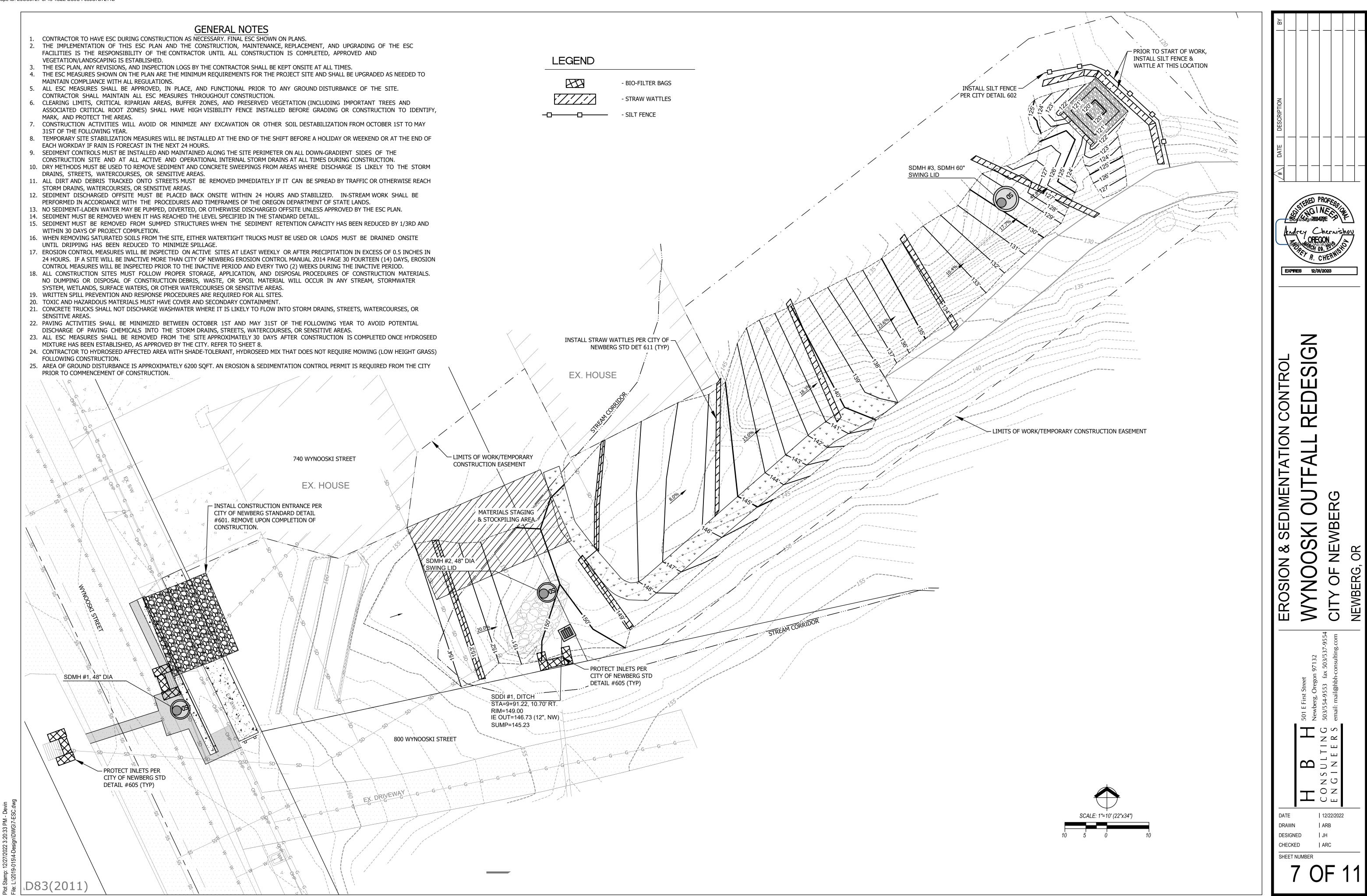


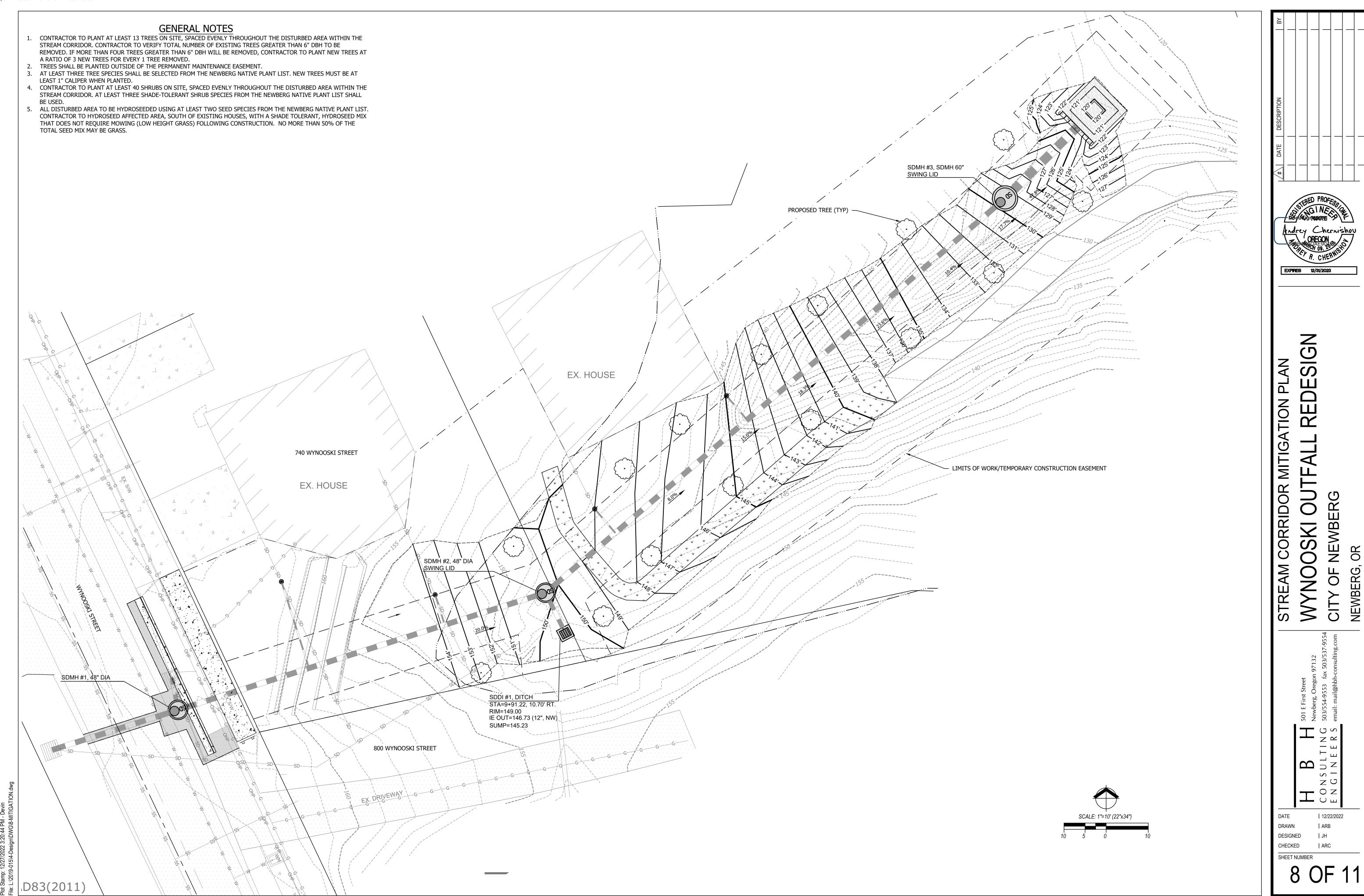


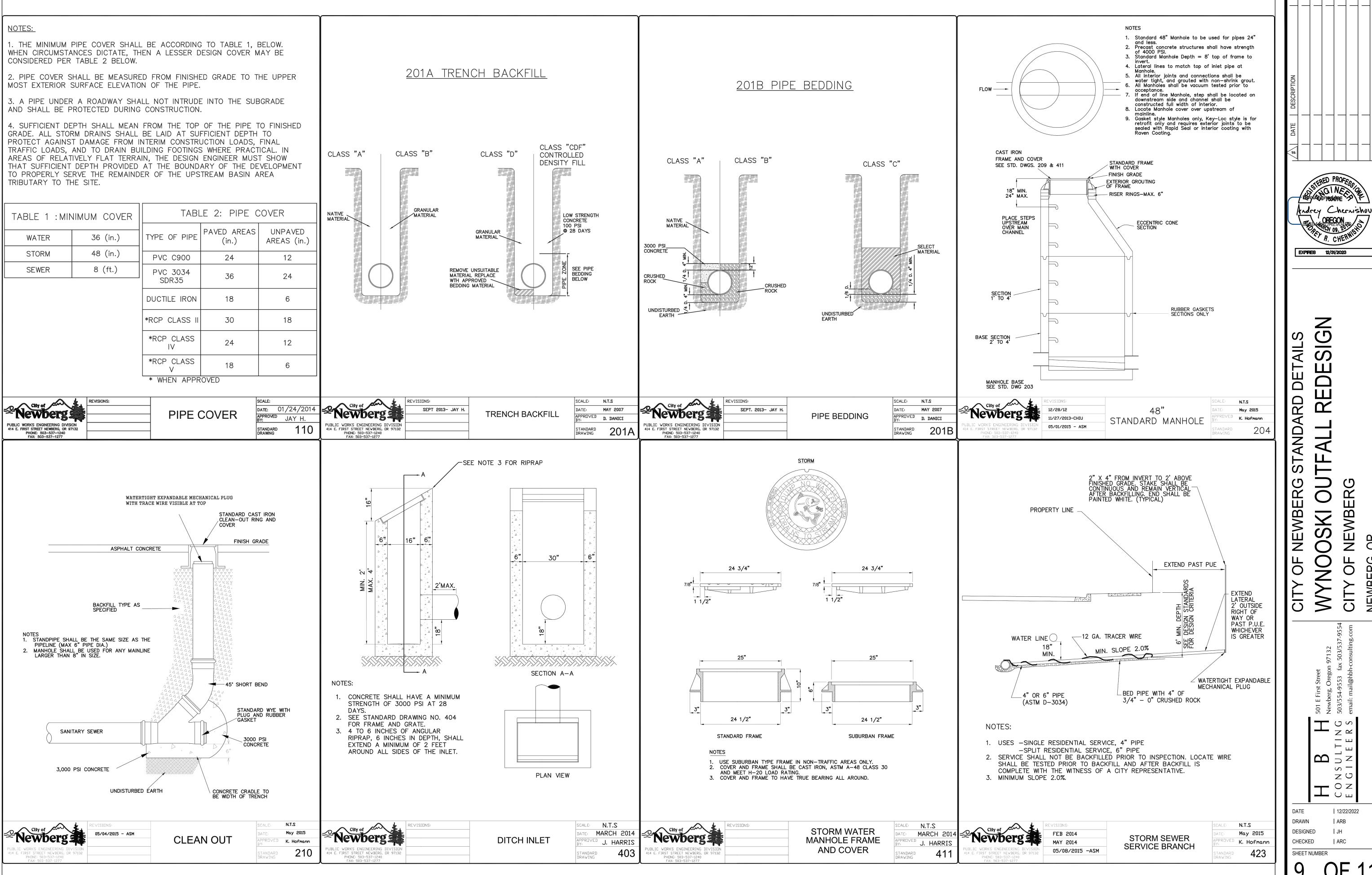




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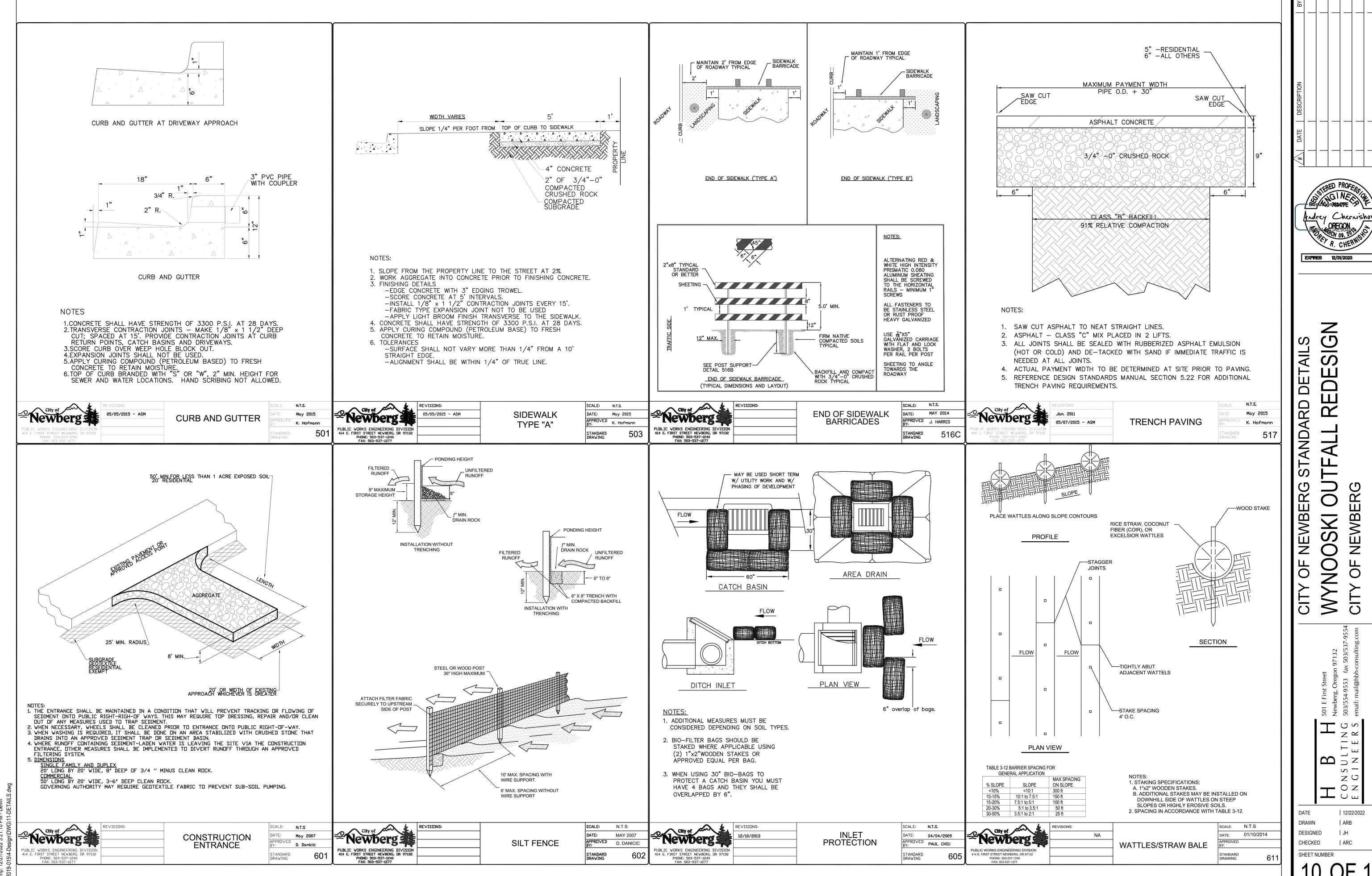
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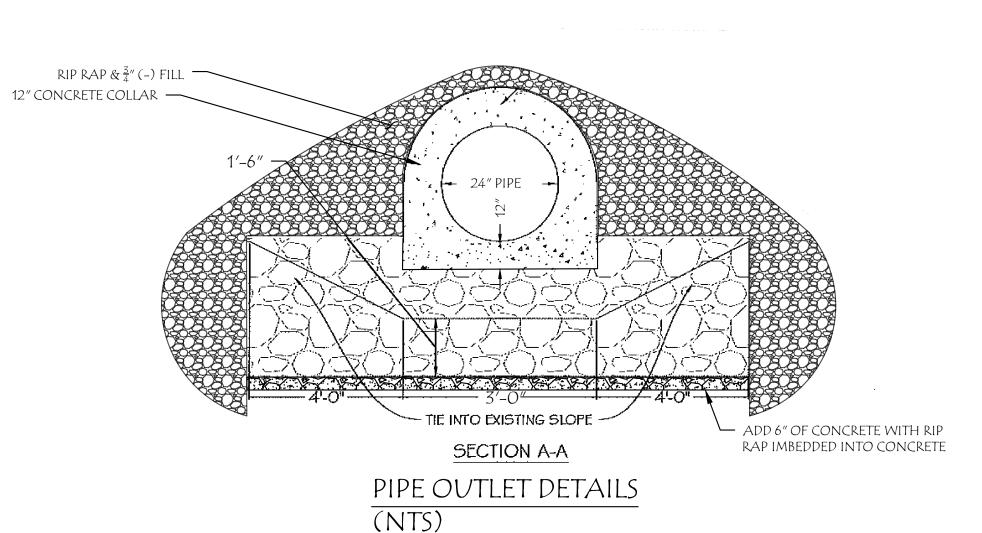
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DISSIPATER MANHOLE (NTS)



RIPRAP NOTES:

• ROCK FOR RIPRAP SHALL BE ANGULAR IN SHAPE

THICKNESS OF A SINGLE ROCK SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN ONE-THIRD ITS LENGTH

RIPRAP INSTALLATION NOTES:

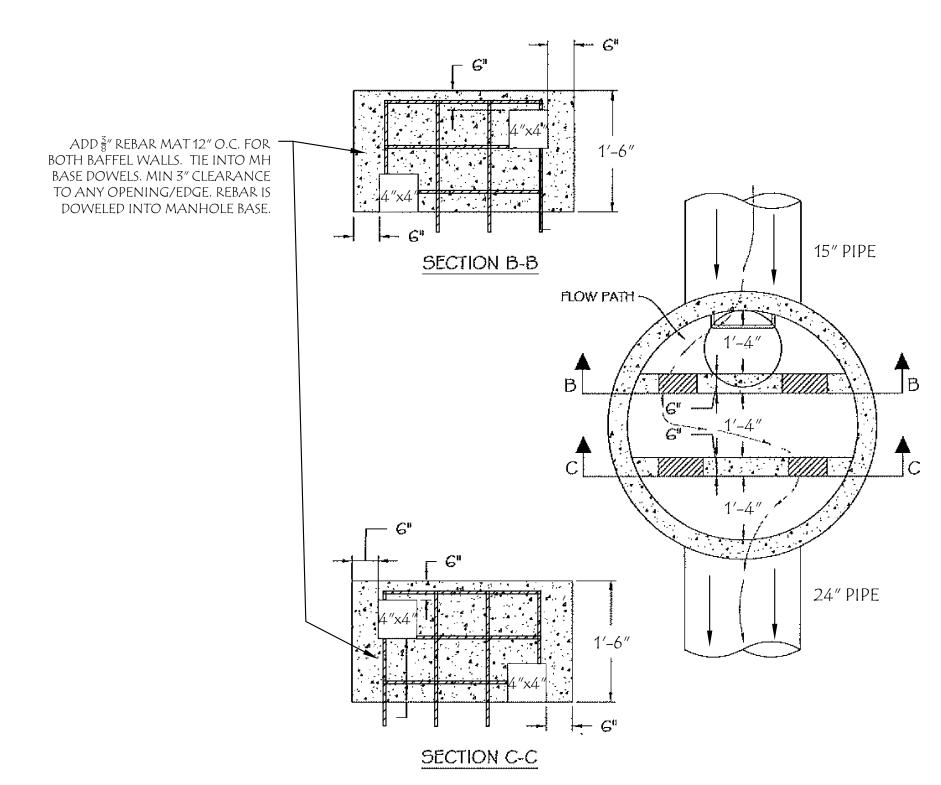
- EXCAVATE BELOW FINISH GRADE DPETH TO DIMENSIONSN SHOWN ON APPROVED PLANS
- INTSALL WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC PLACE RIP RAP TO FINISH GRADE

GRADE RIP RAP SHALL BE THE CLASS AND SIZE OF ROCK ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING:

CLASS 50

WEIGHT OF ROCK (LBS) PERCENT (BY WEIGHT)

20% 30% 40% 10% 50-30 30-15 15-2 2-0



60" DISSIPATER MANHOLE DETAILS (NTS)

HYDROVENT PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Neenah Foundry's HydroVent™ manhole cover is designed using LiftMate™ ball and socket hinge system technology coupled with a heavy duty latching mechanism. The HydroVent™ manhole cover is designed to provide surge relief at the location of the installation during events when the sewer system becomes surcharged.

Design features include:

- Gray iron construction Fatigue resistant durability plus noise suppression
- Heavy duty latching mechanism automatically engages when lid is closed
- Hinge and latch design allows pressure relief while preventing lid blow off
- Superior gasket design and material resists water inflow
- Solid flange improves resistance to inflow
- Automatic "hold open" arm helps prevent accidental closure
- "Made-in-USA" ensures acceptability with federally funded projects
- No dead lifting required to close cover
- Ball and socket hinge provides full support when opening and closing
- Hinge easily disengages for complete lid removal, no tools required
- Traffic rated, exceeds 40,000 pound proof loading requirements of AASHTO-M-306-07

Additional questions regarding Neenah Foundry HydroVent™ manhole cover should be directed to our Product Engineering Department (920) 725-7000.





R-1642-HV 24"



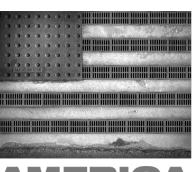


R-1743-HV 30"



R-1739-HV 36"

HydroVent™ System						
MODEL	CLEAR OPENING (Diameter)	FRAME HEIGHT				
R-1550-HV	21"	9"				
R-1642-HV	24- ½"	7"				
R-1650-HV	24-1/8"	4"				
R-1743-HV	30"	6"				
R-1739-HV	36"	6"				



IS BUILT ON NEENAH

DESIGNED | JH CHECKED

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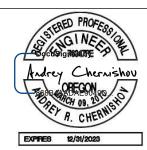
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501 E First Street Newberg, Oregon 97132 503/554-9553 · Fax 503/537-9554



MEMORANDUM

Date: 9/30/2022 Project Number: 2019-001

To: To Whom It May Concern From: Andrey Chernishov, PE

RE: Wynooski Street Hydrology Memo

Overview

The proposed project is in Newberg, Oregon on Wynooski Street, south of East 7th Street. The improvements involve rehabilitating an existing storm system outfall into Hess Creek. This project was originally undertaken by students from George Fox University (GFU) who prepared a hydraulics report (Attachment A). This report analyzed the existing storm system's basin to determine flow conditions, pipe sizing, and the design of an energy dissipater for the outfall of the storm system into Hess Creek. HBH reviewed the stormwater hydraulics report prepared by the GFU students and made some modifications. The GFU report was not at full design, however the hydrological conditions from the report were interpreted and inputted to build a Hydrocad model to complete the design of the system (Attachment B).

Peak runoff rates will not be changed as a result of this project.

Applicable Rules and Standards

This model uses the Santa Barbara Urban Hydrograph (SBUH) method with a NRCS Type 1A rainfall distribution per City of Newberg Public Works Design & Construction Standards. The outfall is classified as a minor drainage system element, which the City requires a 25-year design storm of 4.0 inches to be used for analysis.

Existing Conditions and Methodology

The existing Wynooski Street basin drains east off the street via an 18" pipe. This pipe runs down a hill approximately 70' into an existing riprap pad that is in severe disrepair. There is an existing private lateral 15' south of this pad that drains into the existing riprap pad via surface flow. The outlet of this existing riprap pad is a 12" pipe that runs approximately 60' downhill before exiting into a large ditch that drains east into Hess Creek.

Catchment (1S) represents the existing basin of the outfall. This basin was compiled from sub-basin areas and curve numbers from the GFU hydraulics report. The GFU report calculated the peak flow for each sub-basin and summated these as the peak flow for the outfall, which overestimated the peak flow for the basin. A singular Time of Concentration (T_c) was calculated for the basin in place of individual sub-basin T_c 's to provide a more accurate model of peak flows.

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MEMORANDUM: Wynooski Street Hydrology Memo

September 30, 2022 – Page 2 of 2

Proposed Conditions

The proposed improvements entail replacing the existing storm conveyance system from the Hess Creek outfall into Wynooski Street (Attachment C). A new storm manhole in Wynooski Street will be used to tie into the existing storm system. The outlet of this manhole will be a new 15" pipe that drains east 86 LF into a new storm manhole that will be placed on the existing hillside, in place of the existing riprap pad. This manhole will also tie the existing private lateral via a new 12" pipe that connects to the existing lateral outfall. Water will exit the mid-hill storm manhole east via a new 15" pipe and flow east 144 LF before entering an energy dissipating manhole. This energy dissipating manhole's outlet is a new 24 LF, 24" pipe that exits into a new riprap basin. This riprap basin dissipates flow even further to reduce velocities to an acceptable speed before leaving the facility and draining via surface flow to Hess Creek. The ODOT Hydraulics Manual (CH-11) would require a concrete energy dissipater and a riprap pad, which was used in this design.

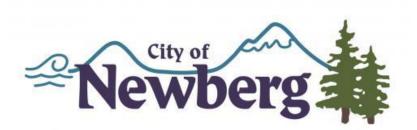
Hydrology

Analyses were performed in Hydrocad (inputs and outputs attached). The existing basin yields a peak flow rate 9.45 cfs at the 25-year storm event (4.00-inches over a 24-hr period). The dissipation manhole will decrease the flowrate significantly. The riprap basin will further decrease the velocity of the stormwater below 2 ft/sec prior to overflowing to the wetlands.

ATTACHMENT A

Wynooski Outfall Hydraulics Report





Josh Meyer, Jacob Bibb, John Hampton, Kristen Mock, Katelyn Smith Advisors: Ben Guidice, PE, PhD, Neal Ninteman, Evan Eykelbosch, PE

Overview and Purpose:

The purpose of the Wynooski stormwater project is to provide a replacement design for the current stormwater outfall for the area. This report will show and explain the results of the upstream analysis for this outfall, which will yield a peak flow rate and the corresponding pipe sizes. In addition, it will further outline the sizing of the energy dissipator to be placed at the outfall of the pipe based on flow conditions, hydraulic behaviors, and given geometries. The analysis will be of the surrounding area under existing conditions and experiencing a Type 1A 25 year, 24 hour storm event.

Calculations and Methods:

TR-55:

The methodology used to find the peak flow through the outfall was the TR-55 calculation method as outlined in city code and guidelines. Basin areas and borders were based off of City of Newberg Lidar data, which was processed in AutoCAD Civil 3D to produce the aforementioned attributes. Soil characteristics and classifications were taken from the USDA soil survey site from its most recent data on Yamhill County.

Pipe Sizing:

In order to find proposed pipe sizes and evaluate existing pipe for flow capacity, a separate set of calculations using Manning's equation was implemented. Manning's n coefficient values were taken from City of Portland standards, and full pipe flow was assumed. The resulting capacities yielded sizing for the pipes that were to be added to the site, but more iterations were needed for analysis of existing pipes.

Further capacity calculations were needed to decide whether to replace the pipe running under Wynooski St. The required slope to allow the pipe to stay was calculated to be approximately 3.5%. Using a digital level, it was found that the existing pipe has a slope of about 3.7%. With such a small difference, flow calculations assuming overflow conditions into the corresponding manholes were used to give a more definitive result. These calculations used closed-conduit conditions and utilized the Darcy-Weisbach equations to model all the pipes and manholes through the outfall. If the water level in each manhole remained below 2 feet below the top of each manhole, the existing pipe would not be replaced.

Energy Dissipator Sizing:

Multiple references were used in the design of the dissipator. The first was a set of constraints set out by both City of Newberg code and the client/project lead, Public Works Director Jay Harris. These constraints included designing the dissipator as a rip-rap lined basin, an exit velocity of less than 2 ft/s to avoid erosion, the use of embedded rip-rap (Fig. 4), and a set side slope. The other major reference was chapter 11 of the ODOT Hydraulics Manual, which outlined several design processes.

The design process began with analysis of the hydraulic behavior a rip-rap lined basin is designed to create. The outlet section of the structure acts as a broad crested weir as the water pools up in the basin. The pipe outfall was placed high enough above the outlet to avoid too much submergence. The base of the outlet was expanded to larger than that of the basin in order to reduce the exit velocity below the maximum limit.

Since there is no earthen channel coming out of the dissipator, it was decided to extend the rip-rap beyond the weir and continuously fan out the width to further avoid channelizing the soil downstream from the weir.

Results and Conclusion:

The resulting peak flow was approximately **12.5 cfs**. Under both open channel and closed conduit conditions, the new pipes are sized at **12 inches** in diameter. The existing pipe under the road is to be kept since it fulfills the requirements of the project and complies with the city codes. The final dissipator design can be seen in Figure 4.

Appendices:

TR-55 Method

Table 1: TR-55 Method Results

Notes: See Figures 1-3 for LIDAR and GIS data

See Tables 2-5 for tc calculations

12.53	Total Flow (cfs)														
1.052	155	0.123	0.071	550	2.07	4	0.490	2.451	80	0.00328	83	98	1.34	0.05	12
0.938	155	0.116	0.112	325	2.13	4	0.464	2.322	81	0.00284	83	98	1.26	0.14	11
0.876	165	0.086	0.079	300	2.48	4	0.345	1.723	85	0.00214	83	98	1.16	0.21	10
1.711	165	0.090	0.119	375	2.44	4	0.359	1.797	85	0.00425	83	98	2.4	0.32	6
1.291	160	0.095	0.186	375	2.38	4	0.378	1.89	84	0.00339	83	98	2.01	0.16	8
0.882	160	0.089	0.190	375	2.45	4	0.356	1.782	85	0.00225	83	98	1.26	0.18	7
0.411	170	0.033	0.038	175	3.31	4	0.131	0.655	94	0.00073	83	98	0.13	0.34	9
0.843	160	0.084	0.191	250	2.52	4	0.334	1.67	98	0.00209	83	98	1.1	0.24	5
2.156	155	0.084	0.129	400	2.52	4	0.334	1.672	98	0.00552	83	86	2.9	69.0	4
0.089	165	0.071	0.026	100	2.69	4	0.283	1.414	88	0.0002	83	98	60'0	0.04	3
0.744	155	0.085	0.111	350	2.5	4	0.341	1.704	85	0.00192	83	98	1.03	0.2	2
1.538	160	0.084	0.095	300	2.51	4	0.336	1.678	98	0.00383	83	98	2.02	0.43	1
qp tr55 (cfs)	qu (csm/in)	la/P	tc (hr)	L (ft)	Pe (in)	P (in)	la (in)	S	CNavg	Atot (mi^2)	CN Lot	CN Road	A Lot (acres)	ub-Basin A Road (acres) A Lot (acres)	Sub-Basin

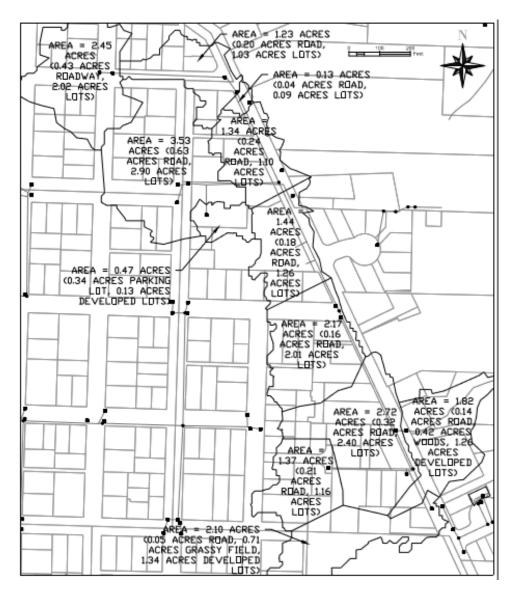


Figure 1: Map of Sub-Basins

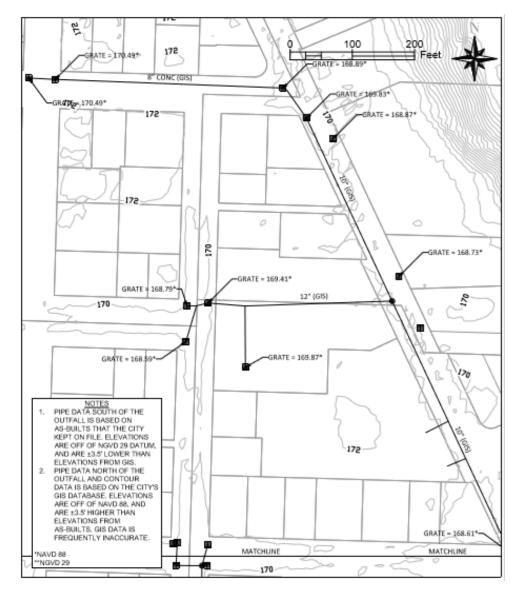


Figure 2: Pipe and Elevation Data 1:

Note: Map outlines sub-basins north of the project location.

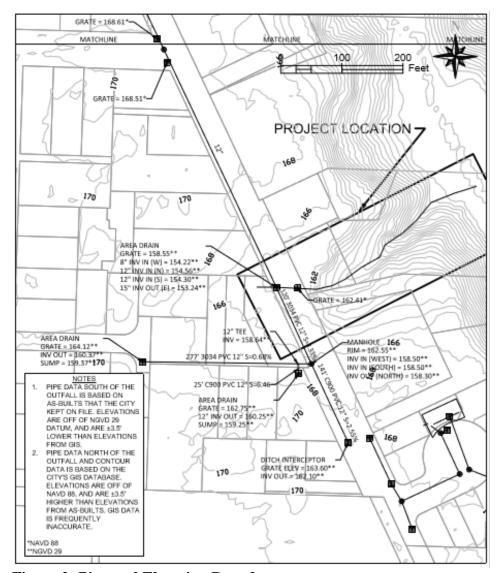


Figure 2: Pipe and Elevation Data 2:

Table 2: Time of Concentration Calculations (Sub-Basins 1-3)

	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrated	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description		Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.349
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)		Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	1.552
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)		Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.225
SUB-BASIN 1	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)		Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.004
30D-DASIN I	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0044			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.017
					V (ft/s)	2.150
					Flow Length (ft)	25.0
	Tt (hr)	0.0920	Tt (hr)	0	Tt (hr)	0.003
					Tc (hr)	0.095
	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrated	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.349
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	50	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	1.552
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0044	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.225
SUB-BASIN 2	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	1.45	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.004
SUD-DASIN Z	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0044			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.017
					V (ft/s)	2.150
					Flow Length (ft)	75.0
	Tt	0.0920	Tt	0.00958	Tt	0.010
					Tc	0.111
	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrated	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description		Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.5454
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)		Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	1.9405
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	100	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)		Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.2811
SUB-BASIN 3	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)		Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0044
30D-DA3IN 3	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0192			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.01
					V (ft/s)	4.241
					Flow Length (ft)	75
	Tt	0.0212	Tt	0	Tt	0.005
					To	0.026

Table 3: Time of Concentration Calculations (Sub-Basins 4-6)

	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrate	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.785
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	50	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	2.329
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.272	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.337
SUB-BASIN 4	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	2.55	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.00272
SUD-DASIN 4	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.00272			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	3.423
					Flow Length	150
	Tt	0.1116	Tt	0.00545	Tt	0.012
					Tc	0.129
	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrate	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.545
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	0	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	1.940
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	250	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0044	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.281
SUB-BASIN 5	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	1.45	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.001
SUD-DASIN S	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.000579			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	1.399
					Flow Length	62.000
	Tt	0.1790	Tt	0.00000	Tt	0.012
					To	0.191
	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrate	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.349
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	0	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	1.552
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	175	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0044	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.225
SUB-BASIN 6	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	1.45	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.015
SUD-DASIN 0	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0152			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	6.175
					Flow Length	38.000
	Tt	0.0364	Tt	0.00000	Tt	0.002
					To	0.038

Table 4: Time of Concentration Calculations (Sub-Basins 7-9)

	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrate	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.545
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	75	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	1.940
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.00157	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.281
SUB-BASIN 7	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	1.42	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.00157
SOD-DASIN 7	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.00157			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	2.303
					Flow Length	300
	Tt	0.1390	Tt	0.01467	Tt	0.036
					To	0.190
	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrate	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.785
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	75	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	2.329
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.00124	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.337
SUB-BASIN 8	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	1.4	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.00124
SOD-DASIN 0	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.00124			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	2.311
					Flow Length	150
	Tt	0.1527	Tt	0.01488	Tt	0.018
					To	0.186
	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrate	d Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.785
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	75	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	2.329
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0033	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.337
SUB-BASIN 9	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	1.45	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0033
SUD-DASIN S	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0033			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	3.770
					Flow Length	25
	Tt	0.1033	Tt	0.01437	Tt	0.002
					To	0.119

Table 5: Time of Concentration Calculations (Sub-Basins 10-12)

	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrated	Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.785
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	0	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	2.329
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0068	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.337
SUB-BASIN 10	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	2.55	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0068
30D-DASIN 10	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0068			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	5.412
					Flow Length	38
	Tt	0.0773	Tt	0.00000	Tt	0.002
					Tc	0.079
	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrated	Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.785
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	25	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	2.329
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0033	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.337
SUB-BASIN 11	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	1.45	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0033
30D-DASIN 11	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0033			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	3.770
					Flow Length	50
	Tt	0.1033	Tt	0.00479	Tt	0.004
					Tc	0.112
	Sheet Flow		Shallow Concentrated	Flow	Channel Flow	
	Surface Description	Paved	Surface Description	Paved	Cross sectional flow area, (ft^2)	0.785
	Manning's Roughness Coeff, n (for	0.011	Flow Length, L (ft)	230	Wetted Perimeter, (ft)	2.329
	Flow Length, L (total L<300ft)	300	Watercourse slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0233	Hydraulic Radius, r (ft)	0.337
SUB-BASIN 12	2-yr 24-hr rainfall, P2 (in)	3	Average Velocity, V (ft/s)	2.85	Channel Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0233
JUD-DAJIN IZ	Land Slope, s (ft/ft)	0.0233			Manning's Roughness Coeff, n	0.011
					V (ft/s)	10.018
					Flow Length	50
	Tt	0.0473	Tt	0.02242	Tt	0.001
					To	0.071

Sample Calculations:

• Peak Discharge, ap

$$q_p = q_u A_{tot} P_e + \sqrt{10} = 160 cs Win(.00383 miz)(2.51 in)$$
 $q_p = 1.54 cfs$
• Notz: All Precipitation and soil Values were based off of City Code or NRCS Survey Data.

Open Channel Analysis (Manning's Equation):

Table 6: Pipe Capacities under Open Channel Conditions

Notes: Slope and roughness coefficient inputs found in Table 7. Calculations assume full pipe flow.

		1 1			
Pipe Diameter (in)	XS Area (ft^2)	Pw (ft)	Rh (ft)	Q Concrete (cfs)	Q PVC (cfs)
8	0.349	2.094	0.167	3.34	4.37
10	0.545	2.618	0.208	6.06	7.92
12	0.785	3.142	0.250	9.85	12.88
14	1.069	3.665	0.292	14.86	19.43
15	1.227	3.927	0.313	17.86	23.35
16	1.396	4.189	0.333	21.21	27.74
18	1.767	4.712	0.375	29.04	37.98
20	2.182	5.236	0.417	38.46	50.30
24	3.142	6.283	0.500	62.54	81.79

Table 7: Pipe Slope and Roughness Coefficients

Slope, S0	0.13
n (concrete)	0.017
n (old PVC)	0.013

Sample Calculations:

*XS Area

$$A = \pi C r^2 = \pi U \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2 = \pi U \left(\frac{g^{(n)} L^{(n)}}{2}\right)^2$$
 $A = .344 \text{ Revineter}, PV$
 $P_w = 2\pi C r = 2\pi U \left(\frac{d}{2}\right) = 2\pi U \left(\frac{g^{(n)} L^{(n)}}{2}\right)$
 $P_w = 2.0974$

• Hydraulie Reedius, R_h
 $R_h = \frac{A}{P_w} = \frac{0.34974^2}{2.0974}$
 $R_h = 0.16774$

• Flow Reste, Ω (PVC Pipe)

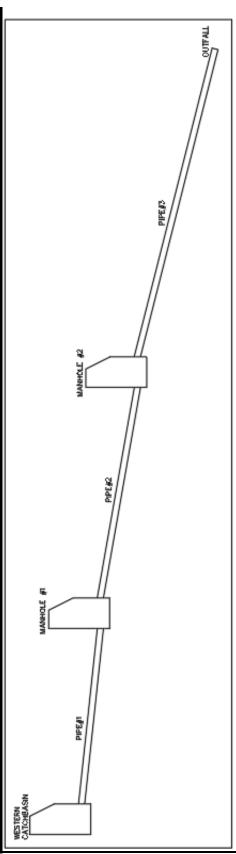
 $\Omega = \frac{1.49}{n} A R_h^{2/5} S_w^{4/2} = \frac{1.49}{0.13} (0.34972) (0.16774)^{3/5} (.12764)^{4/2}$
 $\Omega = 4.37Cfs$

Closed Channel Analysis (Darcy-Weisbach)

Table 8: Water Level Elevation Model

Notes: Flow, Viscosity, and Roughness Coefficient inputs from Table 9
Assume closed conduit flow

Western catchbasin		Pipe		MH at roadway		Pipe		MH #2		Pipe		Outfall	
Rim elevation	162.19	162.19 Diameter (in)	15	15 Rim elevation	162.89	162.89 Diameter (in)	12	12 Rim elevation	156.52	156.52 Diameter (in)	12	12 Elevation	122.8
Upstream invert	N/A	Length (ft)	33.2	33.2 Upstream invert 155.248 Length (ft)	155.248	Length (ft)	56.9	56.9 Upstream invert	145	145 Length (ft)	211.3		
Downstream invert	156.41	156.41 Slope	3.50%	3.50% Downstream inve 155.048 Slope	155.048	Slope	17.66%	17.66% Downstream inve 144.8 Slope	144.8	Slope	10.41%		
Water elevation	158.39	158.39 Rel. roughness († 0.0003333 Water elevation 154.70 Rel. roughness († 0.00041666 Water elevation 142.83 Rel. roughness († 0.00041666	0.00033333	Water elevation	154.70	Rel. roughness (f	0.00041666	Water elevation	142.83	Rel. roughness (10	.0004166		
2 ft below rim?	Yes	Reynolds numbe	1054443	1054443 2 ft below rim? Yes		Reynolds numbe	1318053	Reynolds numbe 1318053 2 ft below rim? Yes		Reynolds numbe 1318053	1318053		
CB depth	5.78	5.78 Friction factor	0.0170	0.0170 MH depth	7.842	7.842 Friction factor	0.0170	0.0170 MH depth	11.72	11.72 Friction factor	0.0170		
		Major losses (ft)	0.727			Major losses (ft)	3.805			Major losses (ft)	14.129		
		Minor loss coeffic	0.5			Minor loss coeffic	0.5			Minor loss coeffic	0.5		
		v^2/2g (ft)	1.61			v^2/2g (ft)	3.93			v^2/2g (ft)	3.93		
		Minor losses (ft)	0.81			Minor losses (ft)	1.97			Minor losses (ft)	1.97		
		Flow type (CLOSED			Flow type	OPEN			Flow type C	OPEN		



EIGURE 4: MODEL OF ANALYZED LAYOUT NOTES.
NO SCALE.
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN TABLE 8.

Table 9: Flow, Viscosity, and Roughness Coefficient

Notes: Sources of values included within the table instead of text.

Flow rate (CFS)	12.5	Source: Upstream analysis of Wynooski St. basins, GFU Senior Design Team 2019
Dynamic viscosity (ft^2/s)	0.0000121	Kinematic viscosity of water at 60 degrees F, EngineeringToolbox.com
PVC roughness (ft)	0.0004167	Source: Absolute roughness value for old PVC pipe, Water Resources textbook
Note: Darcy-Weisbach fric shown in the spreadsheet		e taken from the Moody chart, based on the Reynolds number and relative roughness

Sample Calculations:

Given

Outfall elev = 122.8

MH#2 rim elev = 151.99

MH#2 downstream invert = 143.8

Pipe diameter = 12 in

Pipe length = 183.3 ft

Pipe slope = 11.5%

Relative roughness = 0.000417

O = 12.5 CFS

Dynamic viscosity of water = $1.21*10^{-5}$ ft²/s

Find

Is pipe between MH#2 and outfall sized appropriately?

Solution

Closed-conduit flow analysis. Use Darcy-Weisbach equation.

Reynolds number:
$$Re = \frac{\left(\frac{Q}{A}\right)*D}{Dyn.viscosity} = \frac{\left(\frac{12.5 \text{ CFS}}{\pi(1ft)^2/4}\right)*1 \text{ } ft}{1.21*10^{-5} \text{ } ft^2/\text{s}} = 1,320,000$$

Friction factor: At Re = 1,320,000 and relative roughness = 0,00041

Friction factor: At Re = 1,320,000 and relative roughness = 0.000417, f = 0.017

Major head losses:
$$h_l = f * \frac{L}{D} * \frac{\left(\frac{Q}{A}\right)^2}{2g} = 0.017 * \frac{183.3 \ ft}{1 \ ft} * \frac{\left(\frac{12.5 \ CFS}{\pi (1ft)^2}\right)^2}{2*32.2 \frac{ft}{s^2}} = 12.3 \ ft$$

Minor head losses:
$$h_m = K * \frac{\left(\frac{Q}{A}\right)^2}{2g} = 0.5 * \frac{\left(\frac{12.5 \ CFS}{\pi(1ft)^2}\right)^2}{\frac{1}{2*32.2 \frac{ft}{c^2}}} = 1.97 \ ft$$

Conservation of Energy Equation to find water elevation in MH#2:

$$z_{MH\#2} = z_{outfall} + h_l + h_m + \frac{\left(\frac{Q}{A}\right)^2}{2g} = 122.8 + 12.3 + 2.0 + \frac{\left(\frac{12.5 \, CFS}{\pi (1ft)^2}\right)^2}{\frac{2}{2} * 32.2 \frac{ft}{s^2}} = 141.0$$

The water elevation using the Conservation of Energy equation is 141.0 ft, well below the invert elevation of 143.8 ft. This means that the pipe is not in closed-conduit flow, but rather open-channel flow. Pipe is appropriately sized.

Dissipator Sizing and Hydraulics:

Table 10: Dissipator Dimension Values

Dissipator Dimensions	
Basin Base Width (ft)	3
Wier Base Length (ft)	4
Basin Base Length (ft)	4
Wier Base Length (ft)	4
Sides Slope (Horiz:Vert)	1.5:1
Basin Depth from Wier (ft)	1.5
Outfall invert to Basin Base (ft)	1
Wier Depth (ft)	2.5

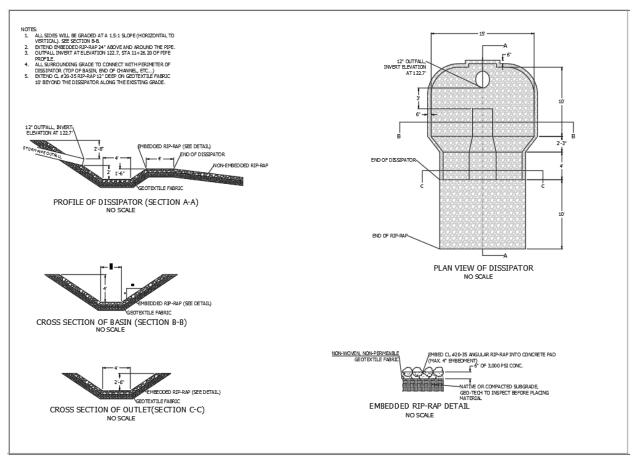
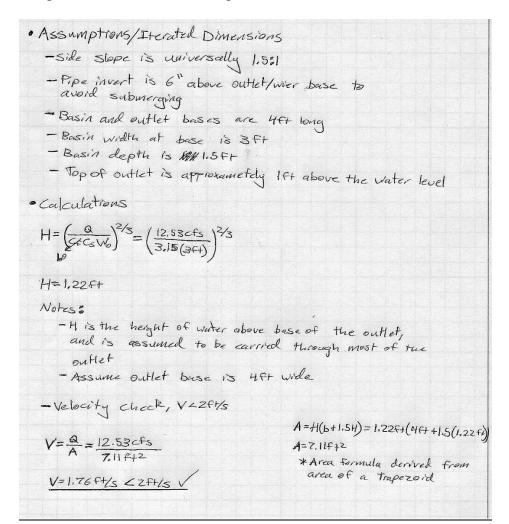


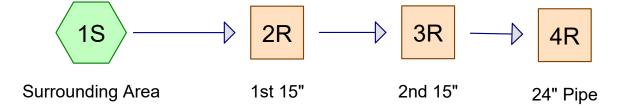
Figure 5: Dissipator Detail

Notes: Detail is from the current plan set (April 29).

Sample Calculations and Assumptions:















Routing Diagram for Wynooski St Outfall
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Type IA 24-hr 25 YR Rainfall=4.00"

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Page 2

Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3001 points
Runoff by SBUH method, Split Pervious/Imperv.
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Surrounding Area

Runoff Area=20.770 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.37"

Flow Length=2,023' Tc=22.6 min CN=84/0 Runoff=9.46 cfs 4.104 af

Reach 2R: 1st 15" Avg. Flow Depth=0.56' Max Vel=17.69 fps Inflow=9.46 cfs 4.104 af 15.0" Round Pipe n=0.012 L=86.4' S=0.1058 '/' Capacity=22.76 cfs Outflow=9.46 cfs 4.104 af

Reach 3R: 2nd 15" Avg. Flow Depth=0.51' Max Vel=20.21 fps Inflow=9.46 cfs 4.104 af 15.0" Round Pipe n=0.012 L=143.7' S=0.1518 '/' Capacity=27.27 cfs Outflow=9.46 cfs 4.104 af

Reach 4R: 24" PipeAvg. Flow Depth=1.06' Max Vel=5.61 fps Inflow=9.46 cfs 4.104 af 24.0" Round Pipe n=0.012 L=24.3' S=0.0049 '/' Capacity=17.22 cfs Outflow=9.45 cfs 4.104 af

Type IA 24-hr 25 YR Rainfall=4.00"

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Surrounding Area

Runoff = 9.46 cfs @ 8.01 hrs, Volume= 4.104 af, Depth= 2.37"

Runoff by SBUH method, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type IA 24-hr 25 YR Rainfall=4.00"

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription		
*	2.	450 8	36			
*	1.	230 8	35			
*	0.	130 8	38			
*	3.	530 8	36			
*	1.	340 8	36			
*	0.	470	94			
*	1.	440 8	35			
*	2.	170 8	34			
*			35			
*	1.	370 8	35			
*			33			
*	2.	100	76			
	20.	770 8	34 Wei	ghted Avei	age	
			,	00% Pervi		
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	'
_	5.5	300	0.0044	0.91	, ,	Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
	0.0	000	0.0011	0.01		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.00"
	0.4	43	0.0040	1.67	0.58	
	0.1	.0	0.0010	1.07	0.00	8.0" Round Area= 0.3 sf Perim= 2.1' r= 0.17'
						n= 0.017
	3.6	364	0.0040	1.67	0.58	
	0.0	001	0.0010	1.07	0.00	8.0" Round Area= 0.3 sf Perim= 2.1' r= 0.17'
						n= 0.017
	0.4	61	0.0044	2.89	1.57	
	0.1	0.	0.0011	2.00	1.01	10.0" Round Area= 0.5 sf Perim= 2.6' r= 0.21'
						n= 0.012
	3.9	325	0.0010	1.38	0.75	
	0.0	020	0.0010	1.00	0.70	10.0" Round Area= 0.5 sf Perim= 2.6' r= 0.21'
						n= 0.012
	4.5	473	0.0016	1.74	0.95	
	4.0	470	0.0010	1.74	0.55	10.0" Round Area= 0.5 sf Perim= 2.6' r= 0.21'
						n= 0.012
	4.1	422	0.0012	1.70	1.34	
	7.1	722	0.0012	1.70	1.04	12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
						n= 0.012
	0.2	35	0.0033	3.28	4 02	Pipe Channel, Wynooski St #5
	0.2	33	0.0000	5.20	4.02	15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'
						n= 0.012
_	22.6	2 022	Total			11- 0.012
	22.6	2,023	Total			

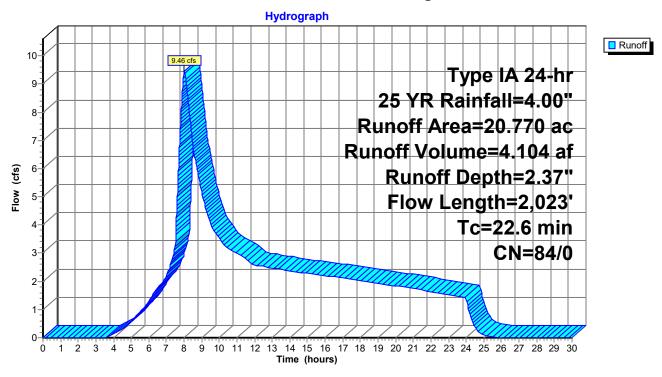
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Subcatchment 1S: Surrounding Area



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Inflow
Outflow

Summary for Reach 2R: 1st 15"

Inflow Area = 20.770 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.37" for 25 YR event

Inflow = 9.46 cfs @ 8.01 hrs, Volume= 4.104 af

Outflow = 9.46 cfs @ 8.01 hrs, Volume= 4.104 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.1 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Max. Velocity= 17.69 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.1 min Avg. Velocity = 10.36 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.1 min

Peak Storage= 46 cf @ 8.01 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.56'

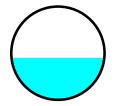
Bank-Full Depth= 1.25' Flow Area= 1.2 sf, Capacity= 22.76 cfs

15.0" Round Pipe

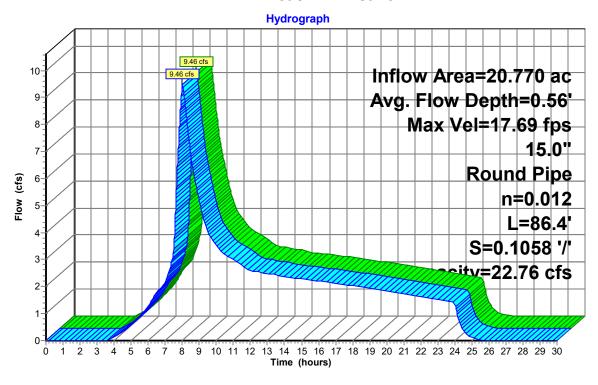
n = 0.012

Length= 86.4' Slope= 0.1058 '/'

Inlet Invert= 153.14', Outlet Invert= 144.00'



Reach 2R: 1st 15"



Type IA 24-hr 25 YR Rainfall=4.00"

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Inflow
Outflow

Summary for Reach 3R: 2nd 15"

Inflow Area = 20.770 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.37" for 25 YR event

Inflow = 9.46 cfs @ 8.01 hrs, Volume= 4.104 af

Outflow = 9.46 cfs @ 8.01 hrs, Volume= 4.104 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Max. Velocity= 20.21 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.1 min Avg. Velocity = 11.80 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.2 min

Peak Storage= 67 cf @ 8.01 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.51'

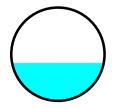
Bank-Full Depth= 1.25' Flow Area= 1.2 sf, Capacity= 27.27 cfs

15.0" Round Pipe

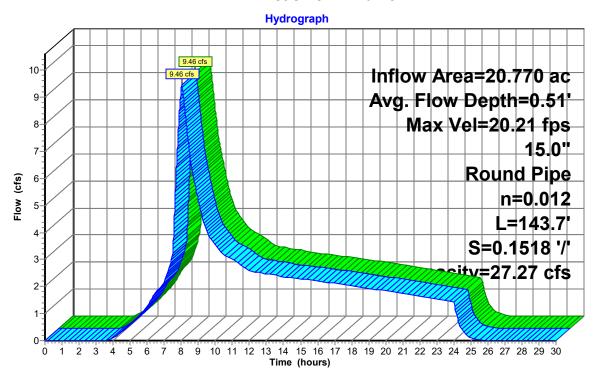
n = 0.012

Length= 143.7' Slope= 0.1518 '/'

Inlet Invert= 143.80', Outlet Invert= 121.98'



Reach 3R: 2nd 15"



Type IA 24-hr 25 YR Rainfall=4.00"

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Summary for Reach 4R: 24" Pipe

Inflow Area = 20.770 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.37" for 25 YR event

Inflow = 9.46 cfs @ 8.01 hrs, Volume= 4.104 af

Outflow = 9.45 cfs @ 8.02 hrs, Volume= 4.104 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min

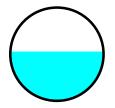
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Max. Velocity= 5.61 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.1 min Avg. Velocity = 3.26 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.1 min

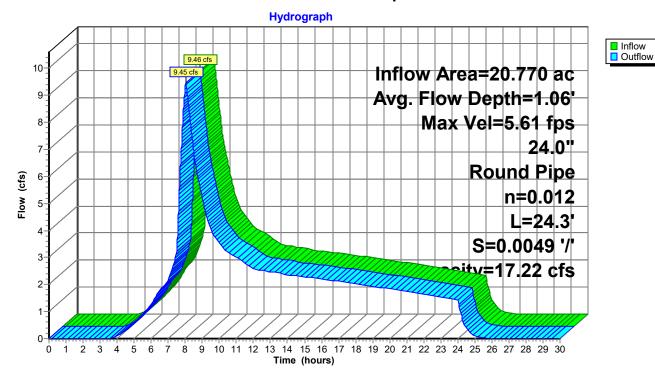
Peak Storage= 41 cf @ 8.02 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.06'

Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 3.1 sf, Capacity= 17.22 cfs

24.0" Round Pipe n= 0.012 Length= 24.3' Slope= 0.0049 '/' Inlet Invert= 121.78', Outlet Invert= 121.66'



Reach 4R: 24" Pipe



WYNOOSKI STORMWATER **OUTFALL REDESIGN**

ATTACHMENT C

CONSTRUCTION PLANS

VICINITY MAP



TITLE SHEET & VICINITY MAP

WYNOOSKI OUTFALL

I S S S

∆ 5 z

T O Z

DRAWN

DESIGNED

CHECKED

I 9/28/2022

LARB

I ARC

| JH

CITY OF NEWBERG

REDESIGN

PROJECT ABBREVIATIONS

DBH - DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT

EX - EXISTING
FEMA - FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

LF - LINEAL FEET S - SLOPE MH - MANHOLE CB - CATCH BASIN

CLARE SUNDERLAND 730 S WYNOOSKI ST TAXLOT #700

SGALF: 1"=50" (22"x34")

SHEET INDEX	
TITLE SHEET & VICINITY MAP	1 OF 11
EXISTING CONDITIONS	2 OF 11
DEMOLITION PLAN	3 OF 11
GRADING PLAN	4 OF 11
STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENTS	5 OF 11
STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENTS	6 OF 11
EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL	7 OF 11
STREAM CORRIDOR MITIGATION PLAN	8 OF 11
CITY OF NEWBERG STANDARD DETAILS	9 OF 11
CITY OF NEWBERG STANDARD DETAILS	10 OF 11
DETAILS	11 OF 11

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BENCHMARK NOTE

FLEVATIONS ARE BASED ON NAVD88 SURVEY NORTHINGS AND FASTINGS ARE BASED ON CITY MONUMENT AT COLUMBIA ST & S SEVENTH ST (ELEV. 168.96, N: 603233.19, E: 7567768.88)

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NOTE:

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH ORS 92 044 (7) IN THAT NO LITH ITY THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH ORS 92.044 (7) IN THAT NO UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE IS DESIGNED TO BE WITHIN ONE FOOT OF A SURVEY MONUMENT LOCATION SHOWN ON A SUBDIVISION OR PARTITION PLAT. NO DESIGN MODIFICATION NOR FINAL FIELD LOCATION CHANGE SHALL BE PERMITTED IF IT WOULD CAUSE ANY UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE TO BE PLACED WITHIN THE PROHIBITED AREA.

BASIS OF BEARINGS
HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE PROPERTY LINES SHOWN

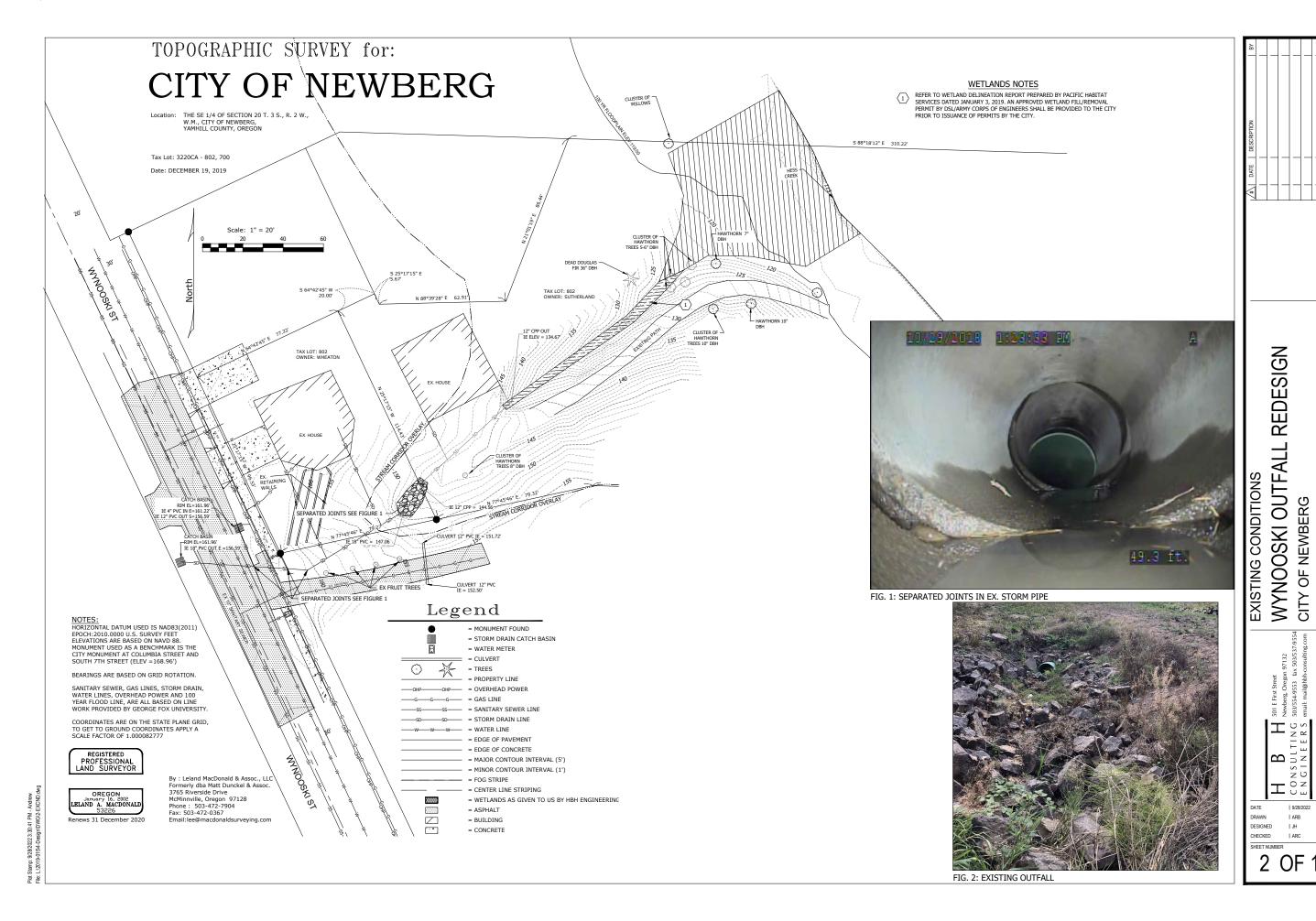
LEGEND EXISTING GRADE 5 FT CONTOURS EXISTING GRADE 1 FT CONTOURS FINISHED GRADE 5 FT CONTOURS

JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS
ORDINARY HIGH WATER
CITY OF NEWBERG STREAM CORRIDOR
FEMA 100-YR FLOODPLAIN PROPERTY LINE SURVEY CONTROL POINT PROPOSED MAINTENANCE EASEMENT TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FASEMENT

— — — — APPROXIMATE EXTENTS OF GRADING

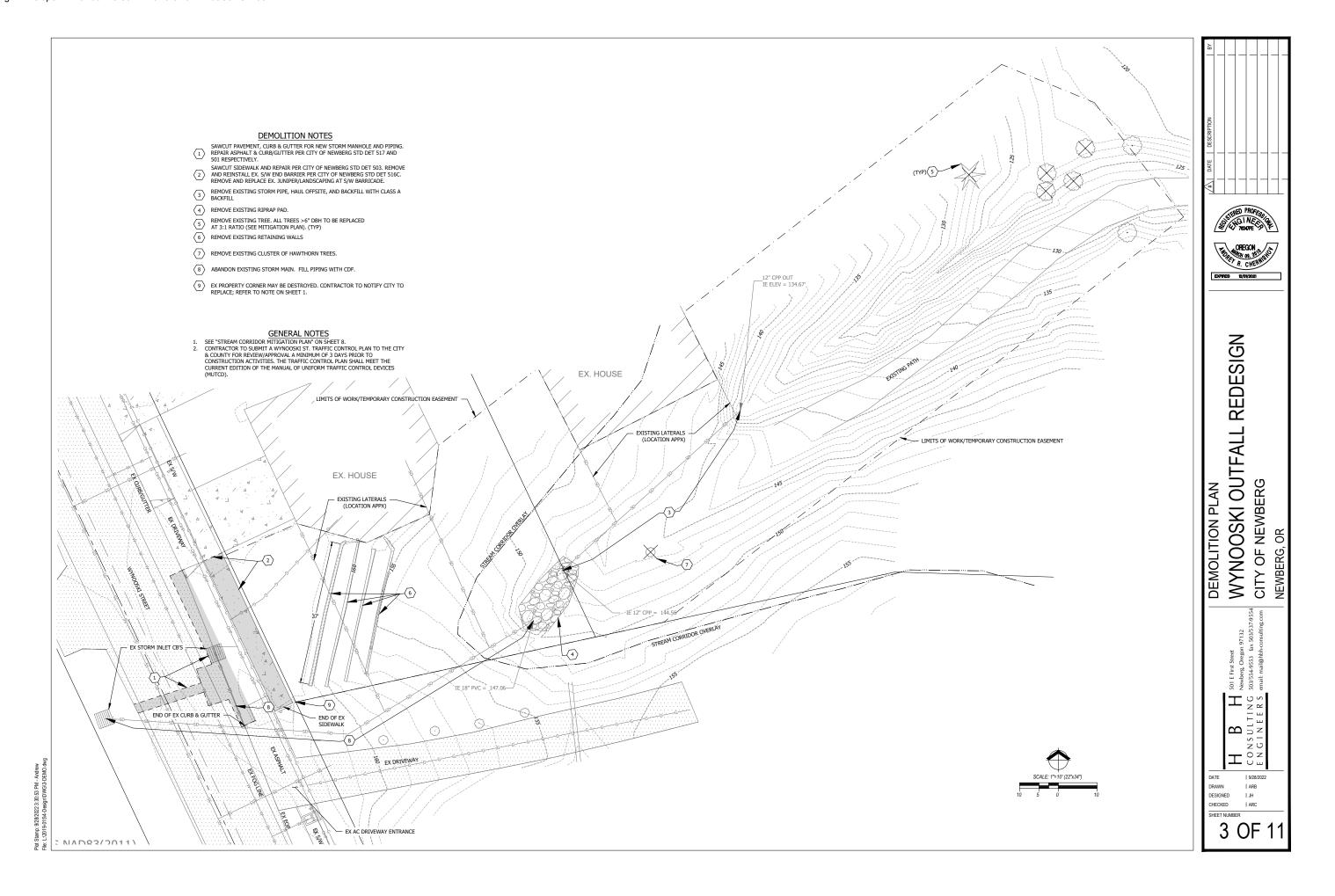
PROJECT SITE

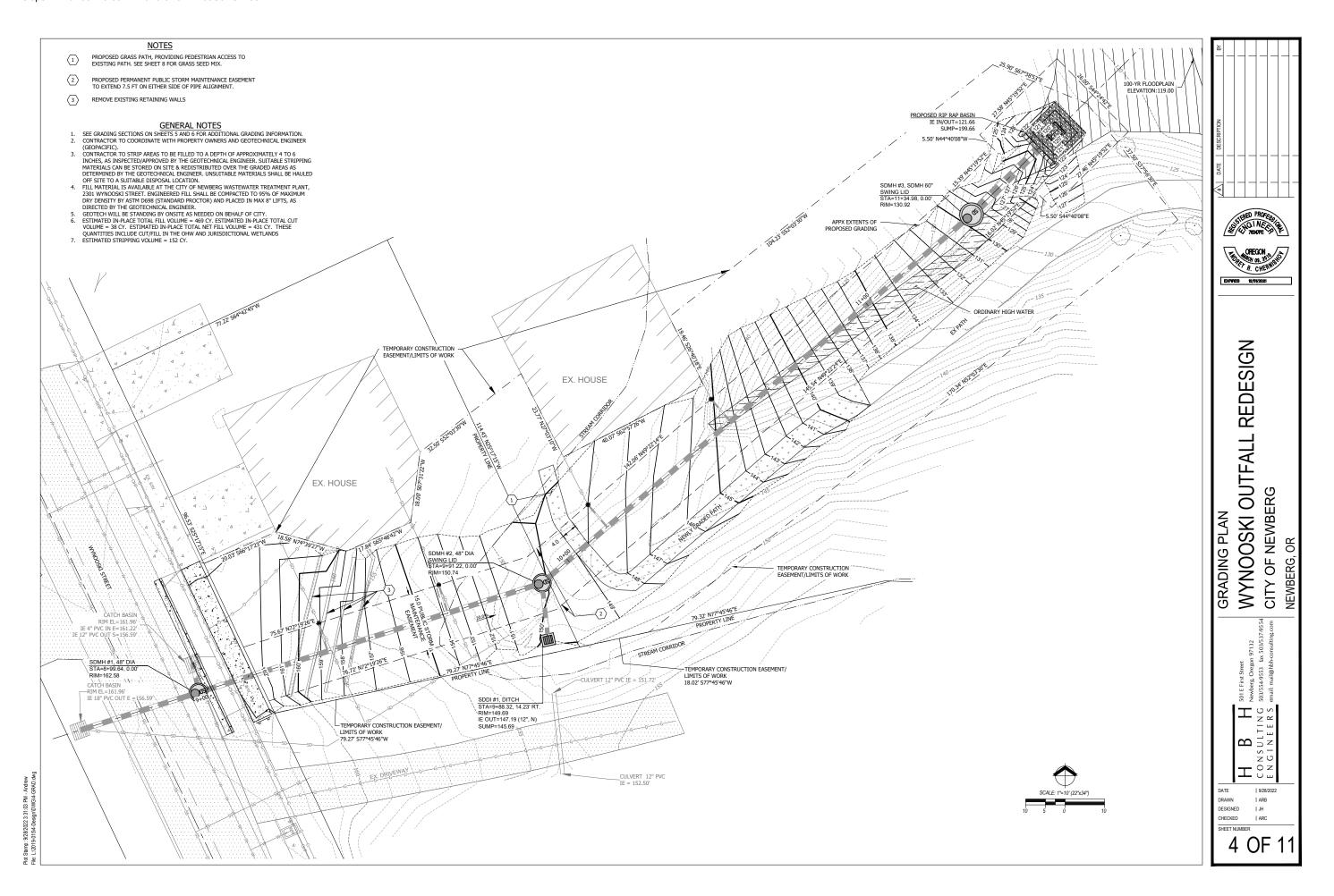
LAST REVISION DATE 9/28/2022

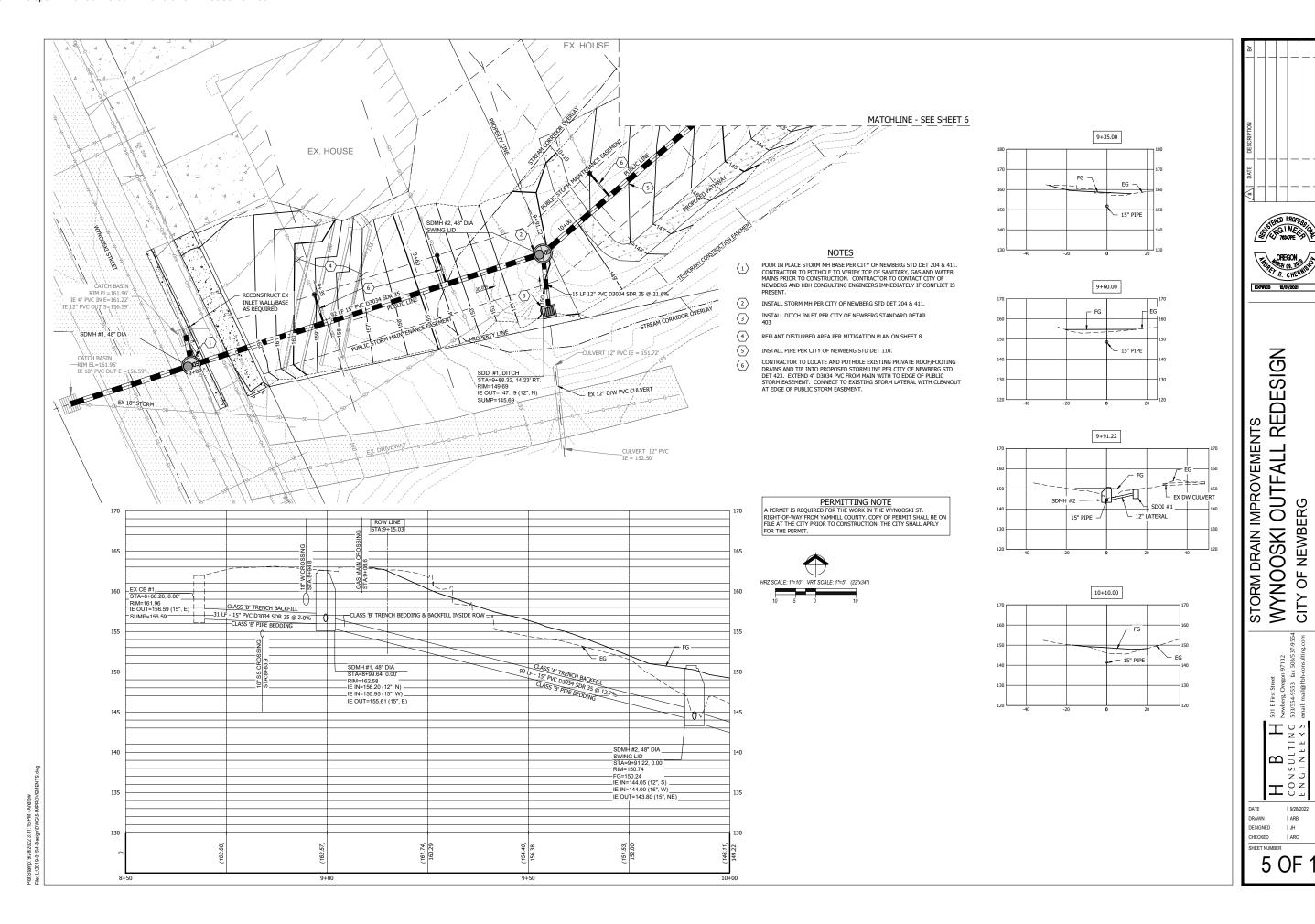


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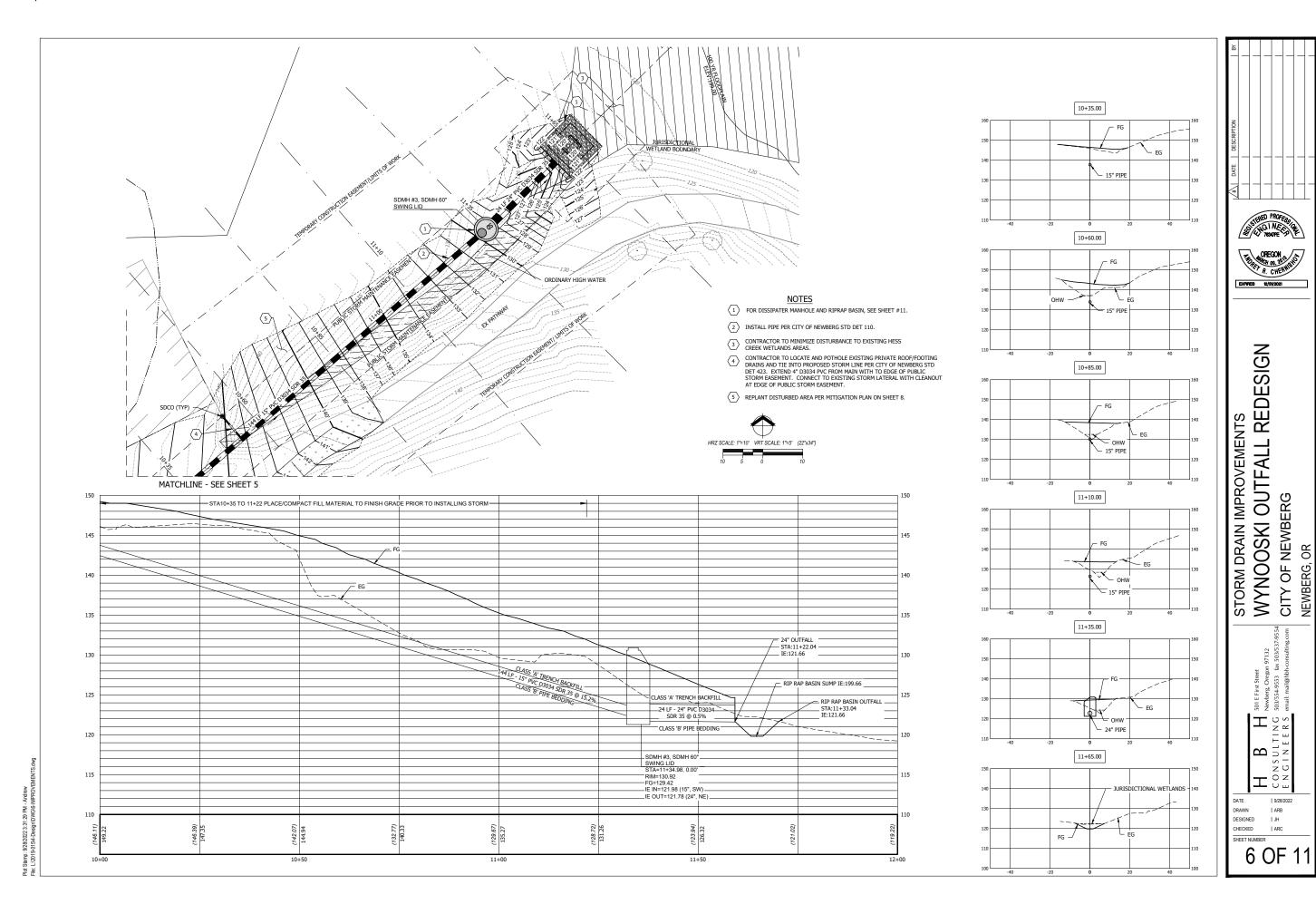


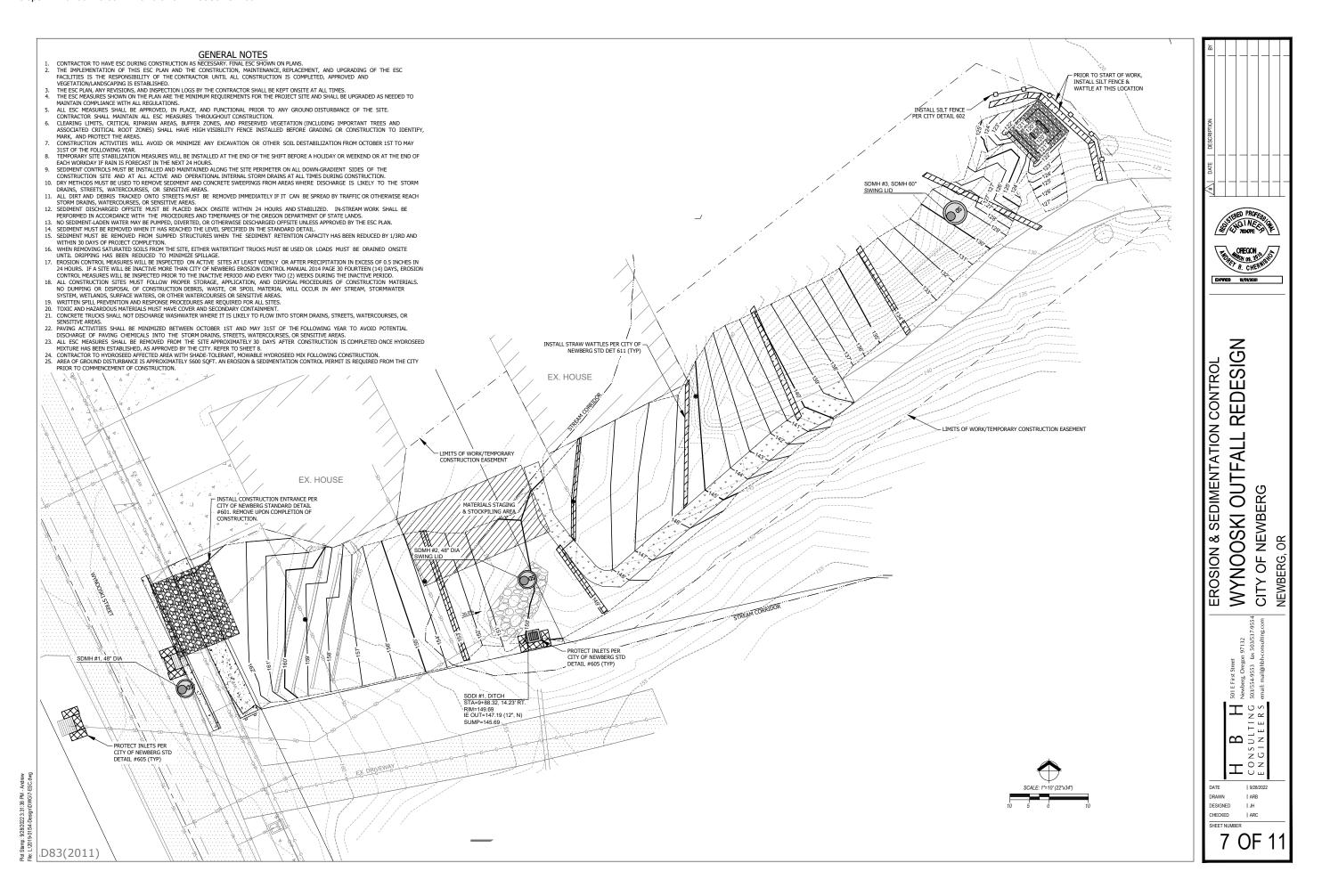
NEWBERG,

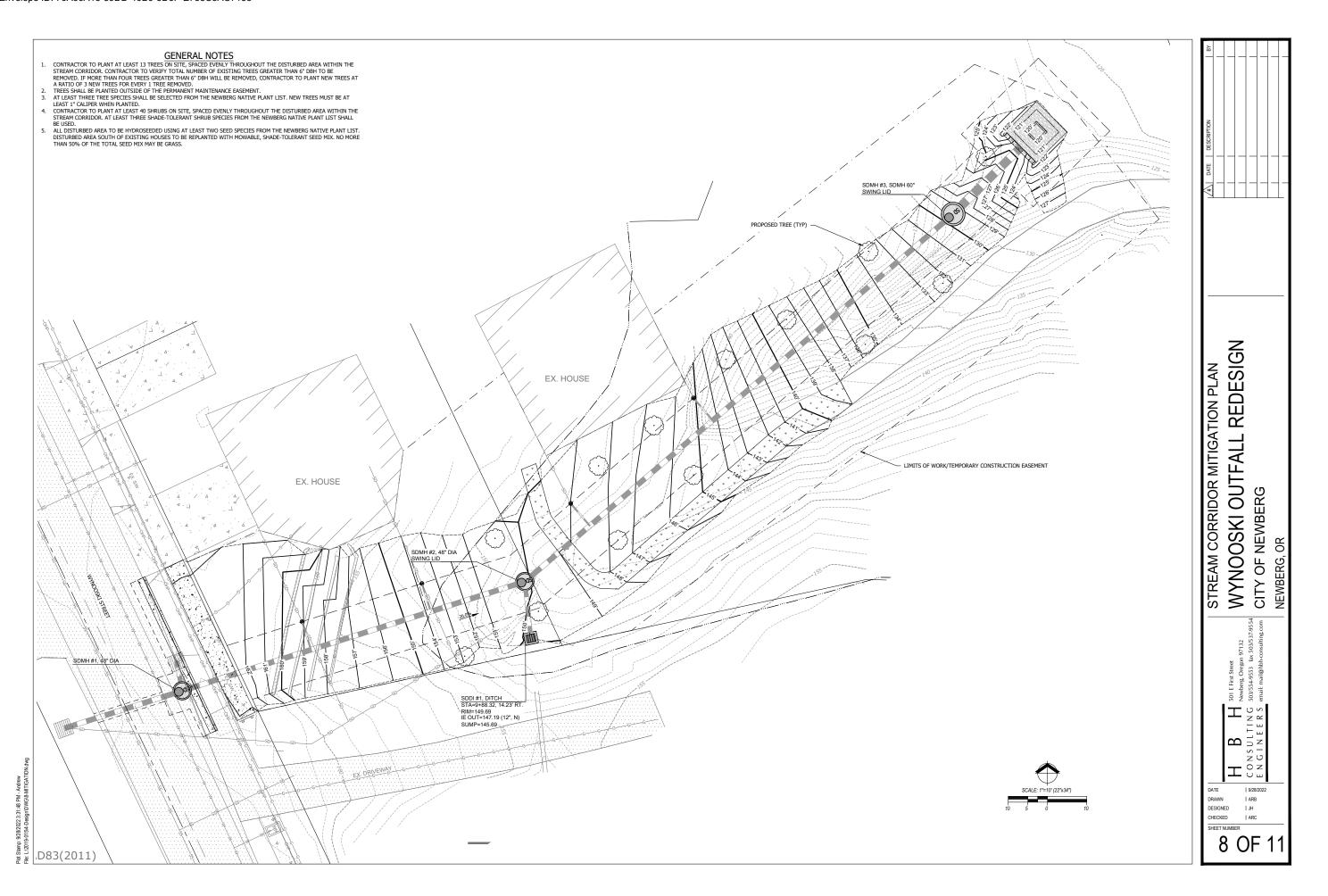
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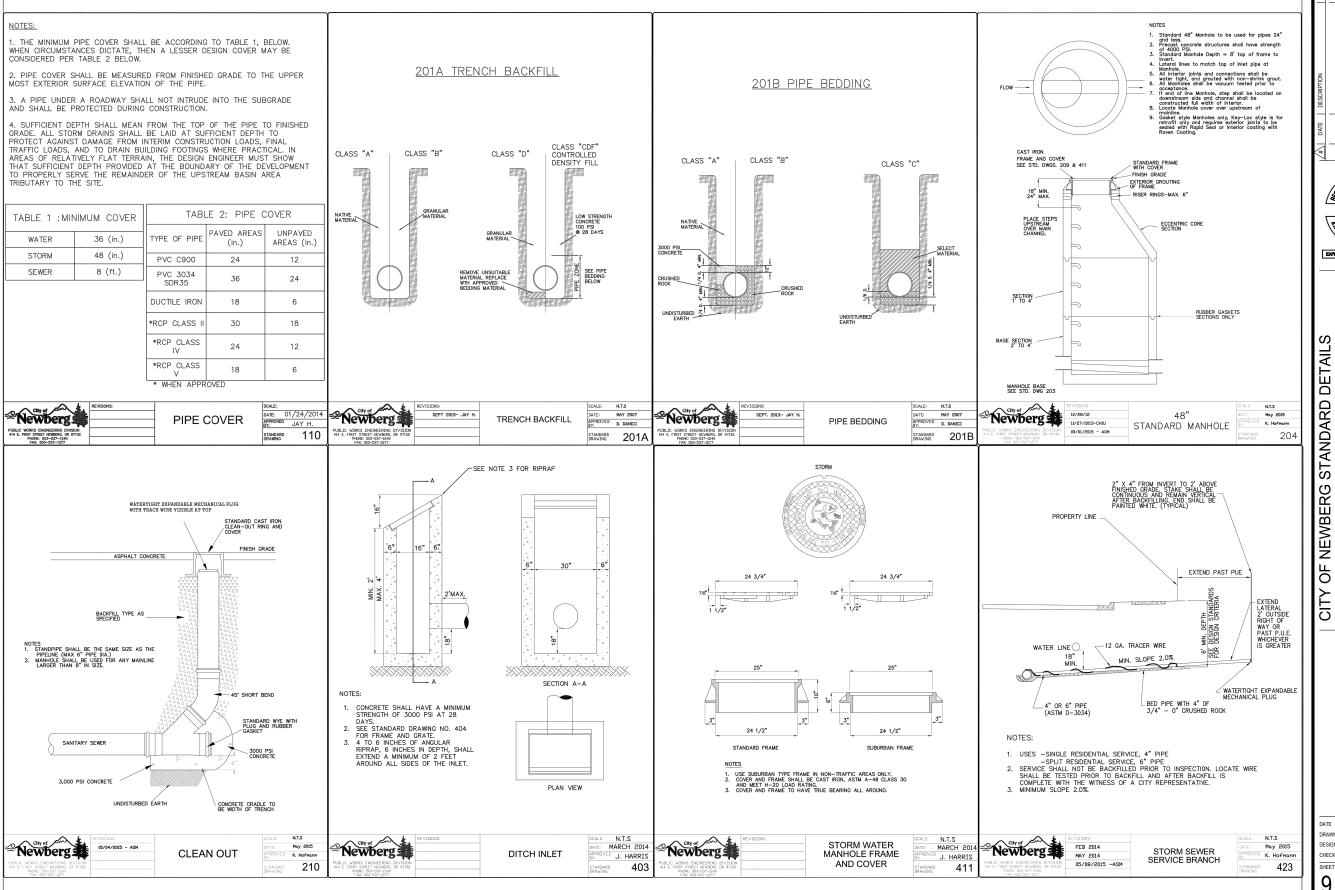
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Plot :

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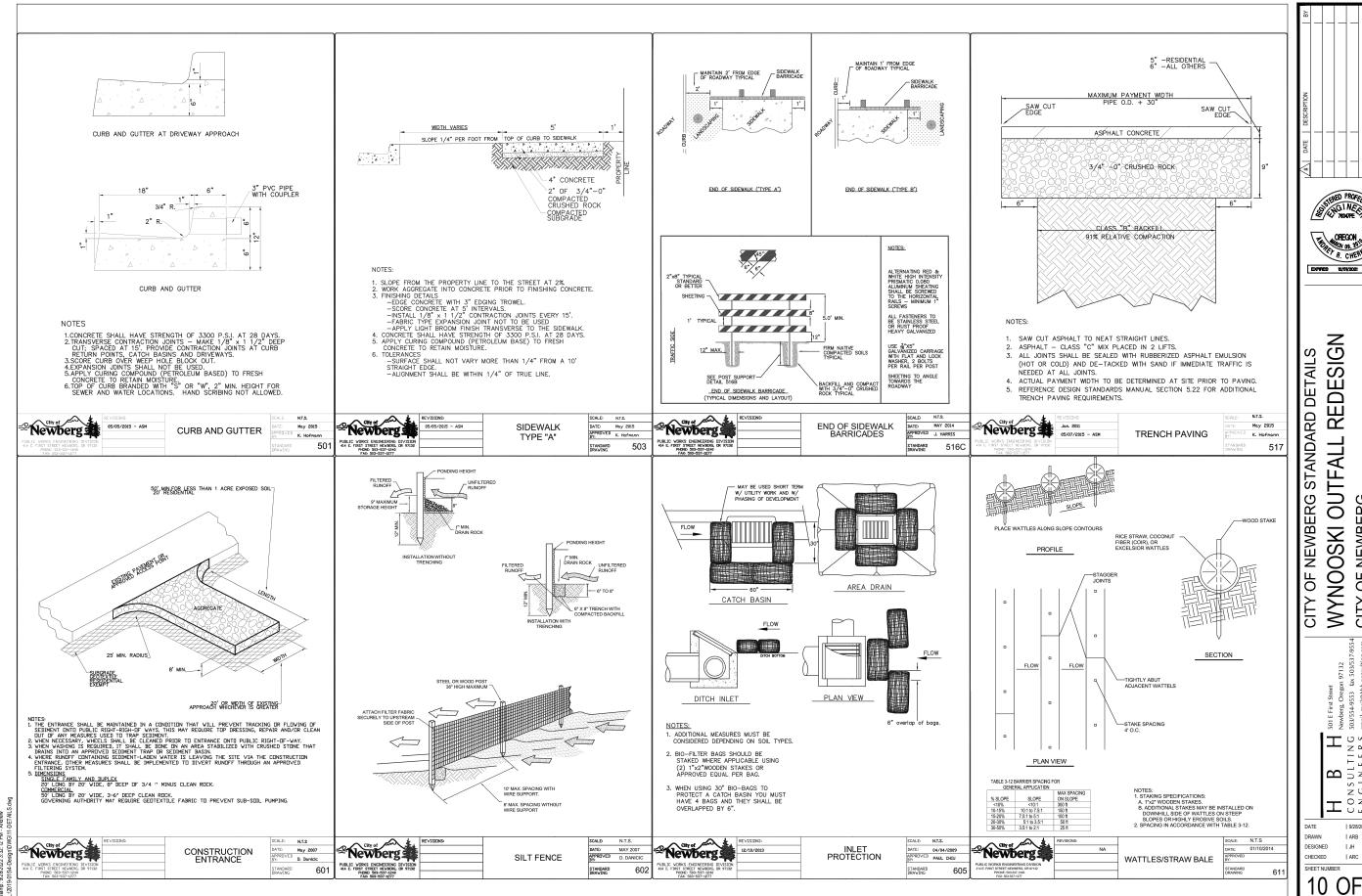
EXPIRES 12/31/2021

REDESIGN

WYNOOSKI OUTFALL

CITY OF NEWBERG

NEWBERG,



Plot :

10 OF 11

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REDE

WYNOOSKI OUTFALL

501 E First Street Newberg, Oregon 503/554-9553 fax

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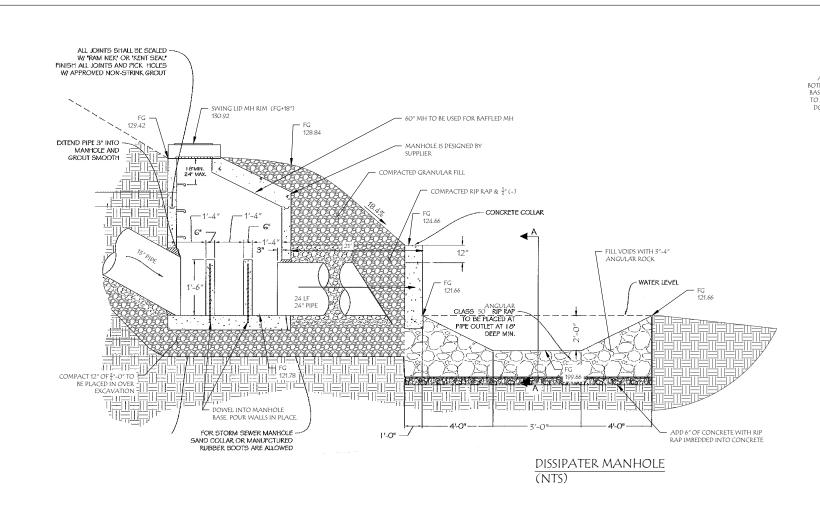
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 ${\sf OR}$

NEWBERG, (



ADD 3" REBAR MAT 12" O.C. FOR BOTH BAFFEL WALLS. TIE INTO MH BASE DOWELS. MIN 3" CLEARANCE TO ANY OPENING/EDGE. REBAR IS DOWELED INTO MANHOLE BASE. 15" PIPE SECTION B-B 24" PIPE SECTION C-C 60" DISSIPATER MANHOLE DETAILS

(NTS)

RIPRAP NOTES:

ROCK FOR RIPRAP SHALL BE ANGULAR IN SHAPE

THICKNESS OF A SINGLE ROCK SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN ONE-THIRD ITS LENGTH

RIPRAP INSTALLATION NOTES:

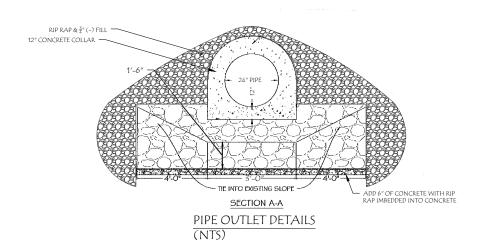
• EXCAVATE BELOW FINISH GRADE DPETH TO DIMENSIONSN SHOWN ON APPROVED PLANS

• INTSALL WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC

• PLACE RIP RAP TO FINISH GRADE

GRADE RIP RAP SHALL BE THE CLASS AND SIZE OF ROCK ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING:

CLASS 50
WEIGHT OF ROCK (LBS) PERCENT (BY WEIGHT)
50-30
30-15
15-2
40%
2-0
10%





NEWBERG,

Plot Stamp: 9/28/2022 3:32:34 PM - File: L:\2019-015/4-Design\DWG\12.

DATE I 9/28/2022 DRAWN | ARB DESIGNED | JH | ARC CHECKED

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Community Development Department

P.O. Box 970 • 414 E First Street • Newberg, Oregon 97132 503-537-1240. Fax 503-537-1272 www.newbergoregon.gov

WE WANT YOUR COMMENTS ON A PROPOSED NEW DEVELOPMENT IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD

The City of Newberg's Engineering Division on behalf of two (2) property owners in your neighborhood submitted an application to the City of Newberg's Community Development Department to reconstruct a failing stormwater outfall in the Stream Corridor (SC) Overlay Subdistrict. You are invited to take part in the City's review of this project by sending in your written comments. For more details about giving comments, please see the back of this sheet.

The development will include reconstructing an existing stormwater outfall that discharges into Hess Creek by relocating the existing outfall further downstream toward the bottom of the drainage. A new stormwater pipe and riprap flow dissipater will be installed along with site grading and the planting of grasses, shrubs, and 13 new trees.

APPLICANT: Fatin Abdullah, City of Newberg Engineering Division

TELEPHONE: 503-537-1282

PROPERTY OWNER: Jim Wheaton; Clare Sunderland. LOCATION: 740 S Wynooski St; 730 Wynooski St. TAX LOT NUMBER: R3220CA 00802; R3220CA 00700.



We are mailing you information about this project because you own land within 500 feet of the proposed new project. We invite you to send any written comments for or against the proposal within 14 days from the date this notice is mailed.

If you mail your comments to the City, please put the following information on the outside of the envelope:

Written Comments: File No.XX (City staff will give you the file number for City of Newberg your project at the time of application)
Community Development Department
PO Box 970
Newberg, OR 97132

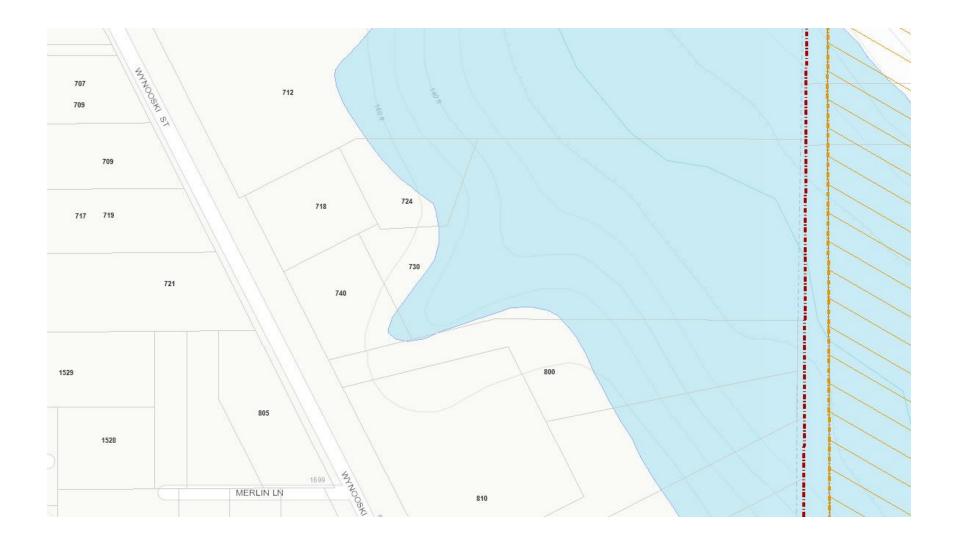
You can look over all the information about this project or drop comments off at Newberg City Hall, 414 E. First Street. You can also buy copies of the information for a cost of 25 cents a page. If you have any questions about the project, you can call the Newberg Planning Division at 503-537-1240.

All written comments must be turned in by 4:30 p.m. on <u>enter date two weeks from date you</u> <u>mailed notice</u>. Any issue which might be raised in an appeal of this case to the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA) must be submitted to the City in writing before this date. You must include enough detail to enable the decision maker an opportunity to respond. The applicable criteria used to make a decision on this application for design review approval are found in Newberg Development Code 15.220.050(B).

The Community Development Director will make a decision at the end of a 14-day comment period. If you send in written comments about this project, you will be sent information about any decision made by the City relating to this project.

Date Mailed: **Date notice is mailed**





List of mailing recipients of property owners within five hundred (500) feet of the outer boundaries of the tax lots of the wynooski_storm_500ft

MapTaxlot	SITUS1	SITUS2	SITUSCITY	SITUSZIP	OWNER1	OWNER2	OWNER3	MAILADD1	MAILADD2	MAILCITY	MAILSTATE	MAII 7IP
	1005 NE WYNOOSKI RD	311032	311036111	31103211	RDP PROPERTIES LLC	OWNERZ	OWNERS	3035 SW 66TH CT	WALADDE	PORTLAND	OR	97225
R3220CD 00402					SMITH LORREN J			917 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	1730 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	BAUNE FAMILY TRUST	BAUNE JAMES L CO-TRUSTEE	BAUNE ARLENE C CO-TRUSTEE	1730 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CD 03800	904 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	MAY JACK B	GUTWENIGER ANGELA L		2220 THORNE ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00909	1756 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	ENGBERG TARREN	ENGBERG REBECCA M		11395 SW TOULOUSE ST STE 304		WILSONVILLE	OR	97070
R3220CA 00910	1752 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	CASPER PHILIP	STALKER ANGELA		1752 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00914	1734 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	KODAD DYLAN	KODAD GRACE		1734 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00911	1746 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	BENEDICT HANNAH E	BENEDICT JEREMY L H		1746 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01002					YAMHILL COUNTY			434 NE EVANS ST		MCMINNVILLE	OR	97128
R3220CA 00913	1738 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	VANHOOMISSEN TYLER J	VANHOOMISSEN ALEXANDRIA		2650 COEUR D'ALENE DR		WEST LINN	OR	97068
R3220CD 00300	917 NE WYNOOSKI RD				SMITH NORMAN G & LORREN J			917 NE WYNOOSKI RD		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	917 NE WYNOOSKI RD				SMITH NORMAN G & LORREN J			917 NE WYNOOSKI RD		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	1742 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	ANTILLON OCTAVIO L	ALCARAZ ROSANGELICA M		1742 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	1760 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	GUILLORY RANDALL	GUILLORY KIMBERLY		1760 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	813 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	RODRIGUES DAREN J	RODRIGUES DEREK W		813 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01000	815 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	ROJO SALVADOR CAMPOS	ROJO ABEL CAMPOS		815 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01101	835 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	CHIMELIS RICARDO			835 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00901	1731 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	WINDELL JASON	WINDELL HAILY		1731 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00907	1764 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	HUGHES FAMILY TRUST	HUGHES TREVOR J TRUSTEE	HUGHES TERESA R TRUSTEE	1764 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01100	1517 E 9TH ST		NEWBERG	97132	GARCIA-PICASSO IVAN	SORIANO-CASTRO KARINA		1517 E 9TH ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	818 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	SADDORIS ROBERT T			818 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00902	840 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	RODRIGUES DEREK W JR			840 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00906	1751 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	WEDIN ABRIANA N	WEDIN AMBER D		1751 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR OR	97132
R3220CA 01307	812 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	CREGER KYLE	ERKENBECK ALICIA M		812 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG		97132
R3220CA 00905	1747 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	MOORE ARON E	MOORE ANNIE M		1747 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01206	1622 MERLIN LN 1616 MERLIN LN		NEWBERG	97132	LUNSTRUM ANDRA L	MANN KATHLEEN A		1622 E MERLIN LN		NEWBERG	OR OR	97132
			NEWBERG	97132	SAVARINO LARRY			1616 MERLIN LN		NEWBERG		97132
	1610 MERLIN LN		NEWBERG	97132 97132	CAPPOEN CASEY TOWNSEND STEPHEN A	TOWNSEND VIVIAN G		1610 MERLIN LN 1604 MERLIN LN		NEWBERG	OR OR	97132 97132
	1604 MERLIN LN		NEWBERG		TOWNSEND STEPHEN A	TOWNSEND VIVIAN G				NEWBERG	OR OR	
R3220CA 01309 R3220CA 01308	1518 PARADISE DR 1508 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG NEWBERG	97132	KENNEY JESSICA HARPER JACOB M			1518 PARADISE DR 1508 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG NEWBERG	OR	97132 97132
R3220CA 01306	808 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132 97132	ROSENBURY JOSYNDA D			808 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01306	1743 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	97132	RAGLAND BRITTNEY A	RAGLAND AUSTIN J		1743 E DARBY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00904	1528 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG	97132	PEREZ NOE RODRIGUEZ	RAGLAND AUSTIN J		1528 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01300	1328 FARADISE DR		INLVVBLNG	3/132	OWNERS OF LTS 5-10			PO BOX 490		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01310					MAJDECKI SCOTT A & KARIN E			810 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	736 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	ARIAS JUAN J GUZMAN	GUZMAN SANDRA V MORALES		736 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01303	810 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	MAJDECKI SCOTT A & KARIN E	GOZIVIAN SANDRA V IVIORALES		810 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220 01101	1800 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	97132	CHEHALEM PARK & RECREATION DISTRICT			125 S ELLIOTT RD		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01501	805 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	JEFFERY DAVE			214 W AVE F		MCPHERSON	KS	67460
R3220CA 01502	003 11110031131		HENDENG	3,132	DECKON MICHAEL	DECKON NIKKI		807 WYNOOSKI LN		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	809 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	PAULI MICHAEL			809 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00803	803 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	PHELPS KELLY J	THOMAS PATRICK J		800 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01301	1529 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG	97132	DEVEAS CATHERINE			1529 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	1519 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG	97132	FOURNIER LENNETTE R			1519 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01303	1509 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG	97132	ALVAREZ DANIEL V			1509 PARADISE DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01304	726 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	ALEXANDER YVONNE	ALEXANDER DARWIN		726 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 02302	720 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	RIESTRA JOSE O &	GALLEGOS MARY R		720 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01600	721 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	HOLDAHL TERRY L	HOLDAHL LINDA C		721 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00802	740 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	WHEATON JAMES	WHEATON VIVA R		16485 NE LEANDER DR		SHERWOOD	OR	97140
R3220DB 07000	1995 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	97132	TERRY JULIE A	TERRY JASON		1995 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220DB 07100	1993 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	97132	NGUYEN BAO P P			1993 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 02300	722 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	RARICK JAMES	RARICK AMANDA L		722 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 02301	718 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	LEE ALISON			718 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01601	717 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	IANCU MARTHA A			15715 SW QUEEN VICTORIA PL		KING CITY	OR	97224
R3220CA 01602	724 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	GUNN MACKENZIE L	RAMOS JONATAN J GONZALEZ		724 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 03201	721 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	PERSON JULIAN	PERSON JULIANA E		721 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220DB 04700	2005 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	97132	SLYTER BRANDON R	SLYTER REBEKAH C		2005 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220 01000	900 NE WYNOOSKI RD		NEWBERG	97132	DARBY PATRICK D			24855 WALLACE RD NW		SALEM	OR	97304
	718 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	BURKLOW VINCENT M	BURKLOW VERONICA N		718 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	730 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	SUNDERLAND CLARE C			730 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00702	724 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	OLIVARES FAVIOLA			724 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 02200	716 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	TATE ERNEST W	TATE JASON W	TATE MARIE L	716 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220DB 04600	2013 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	97132	SNELL WADE H III	BAIRES-SNELL AMANDA I		574 SUNDAHL DR		FOLSOM	CA	0
R3220DB 04500	2025 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	97132	RAMIREZ MELISSA	ALONZO FAUSTINO		2025 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01700	707 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	SINGLETON ANGELA M			707 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 01701 R3220CA 01790	709 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	97132	MCCOLLUM KIMBERLY LABONTE FREDERICK T			501 E 3RD ST 1514 E 7TH ST		NEWBERG NEWBERG	OR OR	97132 97132
	2027 KENNEDY DE		NEWDEDC	07122		ADTILLID CLIDICTODLICD I						
R3220DB 03200 R3220CA 01800	2037 KENNEDY DR 1514 F 7TH ST		NEWBERG	97132 97132	BOLTINGHOUSE FRANCISCA LABONTE FREDERICK T	ARTHUR CHRISTOPHER L		2037 KENNEDY DR 1514 F 7TH ST		NEWBERG NEWBERG	OR OR	97132 97132
R3220CA 01800 R3220CA 01900	1514 E / IH ST 1508 E 7TH ST		NEWBERG	97132	SEDAGHATY JOSEPH	SEDAGHATY DOMINI		1514 E / IH ST 1508 E 7TH ST		NEWBERG NEWBERG	OR OR	97132 97132
R3220CA 01900 R3220CA 02000	1508 E 7TH ST		NEWBERG	97132	COLLING NEWBERG PROPERTIES LLC	SEDAGRATT DUIVIINI		C/O CHARLES COLLING - MANAGER	13835 SW HALL BLVD	TIGARD	OR OR	97132
R3220CA 02000 R3220CA 02100	700 S PACIFIC ST		NEWBERG	97132	MIRAMONTES NICHOLAS F	BERRIE MICHAFI		700 S PACIFIC ST	TOOD DAM WALL BEAD	NEWBERG	OR OR	97223
	2049 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	97132	LUTTRELL RANDALL J	LUTTRELL BILLEE R		2049 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	OR OR	97132
R3220CA 00602	ZO-J KENNEDI DK		INCANDENG	J/132	BALES GERALD L	LOT INCLE BILLEE N		901 N BRUTSCHER ST STE D PMB 229		NEWBERG	OR	97132
	2061 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	97132	MAIXNER JEANNE A			2061 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220 01190	0 S EVEREST RD		NEWBERG	97132	FERNWOOD PIONEER CEMETERY ASSOCIATION			PO BOX 3		NEWBERG	OR OR	97132
R3220CA 00690	O J EVEREST NO		INEWBERG	J/132	MEETING OF FRIENDS CHURCH			NEWBERG FRIENDS CEMETERY	PO BOX 487	NEWBERG	OR	97132
13220CA 00030					WEELING OF THIEIRDS CHUNCH			*****DENO I MICIADO CEIVIETENT	. 5 500 707	TETTOLING	UIL	3/132

R3220CA 00600	712 WYNOOSKI ST	NEWBERG	97132	ROSENBERGER S D & E J LIVING TRUST	ROSENBERGER STEPHEN D TRUSTEE	ROSENBERGER ELIZABETH J TRUSTEE	712 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00601	708 WYNOOSKI ST	NEWBERG	97132	BALES GERALD L			901 N BRUTSCHER ST STE D PMB 229		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00500	700 WYNOOSKI ST	NEWBERG	97132	MCCOMB TOMAS	MARSAL RENATA		700 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220DB 03500	2073 KENNEDY DR	NEWBERG	97132	ADAMS LAURA E			2073 KENNEDY DR		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 04400	619 WYNOOSKI ST	NEWBERG	97132	YODER ERNEST J	YODER NORMA J		619 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 04300	1507 E 7TH ST	NEWBERG	97132	MORRIS JOHN C	MORRIS MELISSA M		1507 E 7TH ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00408	1616 LILLY CT	NEWBERG	97132	CARPENTER DANIEL D	CARPENTER DEBRA R		1616 LILLY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00409	1608 LILLY CT	NEWBERG	97132	CAMACHO ALFREDO V	SANDOVAL ELIZABETH C		1608 LILLY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00410	1600 LILLY CT	NEWBERG	97132	SANDS KEVIN S	SANDS RHEA		1600 LILLY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00407	1624 LILLY CT	NEWBERG	97132	LEBLANC ERICA	ALVAREZ PATRICK		1624 LILLY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00406	1630 LILLY CT	NEWBERG	97132	ODONNELL SUSAN L			1630 LILLY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00300				ROSENBERGER S D & E J LIVING TRUST	ROSENBERGER STEPHEN D TRUSTEE	ROSENBERGER ELIZABETH J TRUSTEE	712 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220CA 00405	1627 LILLY CT	NEWBERG	97132	GRONICH DINNY C	GRONICH AMANDA J		1627 LILLY CT		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220 01100	500 S EVEREST RD	NEWBERG	97132	NEWBERG FRIENDS CHURCH			PO BOX 487		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220 01100	500 S EVEREST RD	NEWBERG	97132	NEWBERG FRIENDS CHURCH			PO BOX 487		NEWBERG	OR	97132
R3220 00900	97058		NEWBERG	LEARD INA M TRUSTEE FOR	LEARD LIVING TRUST		LEARD LIVING TRUST	SANDRA MASSEY	3549 OLD DUFUR RD	THE DALLES	0
R3220 00901	910 WYNOOSKI ST	NEWBERG	97132	LEARD KENNETH D & THERESA A			910 WYNOOSKI ST		NEWBERG	OR	97132

POSTED NOTICE

Land Use Notice

FILE # MISC20-000X

PROPOSAL: Reconstruct existing stormwater outfall and install new stormwater pipe and riprap flow dissipater, which includes site grading, and restoration planting of grasses, shrubs, and 13 new trees.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT:

City of Newberg
Community Development Department
414 E First Street
Phone: 503-537-1240

3'

Notice must be white with black letters, and must be landscape orientation, as shown above.

The notice must be lettered using block printing or a "sans-serif" font, such as Arial.

2

First American Title Insurance Company

Order No.: 1039-4040604

March 03, 2023



775 NE Evans Street McMinnville, OR 97128 Phn - (503)376-7363 Fax - (866)800-7294

YAMHILL COUNTY TITLE UNIT

FAX (866)800-7294

Title Officer: Clayton Carter (503)376-7363 ctcarter@firstam.com

LOT BOOK SERVICE

City Of Newberg 414 East First Street Newberg, OR 97132

Attn: Fatin Abdullah Phone No.: - Fax No.:

Email:

Re: 04-5150-717738

Fee: \$300.00

We have searched our Tract Indices as to the following described property:

PARCEL 2 OF PARTITION PLAT 97-82, RECORDED DECEMBER 30, 1997, IN FILM 5, PAGE 15, RECORDS OF PLATS FOR YAMHILL COUNTY, OREGON.

TOGETHER WITH AND SUBJECT TO A 25 FOOT WIDE ACCESS AND UTILITY EASEMENT AS DISCLOSED ON SAID PARTITION PLAT.

and as of March 1,2023 at 8:00 a.m.

We find that the last deed of record runs to

James M. Wheaton and Viva Roseanne Wheaton, as tenants by the entirety

We find the following apparent encumbrances within ten (10) years prior to the effective date hereof:

NONE

- 1. The rights of the public in and to that portion of the premises herein described lying within the limits of streets, roads and highways.
- Easement as shown on the recorded plat/partition
 For: 25' access and utility

Lot Book Service Guarantee No.: 1039-4040604

Page 2 of 4

3. Agreement for Utility Access, Ingress and Egress Access, and Maintenance of Common Driveway,

including terms and provisions thereof.

Recorded: December 30, 1997 as Instrument No. 199721666, Deed and

Mortgage Records

4. Easement, including its terms, covenants and provisions as granted by instrument:

Recorded: February 09, 2016

Recording Information: Instrument No. 201601710, Deed and Mortgage Records

Grantee: Portland General Electric Company
For: Underground distribution line easement

5. Easement, including terms and provisions contained therein:

Recording Information: February 09, 2016 as Instrument No. 201601711, Deed

and Mortgage Records

In Favor of: Portland General Electric Company, an Oregon

corporation, and its successors and assigns

For: Right of way

6. Deed of Trust and the terms and conditions thereof.

Grantor/Trustor: James Wheaton and Viva Roseanne Wheaton, as tenants by the

entirety

Grantee/Beneficiary: Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., "MERS" solely as

Guild Mortgage Company, its successors and assigns

Trustee: Northwest Trustee Services, INC.

Amount: \$193,100.00

Recorded: September 22, 2017

Recording Information: Instrument No. 201715270, Deed and Mortgage Records

7. Deed of Trust and the terms and conditions thereof.

Grantor/Trustor: James Wheaton and Viva Roseanne Wheaton, husband and wife

Grantee/Beneficiary: First Technology Federal Credit Union Trustee: Brad L. Williams, an Oregon Attorney

Amount: \$70,140.00 Recorded: June 11, 2018

Recording Information: Instrument No. 201808091, Deed and Mortgage Records

Note: This **Deed of Trust contains Line of Credit privileges.** If the current balance owing on said obligation is to be paid in full in the forthcoming transaction, confirmation should be made that the beneficiary will issue a proper request for full reconveyance.

We have also searched our General Index for Judgments and State and Federal Liens against the Grantee(s) named above and find:

NONE

We find the following paid taxes and city liens:

1. City liens, if any, of the City of Newberg.

NOTE: Taxes for the year 2022-2023 PAID IN FULL Tax Amount: \$3,962.94

Lot Book Service Guarantee No.: **1039-4040604**

Page 3 of 4

Map No.: R3220CA 00802

Property ID: 58742 Tax Code No.: 29.0

THIS IS NOT a title report since no examination has been made of the title to the above described property. Our search for apparent encumbrances was limited to our Tract Indices, and therefore above listings do not include additional matters which might have been disclosed by an examination of the record title. We assume no liability in connection with this Lot Book Service and will not be responsible for errors or omissions therein. The charge for this service will not include supplemental reports, rechecks or other services.



Illegal Restrictive Covenants

Please be advised that any provision contained in this document, or in a document that is attached, linked, or referenced in this document, that under applicable law illegally discriminates against a class of individuals based upon personal characteristics such as race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, familial status, disability, national origin, or any other legally protected class, is illegal and unenforceable by law.

Northwest Title Company

THIS SPACE RESERVED FOR RECORDER'S USE

Title Order No. 82972 Escrow No. 27992

After Recording Return to:

JAMES WHEATON and VIVA ROSEANNE WHEATON

740 Wynooski Street

Newberg, OR 97132

SAME AS ABOVE

Until a change is requested all tax statements shall be sent to the following address:

OFFICIAL YAMHILL COUNTY RECORDS JAN COLEMAN, COUNTY CLERK

12/17/2004 03:55:56 PM

DMR-DDMR Cnt=1 Stn=2

\$5.00 \$10.00 \$11.00

STATUTORY WARRANTY DEED

JERRY GOULD and FELICIA GOULD, Grantor, conveys and warrants to, JAMES WHEATON and

VIVA ROSEANNE WHEATON, husband and wife, Grantee, the following described property free of liens

and encumbrances, except as specifically set forth herein:

Parcel 2 of Partition Plat 97-82, recorded December 30, 1997, in Film 5, Page 15, Records of Plats for Yamhill County, Oregon.

TOGETHER WITH and subject to a 25 foot wide access and utility easement as disclosed on said Partition Plat.

THIS INSTRUMENT WILL NOT ALLOW USE OF THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN THIS INSTRUMENT IN VIOLATION OF APPLICABLE LAND USE LAWS AND REGULATIONS. BEFORE SIGNING OR ACCEPTING THIS INSTRUMENT, THE PERSON ACQUIRING FEE TITLE TO THE PROPERTY SHOULD CHECK WITH THE APPROPRIATE CITY OR COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT TO VERIFY APPROVED USES AND TO DETERMINE ANY LIMITS ON LAWSUITS AGAINST FARMING OR FOREST PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN ORS 30.930.

This property is free of liens and encumbrances, EXCEPT: Rights of the public in and to any portion of the herein described premise lying with in the boundaries of roads or highways.; Agreement for utility access, ingress and egress access and maintenance of common driveway, including the terms and provision thereof recorded as Instrument No. 199721666,----

The true consideration for this conveyance is \$ 171,000.00

Dated this 15 day of December, 2004

STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF YAMHILL)ss.

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this/ GOULD and FELICIA GOULD

day of December, 2004 by JERRY

Notary Public for Oregon

My Commission Expires:

OFFICIAL SEAL JANET L WINDER

First American Title Insurance Company

Order No.: 1039-4040600

March 02, 2023



775 NE Evans Street McMinnville, OR 97128 Phn - (503)376-7363 Fax - (866)800-7294

YAMHILL COUNTY TITLE UNIT

FAX (866)800-7294

Title Officer: Clayton Carter (503)376-7363 ctcarter@firstam.com

LOT BOOK SERVICE

City Of Newberg 414 East First Street Newberg, OR 97132

Attn: Fatin Abdullah Phone No.: - Fax No.:

Email:

Re: 04-5150-717738

Fee: \$300.00

We have searched our Tract Indices as to the following described property:

The land referred to in this report is described in Exhibit A attached hereto.

and as of February 27, 2023 at 8:00 a.m.

We find that the last deed of record runs to

Clare C. Sunderland

We find the following apparent encumbrances within ten (10) years prior to the effective date hereof:

- 1. City liens, if any, of the City of Newberg.
- 2. The rights of the public in and to that portion of the premises herein described lying within the limits of streets, roads and highways.

Lot Book Service Guarantee No.: 1039-4040600

Page 2 of 4

3. Agreement for easement for sewer line and the terms and conditions thereof:

Between: Robert D. and Maudie M. McCutchen, Donald W. and

Judith A. Crapser

And: Merlin B. and Eunice O. Lane

Recording Information: June 17, 1986, Film Volume 204, Page 408, Deed and

Mortgage Records

4. Deferred Improvement Agreement and the terms and conditions thereof:

Between: City of Newberg

And: Bruce G. Longstroth and John W. Sisson

Recording Information: December 30, 1997 as Instrument No. 199721665, Deed

and Mortgage Records

5. Driveway, access and utility easement, including terms and provisions contained therein:

Recording Information: December 30, 1997 as Instrument No. 199721666, Deed and

Mortgage Records

We have also searched our General Index for Judgments and State and Federal Liens against the Grantee(s) named above and find:

NONE

NOTE: Taxes for the year 2022-2023 PAID IN FULL

Tax Amount: \$3,705.96

Map No.: R3220CA 00700 Property ID: 58706

Property ID: 58/06 Tax Code No.: 29.0

We find the following unpaid taxes and city liens:

NOTE: We find no outstanding voluntary liens of record affecting subject property. An inquiry should be made concerning the existence of any unrecorded lien or other indebtedness which could give rise to any security interest in the subject property.

THIS IS NOT a title report since no examination has been made of the title to the above described property. Our search for apparent encumbrances was limited to our Tract Indices, and therefore above listings do not include additional matters which might have been disclosed by an examination of the record title. We assume no liability in connection with this Lot Book Service and will not be responsible for errors or omissions therein. The charge for this service will not include supplemental reports, rechecks or other services.



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Please be advised that any provision contained in this document, or in a document that is attached, linked, or referenced in this document, that under applicable law illegally discriminates against a class of individuals based upon personal characteristics such as race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, familial status, disability, national origin, or any other legally protected class, is illegal and unenforceable by law.



Exhibit "A"

Real property in the County of Yamhill, State of Oregon, described as follows:

PARCEL 3 OF PARTITION PLAT 1997-082, RECORDED DECEMBER 30, 1997 IN FILM 5, PAGE 15, DEED AND MORTGAGE RECORDS, YAMHILL COUNTY, OREGON.

TOGETHER WITH AND SUBJECT TO A 25 FOOT ACCESS AND UTILITIES EASEMENT, AS DISCLOSED ON PARTITION PLAT 97-82.

WARRANTY DEED (INDIVIDUAL)

TONY H. LONGSTROTH and KRISTI L. LONGSTROTH, as tenants by the entirety, herein called grantor, convey(s) to CLARE C. SUNDERLAND, as an estate in fee simple all that real property situated in the County of Yamhill, State of Oregon, described as:

Parcel 3 of PARTITION PLAT #97-82, in the County of Yamhill and State of Oregon.

TOGETHER WITH & SUBJECT TO a 25 foot access and utility easement, as disclosed on PARTITION PLAT #97-82.

and covenant(s) that grantor is the owner of the above described property free of all encumbrances except per the Preliminary Title Report issued by Chehalem Title #8915

and will warrant and defend the same against all persons who may lawfully claim the same, except as shown above.

The true and actual consideration for this transfer is \$162,000.00.*

Dated this 1st day of February, 2002.	\overline{f}
	long tray
	TONY IS. LONGSTROTH
	KRISTI L. LONGSTRÓTH

STATE OF OREGON, County of And World) ss.

personally appeared the above named TONY H. LONGSTROTH and KI LONGSTROTH and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his/her/their voluntary act and deed. personally appeared the above named TONY H. LONGSTROTH and KRISTI L.



Before me:

Notary Public for Oregon My commission expires:

The dollar amount should include cash plus all encumbrances existing against the property to which the property remains subject or which the purchaser agrees to pay or assume.

WARRANTY DEED (INDIVIDUAL)

TONY H. LONGSTROTH and KRISTI L. LONGSTROTH, as tenants by the entirety

CLARE C. SUNDERLAND

After Recording Return to: CLARE C. SUNDERLAND 402 Morton Street Newberg, Oregon 97132

> OFFICIAL YAMHILL COUNTY RECORDS CHARLES STERN, COUNTY CLERK

200202439

02/04/2002 01:50:21 PM

DMR-DDMR Cnt=1 Stn=2 ANITA

\$5.00 \$10.00 \$11.00

Description: Yamhill, OR Documents - Year. DocID 2002.2439 Page: 1 of 1 Order: 852852 Comment:

Vision Form SDD03OR Rev. 01/23/97